



Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/42

Paper 4 (Extended)

October/November 2019

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate. Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 120.



Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

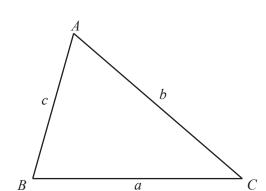
Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

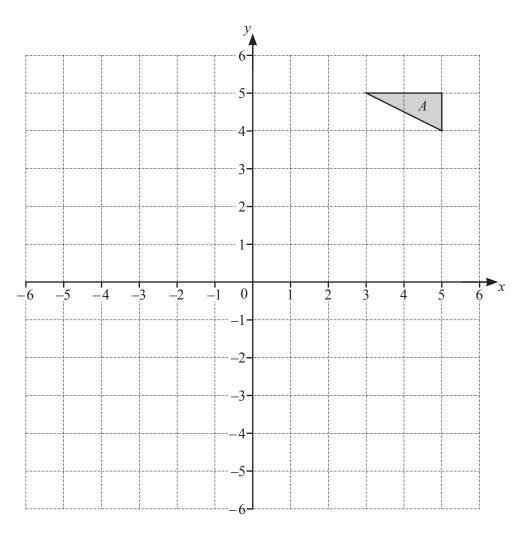
$$Area = \frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$$



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Answer all the questions.

1



(a)	Reflect triangle A in the x-axis. Label the image B.	[1]

(b) Translate triangle A by the vector
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$
. Label the image C. [1]

(c) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle B onto triangle C.

[2]

(d) Rotate triangle A through 90° anti-clockwise, about the origin. Label the image D. [2]

(e) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle B onto triangle D.



2
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-2}, x \neq 2$$
 $g(x) = x+2$ $h(x) = x^2$

(a) Find f(6).

(b) Solve f(x) = -2.

$$x = \dots$$
 [2]

(c) Find h(g(x)).

(d) Solve h(g(x)) = h(x) + 2.

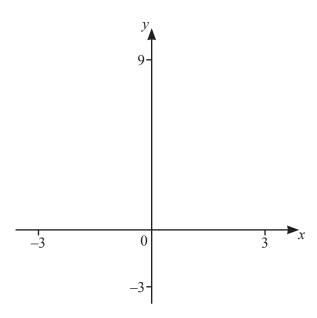
$$x = \dots$$
 [4]

(e) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

$$f^{-1}(x) = \dots [3]$$

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(f)



- (i) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x) and the graph of y = h(x) for values of x between -3 and 3.
- (ii) Write down the equation of the line of symmetry of y = h(x).

.....[1]

(iii) Solve f(x) > h(x).

.....[2]

Alana and Bill share some money in the ratio 5:4.

Alana's share is \$160.

3

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(a)	Sho	ow that Bill's share is \$128.		
(b)	The	ana spends $$x$. The ratio of Alana's money: Bill's money is now $4:5$. The value of x .		[1]
(c)		hop has a sale. I buys a jacket in the sale for \$32.	<i>x</i> =	[3]
	(i)	Write \$32 as a percentage of \$128.		
	(ii)	The original price of the jacket was reduced by 20% to Work out the original price.	\$32.	[1]
			\$	[3]

(a) Solve the following equations.

(i)
$$2x-3 = -11$$

$$x =$$
 [2]

(ii)
$$\frac{36}{x} = -4$$

$$x = \dots$$
 [2]

(iii)
$$6x + 13 = 17 - 2x$$

$$x = \dots$$
 [2]

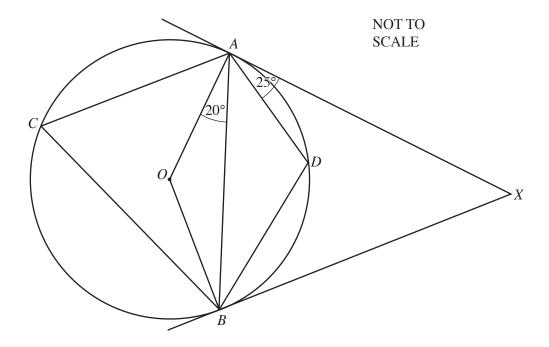
(b) Solve the simultaneous equations. You must show all your working.

$$5x + 3y = -19$$

$$3x + 5y = -21$$

$$y = \dots$$
 [4]

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A, B, C and D lie on a circle, centre O. AX is a tangent to the circle at A and BX is a tangent to the circle at B. Angle $OAB = 20^{\circ}$ and angle $DAX = 25^{\circ}$.

- (a) Find the value of
 - (i) angle AOB,

Angle
$$AOB = \dots$$
 [2]

(ii) angle ACB,

Angle
$$ACB = \dots$$
 [1]

(iii) angle ADB,

Angle
$$ADB = \dots$$
 [1]

.....[1]

(iv)	angle BAD ,
111	ungic Daid.

(v) angle <i>DBA</i> ,	Angle $BAD = \dots$ [1]
(vi) angle AXB.	Angle $DBA = \dots$ [1]
(b) What type of quadrilateral is <i>ACBD</i> ?	Angle <i>AXB</i> = [1]

6

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Spin Eac	nner A is numbered 1, 2, 3, 4. nner B is numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. h spinner is equally likely to land on any of its numbers. two spinners are each spun once and the number that each spinner	r lands on is recorded.	
Fine	I the probability that		
(a)	the number on spinner A is greater than 4,		
			[1]
(b)	the number on spinner B is not a 3,		
(c)	the number on spinner A is the same as the number on spinner B,		[1]
(c)	the number on spinner A is the same as the number on spinner B,		
			503
(d)	one number is odd and one number is even,		[2]
()			
			[3]
(e)	the sum of the numbers is 6.		
			[2]

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	th _{sclo}
	or Cor
	an,

7 (a) (i) Factorise $2x^2 - 11x - 6$.

(ii) Using your answer to part (i), solve $2x^2 - 11x - 6 < 0$.

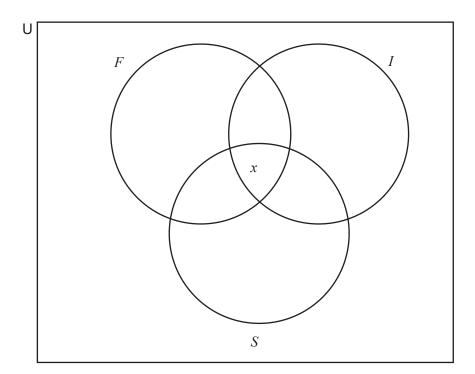


(b) Solve the equation $3x^2 - x - 5 = 0$.

Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places. You must show all your working.

$$x = \dots$$
 or $x = \dots$ [3]

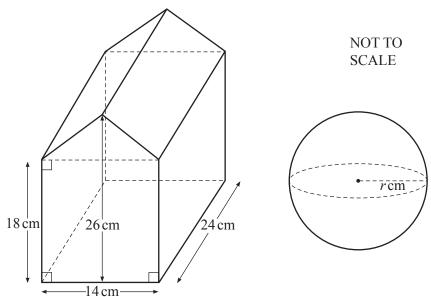
- www.mymarhscloud.com
- 8 There are 100 students in a year group. Each student studies at least one of the languages, French (F), Italian (I) and Spanish (S).
 - x students study all 3 languages.
 - y students study French only.
 - 18 students study Italian only.
 - 4 students study French and Italian but not Spanish.
 - 12 students study French and Spanish but not Italian.
 - 2 students study Italian and Spanish but not French.
 - 74 students study only one language.
 - (a) Show this information on the Venn diagram.

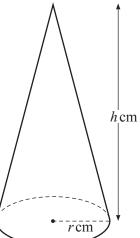


[2]

(b)		ce as many students study French as Italian. If the number of students who study all 3 subjects,		www.mymainscloud.com
	(ii)	French only,	<i>x</i> =	[2]
,	(iii)	Spanish only.	<i>y</i> =	[2]
				[1]







The diagram shows three solids, a prism, a sphere and a cone. The radius of the sphere is equal to the base radius of the cone. The volume of each solid is the same.

(a) Show that the volume of the prism is $7392 \, \text{cm}^3$.

[3]

(b)	A similar prism has a volume of 924 cm ³ . The length of the original prism is 24 cm.	nun myn	Naths Cloud Com
	Find the length of this similar prism.		4.COM
(c)	Find the value of r .	cm	
(d)	Find the value of <i>h</i> .	r =	[2]
		$h = \dots$	[2]
(e)	When exact values of h and r are used, $h = 4r$.		[4]
	Find, in terms of r , an exact expression for the curved surfactive your answer in its simplest form.	e area of the cone.	
			[3]

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10 The mass of each of 80 apples is shown in the table.

Mass (m grams)	Frequency
$0 < m \leqslant 100$	6
100 < <i>m</i> ≤ 120	22
$120 < m \le 140$	31
140 < <i>m</i> ≤ 160	13
$160 < m \leqslant 250$	8

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean mass of an apple.

g [2]
-----	----

(b) Find the interval which contains the upper quartile.

$$\dots < m \leqslant \dots [1]$$

(c) Two of these apples are chosen at random.

Find the probability that they both have a mass of 120 g or less. Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

 [3]
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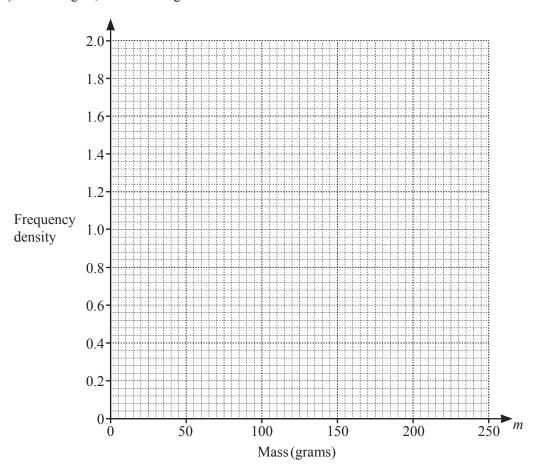
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(d) (i) Complete the frequency density column in this table.

Mass (m grams)	Frequency	Frequency density
$0 < m \leqslant 100$	6	
$100 < m \leqslant 120$	22	
120 < <i>m</i> ≤ 140	31	
140 < <i>m</i> ≤ 160	13	
$160 < m \leqslant 250$	8	

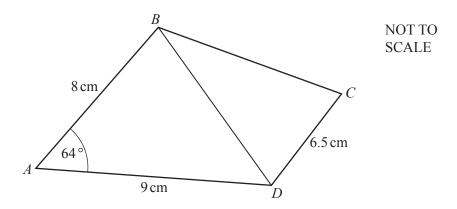
[2]

(ii) On the grid, draw a histogram to show this information.



[3]

11



The diagram shows a quadrilateral ABCD.

AB = 8 cm, AD = 9 cm, CD = 6.5 cm and angle $BAD = 64^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate BD and show that your answer rounds to 9.05 cm, correct to 2 decimal places.

[2]

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- **(b)** The area of the quadrilateral ABCD is 57.3 cm².
 - (i) Calculate angle BDC and show that your answer rounds to 58° , correct to the nearest degree.

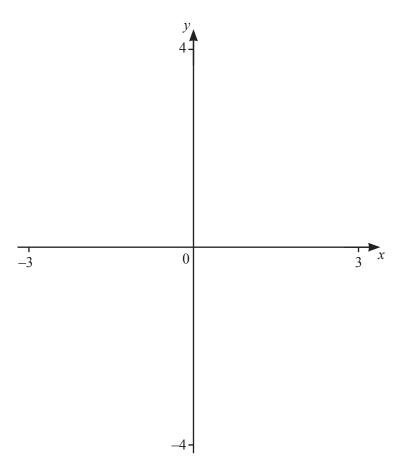
[4]

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(ii) Calculate angle *BCD*.

Question 12 is printed on the next page.





(a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x), where

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x(x-1)(x+1)}$$
 for values of x between -3 and 3.

[4]

(b) Write down the equations of the asymptotes.

(c) Write down the co-ordinates of the local maximum.

(d) The line y = 2x + 1 intersects the curve y = f(x) twice.

Find the value of the x co-ordinate of each point of intersection.

$$x = \dots$$
 or $x = \dots$ [2]

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