

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/21 October/November 2018

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Paper 2 (Extended) MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

### Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED



# **Generic Marking Principles**

October/ Mymathscloud.com These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:** 

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question •
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts. .

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:** 

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:** 

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit • is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme. referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do .
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions •
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these • features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:** 

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:** 

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the guality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:** 

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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# MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

## **Types of mark**

- M Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation '**dep**' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

## Abbreviations

answers which round to awrt correct answer only cao dep dependent follow through after error FT ignore subsequent working isw not from wrong working nfww or equivalent oe rounded or truncated rot Special Case SC seen or implied soi

# Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

0607/21	Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED October/i Mun. Dynatiscopie   Answer Marks Partial Marks   35 1				
Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks		
1	35	1			
2	72	1			
3	$\frac{1}{5}$	2	M1 for $\frac{3}{15}$		
4	$\frac{1}{9}$	1			
5	4	2	<b>M1</b> for $6x = 19 + 5$ or $x - \frac{5}{6} = \frac{19}{6}$		
6	60	2	<b>M1</b> for 60 <i>n</i> or 3 correct multiples of each of 12 and 15 seen or $12 \times 15 \div 3$ or $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$		
7	45	2	<b>M1</b> for $360 \div 8$ or $180 - \frac{6}{8} \times 180$		
8	5	2	<b>M1</b> for $(1-4)^2 + (9-5)^2$ oe		
9	$25x^8y^6$	2	M1 for '2 correct parts'		
10	-2, -1, 0, 1, 2	2	M1 for 1 omission or 1 extra		
11	3√2	2	<b>M1</b> for $4\sqrt{2}$ or $6\sqrt{2}$ or $5\sqrt{2}$		
12	$61 \\ 2n^2 - 11$	3	<b>B1</b> for 61 <b>M1</b> for $an^2 + b$ , $a \neq 0$		
13	[0]54	2	<b>M1</b> for 234–180		
14	[x = ] 2 [y = ] -1	4	M1 for correctly equating one set of coefficients or M1 for equation $x =$ or $y =$ from one equation M1 for correct substitution into other equation A1 for one correct value If 0 scored SC1 for correct substitution into one of original equations and evaluation		
15	(4x+1)(x-2)	2	M1 for $(ax \pm b)(cx \pm d)$ where two of ac = 4, bd = -2, ad + bc = -7 are correct. or M1 for $4x(x - 2) + x - 2$ or $x(4x + 1) - 2(4x + 1)$		

## Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

0607/21	Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHEDOctober/iMun, mun attAnswerMarksPartial Marks $\frac{40}{2}$ or $(\frac{5}{2})$ $3$ M2 for $\frac{4}{2} \times \frac{5}{2} \times 2$ or			
Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks	-CIOUA
16	$\frac{40}{72}$ oe $\left(\frac{5}{9}\right)$	3	M2 for $\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8} \times 2$ oe or M1 for $\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{8}$ oe	NOC
17	$\frac{(5+\sqrt{3})^2}{22} \text{ or } \frac{14+5\sqrt{3}}{11}$ as final answer	3	M2 for $\frac{(5+\sqrt{3})\times(5+\sqrt{3})}{25+5\sqrt{3}-5\sqrt{3}-(\sqrt{3})^2}$ or M1 for $\frac{5+\sqrt{3}}{5-\sqrt{3}}\times\frac{5+\sqrt{3}}{5+\sqrt{3}}$	
18	$4\pi r^2 = \pi r \times \sqrt{h^2 + r^2}$	M2	<b>M1</b> for $l^2 = h^2 + r^2$ or $4 \pi r^2 = \pi r l$	
	$16r^2 = h^2 + r^2$ leading to	A1	Dep on M2 scored	
	$h = r\sqrt{15}$	A1		