



Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDAT NUMBER	E		

165437782

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/61

Paper 6 (Extended)

May/June 2019

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer both parts **A** (Questions 1 to 5) and **B** (Questions 6 to 8).

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks for correct methods, including sketches.

In this paper you will also be assessed on your ability to provide full reasons and communicate your mathematics clearly and precisely.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The total number of marks for this paper is 40.



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Answer **both** parts **A** and **B**.

A INVESTIGATION (QUESTIONS 1 to 5)

GAMES IN A COMPETITION (20 marks)

You are advised to spend no more than 45 minutes on this part.

This investigation looks at the numbers of games played in two kinds of competition.

- 1 In a *knock-out* competition each team plays a game against one of the other teams. The teams that win these games play in the second round. The teams that win in the second round play in the third round and so on.
 - (a) (i) There are two teams in the last round, called the final. The round before the final is called the semi-finals. The round before the semi-finals is called the quarter-finals.
 Write down the number of teams in the quarter-finals.
 (ii) There are 32 teams in a competition.
 Find the number of rounds.

(iii) There are 7 rounds in a competition.

Find the number of teams.

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(b) Use your answers to question 1(a) to help you complete the table.

Number of rounds (r)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Number of teams (t)	2							256

(c) (i) Find a formula for t, the number of teams, in terms of r, the number of rounds.

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(ii) Use your formula to calculate the number of teams in a competition with 15 rounds.

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The number of teams in a *knock-out* competition should be a number in the sequence in **question 1**.

The number 11 is not in the sequence.

When there are 11 teams, a first round is played to reduce the number of teams to 8. In this first round, only 6 teams play, giving 3 winners.

The remaining 5 teams go through to the second round without playing.

(a)	There are 25	teams in	a knock-out	competition.
٦	••)	1 11010 410 23	teuring in	a mioen oui	compenion.

	(i)	Find the number of rounds.	
	(ii)	Find the total number of games.	
(b)	Finc	the total number of games when there are 36 teams.	
(c)	Wha	at is the connection between the number of teams and the nu	mber of games?

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3 In a *league* competition every team must play each of the other teams once.

Example

There are three teams, A, B and C in the competition.

Three different games are played.

These are: A against B A against C B against C

These are written as: AB AC BC

(a) Complete this table.

Number of teams (n)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Number of games (g)	1	3					28

(b) When there are n teams in the competition the number of games played is g, where

$$g = an^2 + bn.$$

Find the value of a and the value of b. Write down the formula for g in terms of n.

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(c) Show that your formula in part (b) gives the correct result for 8 teams.

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There are now 8 teams in this competition, A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H. Every team plays one game each week.

Note that AB is the same as BA.

Complete the table to show the games for the first three weeks. There are many ways of doing this. You only need to show one way.

	Game 1	Game 2	Game 3	Game 4
Week 1	AB	DG		СН
Week 2	AC			
Week 3				

5	There are	more than	two teams	in each	competition.
.,	THEIC are	mone man	two teams	III Cacii	COHIDCHION.

(a)	It is possible to have the same number of games in be	oth a knock-out competition and a league
	competition.	

Find a possible number of games and the number of teams in each competition.

	Number of teams in knock-out
	Number of teams in league
(b)	It is possible to have half the number of games in a <i>knock-out</i> competition as in a <i>league</i> competition. There is the same number of teams in each competition.
	Find the number of teams and the number of games in each competition.
	Number of teams
	Number of games in knock-out
	Number of games in <i>league</i>

Number of games

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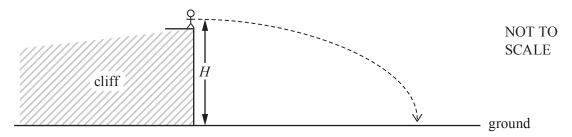
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B MODELLING (QUESTIONS 6 to 8)

THROWING STONES (20 marks)

You are advised to spend no more than 45 minutes on this part.

This part looks at modelling the path of a stone thrown from a vertical cliff onto horizontal ground.



A stone is thrown horizontally from the top of the cliff at height H metres above the horizontal ground. The model of its height, h metres, at time, t seconds, is

$$h = H - 4.9t^2$$
.

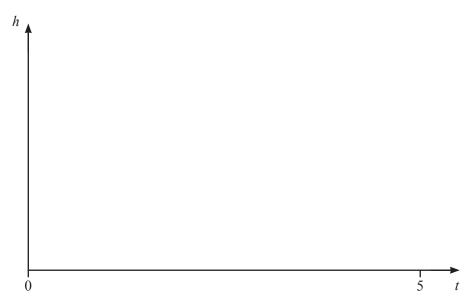
6 (a) Charlie stands on the top of the cliff.

He throws a stone horizontally at a height of 122.5 m above the horizontal ground.

Write down the model for the height of his stone.

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(b) Sketch the model in **part (a)** on the axes below, for $0 \le t \le 5$.

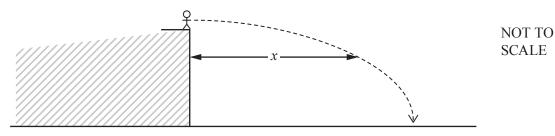


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(c) Write down the number of seconds that the stone takes to hit the ground.

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(d)



A stone is thrown horizontally, with speed v, from the top of the cliff. At time t seconds the stone is x metres from the cliff.

A model for the horizontal distance is x = vt.

(i) Write down the units of v.

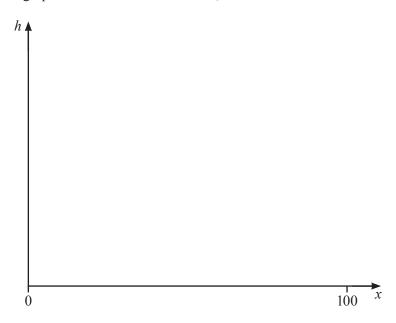
(ii) When Charlie throws his stone, v = 20. Find the value of x when this stone hits the ground.

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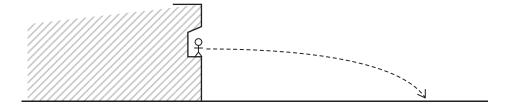
(e) (i) When v = 20, use the models in part (a) and part (d) to show that

$$400h = 49000 - 4.9x^2.$$

(ii) Sketch the graph of $400h = 49000 - 4.9x^2$, for $0 \le x \le 100$.



7 Belinda stands on a ledge on the cliff.



She throws a stone horizontally, with v = 28.3.

A model of the height of her stone is $h = 61.25 - 4.9 \frac{x^2}{800}$.

(a) Write down the height from which Belinda throws her stone.

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- **(b)** On the axes in question 6(e)(ii), sketch the graph of $h = 61.25 4.9 \frac{x^2}{800}$, for $0 \le x \le 100$.
- (c) Using the model in question 6(d), calculate the time Belinda's stone takes to hit the ground.

- 8 Jayden is standing next to Charlie and Mackenzie is standing next to Belinda.

 Jayden throws a stone horizontally towards a point which is 50 m horizontally from the base of the cliff.
 - (a) The model of the height of Jayden's stone is

$$h = 122.5 - 4.9 \left(\frac{kx}{16}\right)^2.$$

Jayden's stone hits the point.

Find the value of k.

(b) Find the horizontal distance from the cliff to where Jayden's stone crosses the path of Belinda's stone.

Questions 8(c) and 8(d) are printed on the next page.

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1	(\mathbf{c})	Belinda'	e stone	does not	hit the	noint
١		Delliliaa	S Stone	does not	m unc	pomi.

Use the model for the height of Belinda's stone in question 7 , to calculate how far dow should move so that when she throws her stone it hits the point.	n the cliff she

(d) Mackenzie throws a stone horizontally and hits the point.

Find the speed with which Mackenzie throws this stone.

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