

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MMN. MY MATHS CIOUN. COM

*	
_	
6	
0	
0 4	
4	
4 6 3	
W	
6	
0	
*	
*	

CANDIDATE NAME	
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/42

Paper 4 (Extended)

May/June 2013

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate. Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 120.

For Examiner's Use

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.



Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

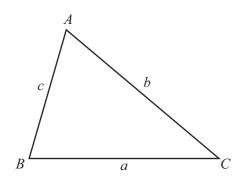
Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

Volume, *V*, of pyramid, base area *A*, height *h*.

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.



$$A = 2\pi rh$$

$$A = \pi r l$$

$$A=4\pi r^2$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

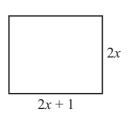
Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

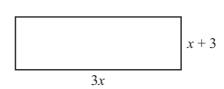
Answer all the questions.

		4	
		Answer all the questions. Kim's wage is \$720 each month. She spends \$196 each month on food. Calculate \$196 as a percentage of \$720.	141
		Answer all the questions.	Dall
(a)	(i)	Kim's wage is \$720 each month. She spends \$196 each month on food.	10
		Calculate \$196 as a percentage of \$720.	
		Answer(a)(i) %	
	(ii)	She pays 25% of the \$720 in taxes.	
		Find the ratio money spent on food: money paid in taxes. Give your answer in its simplest form.	
		Answer(a)(ii) :	[2]
((iii)	The \$720 is an increase of 44% on Kim's previous wage. Calculate her previous wage.	
		Answer(a)(iii) \$	[3]
((iv)	Next year the \$720 will increase by 4%. Calculate next year's monthly wage.	
		$A_{i_1,\ldots,i_m}(x_i)(x_i,x_j)$	[2]
(b)		Answer(a)(iv) \$'s monthly wage is \$650. h year Jay's monthly wage increases by 5%.	[2]
		culate the number of years it will take for Jay's monthly wage to exceed \$1000.	
	Can	curate the number of years it will take for Jay's monthly wage to exceed \$1000.	
		Angwar(h)	Г 3 Т
		A M C M D I	1 4 1

[Turn over © UCLES 2013

2 (a)





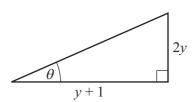
www.mymathscloud.com

The areas of the rectangles are equal.

Find the value of x. Show all your working.

$$Answer(a) x =$$
 [4]

(b)



NOT TO **SCALE**

Find the value of y when $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{3}$. Show all your working.

$$Answer(b) y =$$
 [3]

www.mymathscom

(c) Jo walks 10 km at w kilometres per hour. Sam cycles 10 km at (w+9) kilometres per hour.

The difference between the times taken by Jo and Sam is $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours.

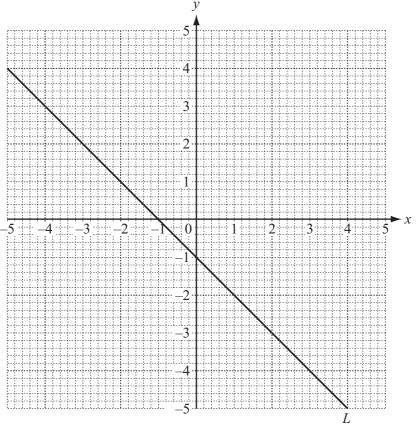
(i) Show that $w^2 + 9w - 36 = 0$.

[4]

(ii) Find the time, in hours and minutes, taken by Jo to walk the 10 km.

Answer(c)(ii) _____ h ____ min [4

www.mymathscloud.com



(a) Find the equation of the line L.

Answer(a) [2]

(b) (i) On the grid, draw the line y = 2x + 4.

[2]

(ii) On the grid, shade the region where $y \ge 0$ and $y \ge 2x + 4$.

[2]

(c) P is the point (1, -4) and Q is the point (3, 2).

Find the equation of the line passing through P and Q.

Answer(c) [3]

Mun. mymaths con

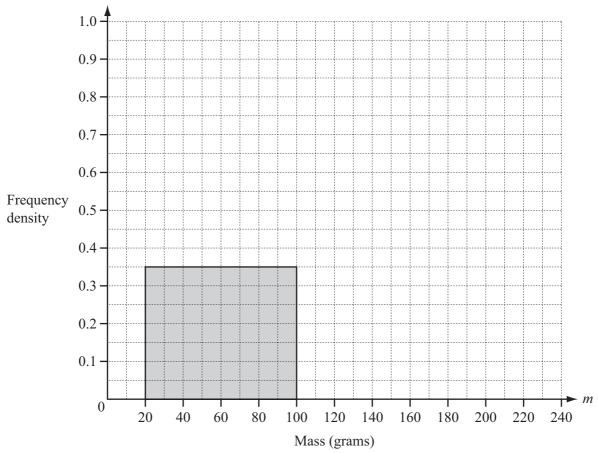
4 The masses of 100 apples are measured. The results are shown in the table.

Mass (m grams)	20 < m ≤ 100	$100 < m \le 150$	150 < m ≤ 240		
Frequency	28	45	27		

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean mass.

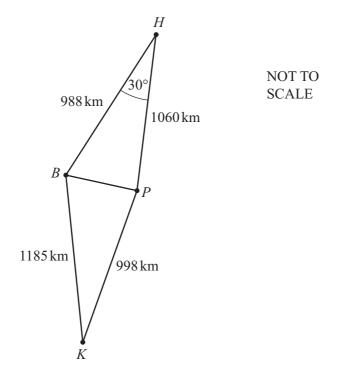
Answer(a) g [2]

(b) Use the information in the table to complete the histogram.



[3]

www.mymarhscloud.com



The diagram shows some straight line distances between Bangkok (B), Hanoi (H), Phnom Penh (P) and Kuala Lumpur (K). Angle $BHP = 30^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate BP and show that it rounds to 535 km, correct to the nearest kilometre.

(b) Calculate angle *BKP*.

		Answer(b)	 [3]
(c)	The bearing of P from K is 020° .		
	Find the bearing of B from K .		
		Answer(c)	 [1]

© UCLES 2013 [Turn over

www.mymathscloud.com

www.mymathscloud.com 6 R 12 cm Q 20 cm В

The diagram shows a triangular prism of length 20 cm.

The cross-section of the prism is triangle ABC with angle $BAC = 90^{\circ}$, AC = 6 cm and AB = 12 cm.

(a) Calculate the volume of the prism.

Answer(a)	 cm^3	[2]
1 /		

(b) (i) Calculate the total surface area of the prism.

m.	1	
w. M. Mar	04	ner's
Sa	MA CO	C/S
	SC	rer's
	1	401

		Answer(b)(i) cm^2 [4]	4]
	(ii)	The surface of the prism is painted at a cost of \$0.005 per square centimetre.	
		Calculate the cost of painting the surface of the prism.	
		Answer(b)(ii) \$[1]
(c)	Cal	Iculate the angle between the diagonal line CQ and the base $ABQP$.	
		Answer(c)[.	3]

© UCLES 2013 [Turn over

ornary 7th

A flight from London, England to Auckland, New Zealand departs at 1400 on February 7th. The journey takes $27\frac{1}{2}$ hours and the distance is 18400 km. The time in New Zealand is 13 hours ahead of the time in England.

(a	()	Find the	e time	and the	date	that t	the fl	ight	arrives	in A	Auckland.
١	•							-5			

(b)	Calo	culate the average speed of the journe		Time Date		[3]
(c)		cost of a ticket for the flight is 3600 per 2.09 New Zealand dollars (NZD). Calculate the cost of the ticket in NZ			 km/h	[1]
	(ii)	Calculate the cost of the journey, in Give your answer correct to 2 decim	_		NZD	[1]

Answer(c)(ii)

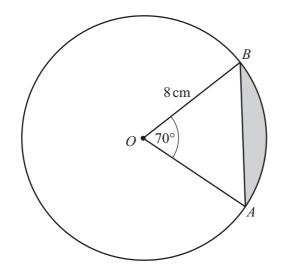
NZD/km [2]



8 (a) Solve the equation $\frac{2}{x} = x^3 + 2$.

$$Answer(a) \quad x =$$

(b) Solve the inequality $\frac{2}{x} \ge x^3 + 2$.



NOT TO

mm. m.mathscloud.com

SCALE

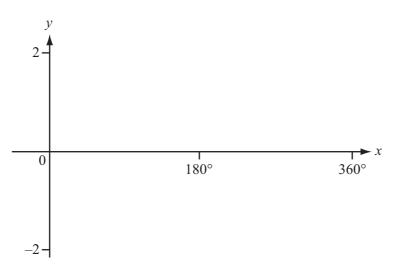
AB is a chord of the circle centre O.

Calculate

(a) the length of the chord AB,

(b) the length of the arc AB,

(c) the area of the shaded region.



$$f(x) = \cos x$$
 $g(x) = 2\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

(a) On the diagram, sketch the following graphs.

(i)
$$y = f(x)$$

$$(ii) \quad y = g(x)$$
 [2]

(b) Write down the equation of the line of symmetry of the graphs.

(c) Write down the co-ordinates of the local minimum point on the graph of y = f(x) for $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$.

(d) Write down the period and amplitude of g(x).

(e) Write down the range of g(x) for the following domains.

(i)
$$0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$$

$$Answer(e)(i) \qquad [1]$$

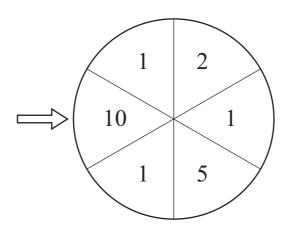
(ii) \mathbb{R}

(f) Solve the equation f(x) = g(x) for $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$.

(g) Shade the regions on the diagram where $y \le f(x)$ and $y \ge g(x)$.

[1]

www.mxmathscloud.com



The diagram shows a disc, with six equal sectors, and an arrow. When the disc is spun, each sector is equally likely to stop next to the arrow.

(a) The disc is spun.

Write down the probability that the sector next to the arrow is labelled with

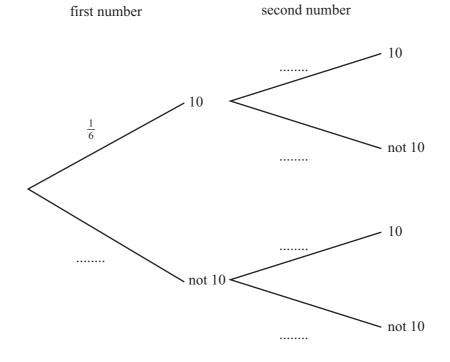
(i) 1 or 2,

Answer(a)(i)	[1]
(1)()	L 1

(ii) an even number,

(iii) a number which is a factor of 10.

- **(b)** The disc is spun twice.
 - (i) Complete the tree diagram by writing the missing probabilities on each branch.



[2]

www.mymathscloud.com

www.mymainscloud.com

(ii) Find the probability that the arrow is next to the number 10 twice.

	(iii)	Find the pro	obability that the a	Answer(b)(ii) rrow is next to the number		[2]
(c)		-		Answer(b)(iii) ps with the number 10 n is happens is $\frac{625}{7776}$.	next to the arrow.	[2]

$$Answer(c) \ n =$$
 [2]

											•	(0)
Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	De
Temperature (t °C)	13	13	15	16	19	23	25	26	24	20	18	13
Rainfall (r mm)	59	49	62	46	25	6	1	3	28	62	63	66

The table shows the average monthly temperature, t, and rainfall, r, in Malaga, Spain.

(a)	Find the mean,	median. ı	unner o	nuartile and	range of the	average	monthly te	mperatures.
(4)	i ma me mean,	, ilicalali, t	upper c	quartific and	runge or the	average	monung te	imperatures.

°C	Answer(a) mean =
°C	median =
°C	upper quartile =
°C [4]	range =

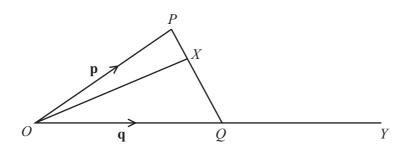
(b) (i) Find the equation of the line of regression for this data, giving r in terms of t.

$$Answer(b)(i) r =$$
 [2]

(ii) Describe the type of correlation between r and t.

(iii) Calculate an estimate of the rainfall when the temperature is 22°C.





NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows a triangle OPQ. The point X is on PQ so that PX: XQ = 1:2. $\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{OQ} = \mathbf{q}$.

(a) Find \overrightarrow{OX} in terms of **p** and **q**. Give your answer in its simplest form.

-	
$A_{MGW,QM}(a) \cap V$	[2]
Answer(a) OX	4

(b) OQY is a straight line and OY = 2OQ.

Find \overrightarrow{XY} in terms of **p** and **q**. Give your answer in its simplest form.

Answer(b)
$$\overrightarrow{XY}$$
 [3]

(c)
$$\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $|\mathbf{p}| = 5$.

Find the two possible values of k.

BLANK PAGE

www.mymathscloud.com

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.