Cambridge Assessment



Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME						
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER			
CAMBRIDGE	INTERNATIONAL M	ATHEMATICS		0607/43		
Paper 4 (Extend	ded)		October/November 2021			
			2 hours 15 minutes			

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You should use a graphic display calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use your calculator value.

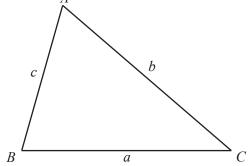
INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 120.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].



Formula List

For the equation	$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - b^2}}{2a}$	- 4 <i>ac</i>
Curved surface area, A, of c	cylinder of radius r, height h.	A = 2	$2\pi rh$
Curved surface area, A, of c	cone of radius r , sloping edge l .	A = 7	πrl
Curved surface area, A , of s	phere of radius <i>r</i> .	A = 4	$4\pi r^2$
Volume, <i>V</i> , of pyramid, bas	e area A, height h.	$V = \frac{1}{3}$	Ah
Volume, <i>V</i> , of cylinder of ra	udius <i>r</i> , height <i>h</i> .	$V = \pi$	tr^2h
Volume, <i>V</i> , of cone of radiu	s r, height h.	$V = \frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2h$
Volume, <i>V</i> , of sphere of rad	ius r.	$V = \frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^3$
A		<u>a</u>	$= \frac{b}{b}$



3
$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$
$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$
Area $=\frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$

Answer **all** the questions.

1 The table shows the marks scored by 180 students in an examination.

Mark	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number of students	3	7	16	11	7	32	20	26	28	19	11

- (a) (i) Write down the mode.
 - (ii) Write down the range.
 - (iii) Find the median. [1]
 - (iv) Find the interquartile range.

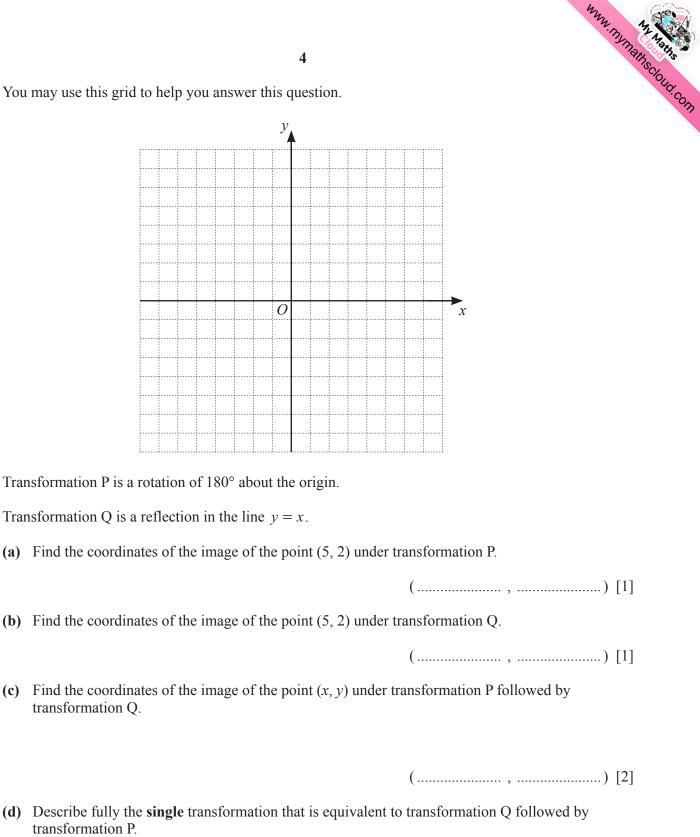
.....[2]

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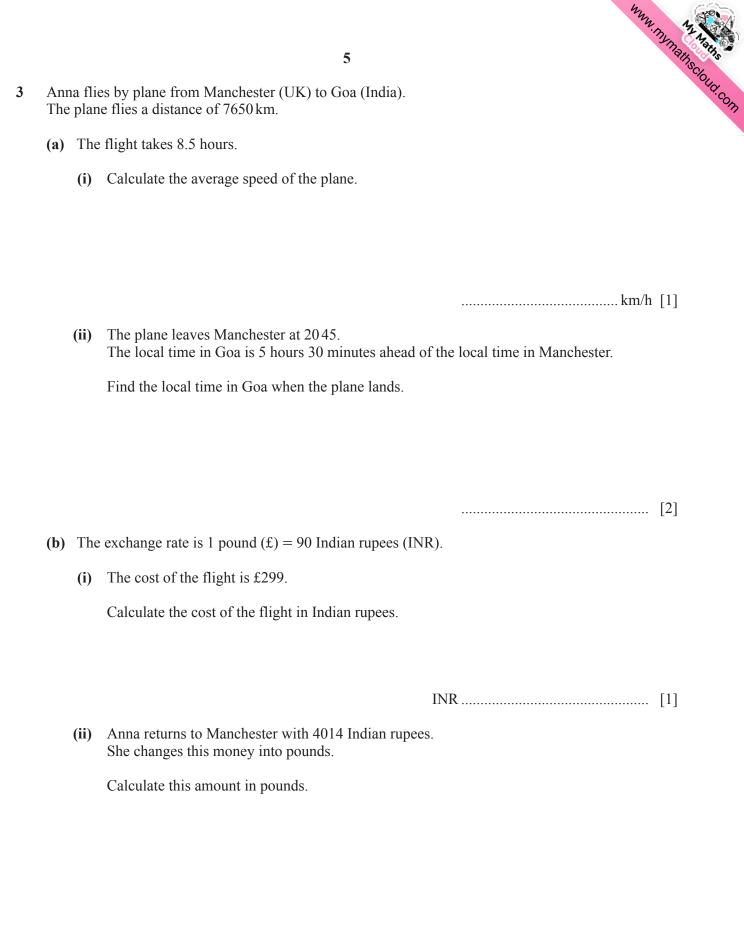
(v) Calculate the mean.

- (b) A different group of 140 students take the same examination. The marks of the two groups are combined and the mean mark of the 320 students is 6.5.

Find the mean mark of the 140 students.

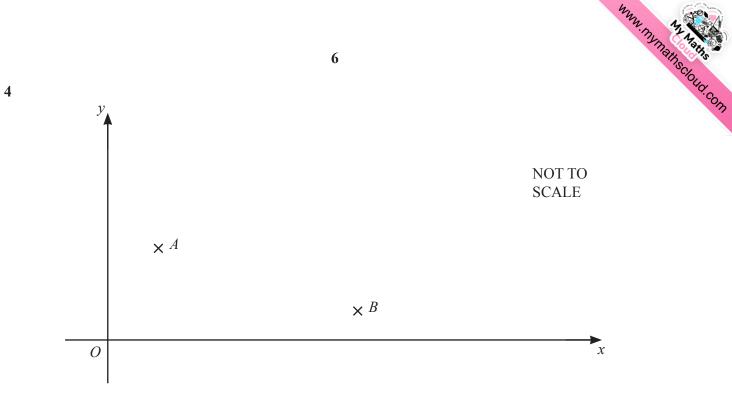


- (a) Find the coordinates of the image of the point (5, 2) under transformation P.
- (b) Find the coordinates of the image of the point (5, 2) under transformation Q.
- (c) Find the coordinates of the image of the point (x, y) under transformation P followed by transformation Q.
- (d) Describe fully the single transformation that is equivalent to transformation Q followed by transformation P.



£.....[1]

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The points A(2, 5) and B(10, 1) are shown on the diagram.

(a) Find the gradient of the line *AB*.

.....[2]

(b) Find the equation of the line AB. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.



Find *k*.

k = [3]

(d) The point D is such that ABDC is a square.

Find the coordinates of *D*.

(e) Find the area of triangle *BCD*.

.....[3]

(.....) [2]



5 (a) Alana and Beau share \$200 in the ratio x : y.

An expression for the amount of money Alana receives is $\frac{200x}{x+y}$.

(i) Write down an expression for the amount of money Beau receives.

......[1]

(ii) Alana and Beau are each given an extra \$50.The ratio of the total amount of money that each person now has is 3:1.

Find the value of $\frac{x}{y}$.



(b) (i) On 1 January each year Bruno invests \$1000 in Bank A. Bank A pays simple interest at a rate of 4% per year.

Show that the total value of Bruno's investment in Bank A at the end of 4 years is \$4400.

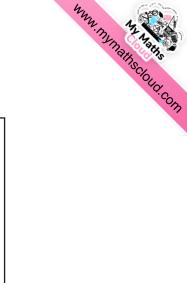
(ii) On 1 January each year Bruno also invests \$1000 in Bank B. Bank B pays compound interest at a rate of 3.5% per year.

Find the total value of Bruno's investment in Bank B at the end of 4 years.

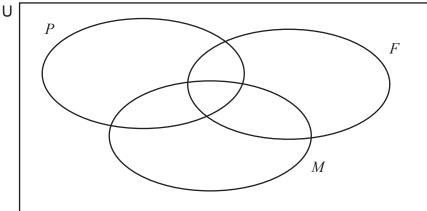
\$.....[3]

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[3]



6 The Venn diagram shows the sets *P*, *F* and *M*.



- $U = \{ \text{integer values of } x \mid 2 \le x \le 12 \}$ $P = \{ \text{prime numbers} \}$ $F = \{ \text{factors of } 12 \}$ $M = \{ \text{multiples of } 3 \}$
- (a) List the elements of set *P* and the elements of set *F*.

P =	
F =	 [2]

(b) Write each element of U in the correct region of the Venn diagram.

- [2] (c) List the elements of (i) $F \cup M$, (ii) $P' \cap M$, (iii) $(P \cup F \cup M)'$. (iii) $(P \cup F \cup M)'$. [1] (d) Find $n((P \cap F)' \cap M)$.
 -[1]



- 7 *y* varies inversely as the square of *x*. y = 5 when x = 3.
 - (a) (i) Find y in terms of x.

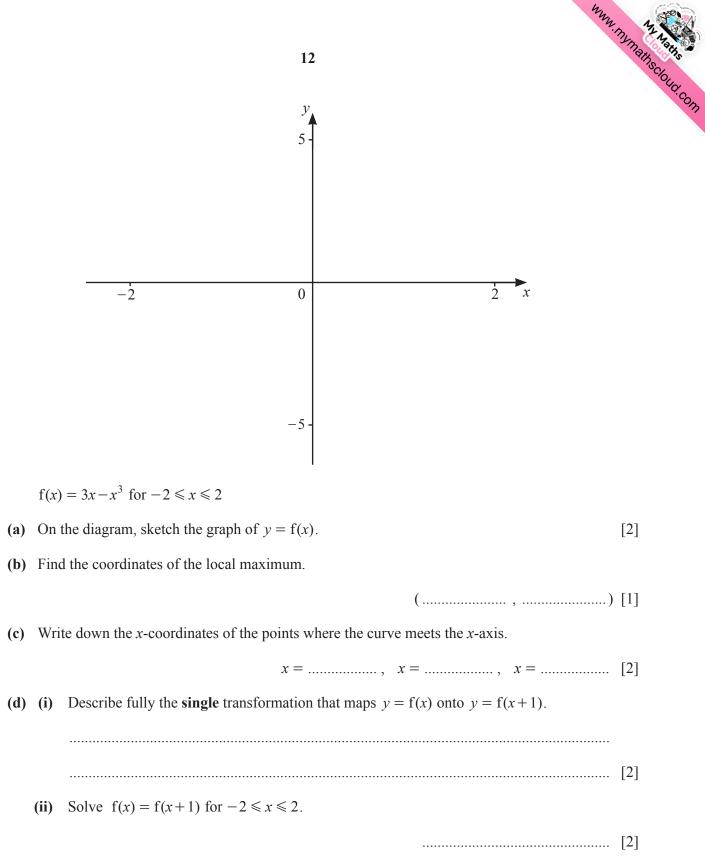
y = [2]

(ii) Find the value of x when y = 20.

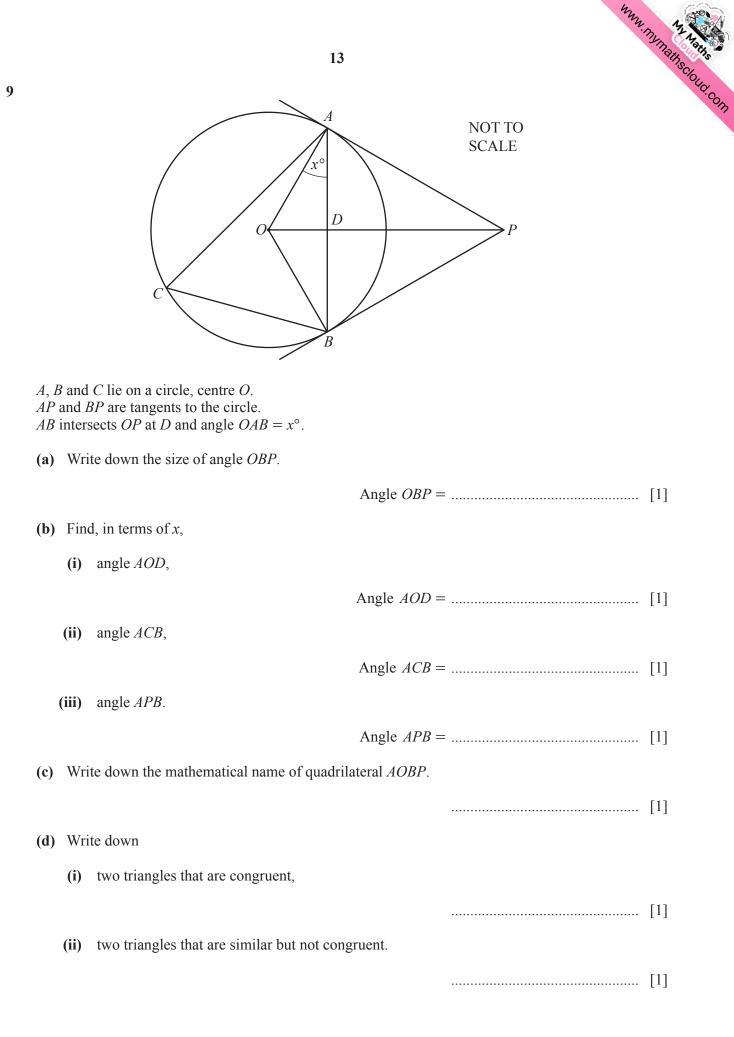
(b) z varies directly as the square root of y. z = 12 when y = 9.

Use your answer to **part** (a)(i) to find z in terms of x.

11

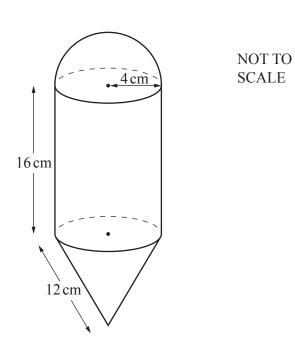


(iii) Solve
$$f(x) \ge f(x+1)$$
 for $-2 \le x \le 2$



[Turn over





The diagram shows a solid made from a cylinder, a hemisphere and a cone, each with radius 4 cm. The cylinder has length 16 cm. The slant height of the cone is 12 cm.

(a) Find the volume of the solid.



(b) Show that the total surface area of the solid is $208 \pi \text{ cm}^2$.

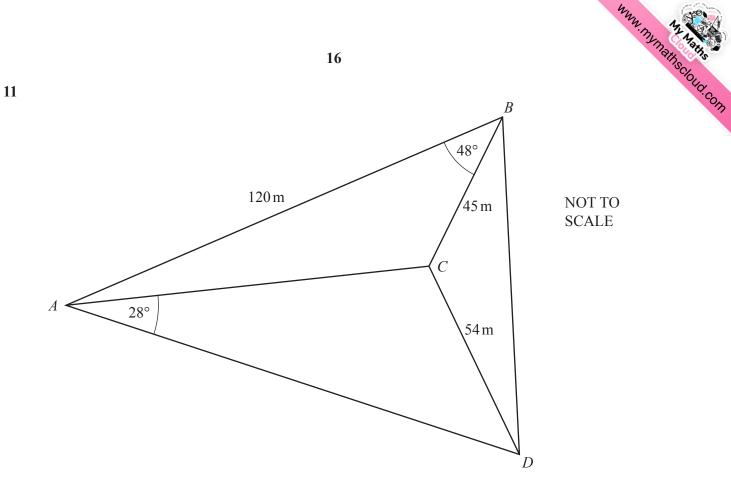
15

[4]

(c) A mathematically similar solid has a total surface area of $468 \,\pi \,\mathrm{cm}^2$.

Find the radius of the cylinder in this solid.

..... cm [3]



Angles ACB and ACD are obtuse.

(a) Show that AC = 95.9 m correct to the nearest 0.1 metre.

[3]



(b) Find angle ACD.

(c) The area of triangle ABD is 5137 m^2 .

Calculate the area of triangle *BCD*.

18
12 (a) Solve.
(i)
$$9 = 5 - \frac{2}{x}$$

(ii) $\frac{6}{x-4} > 3$
 $x = \dots [3]$

(b) (i) Solve the equation, giving your answers correct to 3 significant figures.

$$2x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0$$

 $x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$ [3]

(ii) Use your answers to **part** (b)(i) to solve

 $2(\tan y)^2 - 5(\tan y) + 1 = 0$ for $0^\circ \le y \le 180^\circ$.

 $y = \dots$ or $y = \dots$ [2]

.....[3]

(iii) Find the probability that there are now exactly 7 blue balls in Bag 1.

.....[3]



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