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Edexcel iGCSE Further Maths Topic Checklist

2 calculator papers

Topics		•••		
Quadratics				
Factorise				
Complete the square				
Quadratic formula				
Forming quadratic equations based on the roots				
Surds				
Logarithms	Т	r	F	1
Exponential and log graphs				
Log rules/properties (index, multiplication, division, power and change of base)				
Converting an exponential to a linear form				
Solving exponentials		l		
Further Algebra		[[
Polynomial division				
Simultaneous equations (1 linear and 1 quadratic)				
Inequalities – linear and quadratic				
Granhs of linear inequalities (shading)				
Binomial Expansion				
Graphs				1
Graphs of linear, guadratic, cubic and rational functions				
Solving graphically				
Series	1			
Σ notation				
Arithmetic and geometric series				
Scalar and vector qua	intities			
Addition and subtraction of vectors				
Comparing components of vectors				
Magnitude of a vector				
Position vector				
Unit vector				
Geometry - parallel lines and collinearity				
Rectangular Cartesian Coordinates	(straight line graphs)	1		1
Distance				
Point dividing a line in a given ratio				
Gradients				
Equation of a straight line (drawing and finding the equation)				
Parallel and perpendicular lines	1	l		
$r_{\rm calculus}$	T	[[
Differentiation of polynomials, trig and exponentials x^{n} , $-, sin ax$, $cos ax$, e^{ax})				
Integration of polynomials, trig and exponentials x^n , sin ax , cos ax , e^{ax}))				
Product and quotient rule				
Kinematics				
Stationary and turning points				
Maxima and minima				
Equations or tangents and normals				
	1	l		
Degrees and radians				
Arc length and Area of a sector				
Finding values of sin, cos and tan for any angle				
Angles between a line and a plane and between 2 planes				
Sine and cosine rule formula				
Pythagoras in 2D and 3D				
Trig graphs				
Trig identities $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1 \tan x - \frac{\sin x}{2}$				
The identities $\sin(\alpha + b) \cos(\alpha + b) \tan(\alpha + b)$				
Ingidentities - $\sin(a \pm b), \cos(a \pm b), \tan(a \pm b)$				
Solving trig equations				