

## Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

\* 679480453

MATHEMATICS 1521/32

Paper 3 (Core) May/June 2021

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 104.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

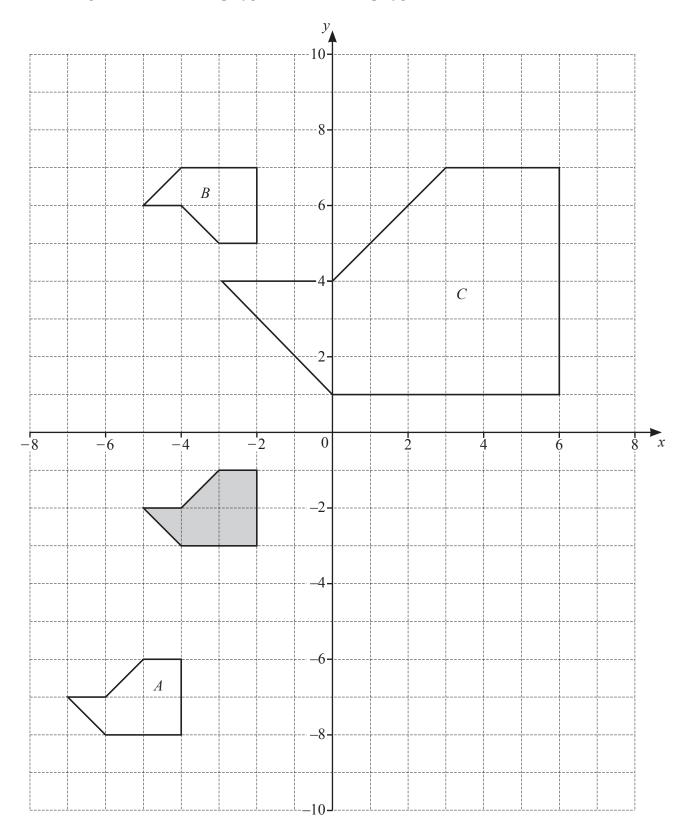
This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

in a	i triat	nion, athletes sv	vim 1.5 km, cyci	e 40 km and run 10 km.
(a)	Wri	te the fraction	distance run total distance	in its simplest form.
				[2]
(b)		eph competes in times, in minut		nt are in this ratio.
			swim:	cycle : run = 25 : 65 : 45
	(i)	Write this ratio	o in its simplest t	form.
				swim : cycle : run = [1]
	(ii)	Joseph takes 1	35 minutes to co	omplete this triathlon.
		Write this time	e in hours.	
				h [1]
	(iii)	Show that Jose	eph's average spo	eed for this triathlon was 22.9 km/h, correct to 1 decimal place.
				[3]
	(iv)	In his next tria	uthlon, Joseph's t	total time was 125 minutes.
				tion from his time of 135 minutes.
		carearate ine j	2010011111250 1011110	tion from the time of 135 minutes.
				% [3]
(a)	In o	nother triathlen	Joseph started	
(c)			_	at 11 55 and finished at 14 03.
	Hov	w many minutes	s did he take to c	omplete this triathlon?
				min [1]

2

(a)	For	each sequence, find the next two terms and the term to term rule.	
	(i)	2, -6, 18, -54,	
	(ii)		
		, rule	[3]
(b)	Her	e are the first four terms of another sequence.	
	(i)	7 5 3 1 Write down the next two terms.	
		,	[2]
	(ii)	Give the reason why part of the expression for the $n$ th term is $-2n$ .	
			[1]
	(iii)	Write down the expression for the <i>n</i> th term.	
			[1]
(	(iv)	A term in this sequence is $-33$ .	
		Calculate the value of $n$ for this term.	

3 The diagram shows a shaded polygon and three other polygons A, B and C.



		5	nun <sub>n</sub> n
(a)	(i)	Write down the mathematical name of the shaded polygon.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Find the sum of the interior angles of the shaded polygon.	
			[2]
(b)	Des	cribe fully the <b>single</b> transformation that maps	
	(i)	the shaded polygon onto polygon $A$ ,	
			[2]
	(ii)	the shaded polygon onto polygon $B$ ,	
			[2]
	(iii)	the shaded polygon onto polygon $C$ .	
			[3]
(c)	On	the grid, draw the image of the shaded polygon after a rotation through 90° antic	lockwise.
` '		tre $(0,0)$ .	[2]

4 Ibrahim drives a taxi.

> Number of times hired

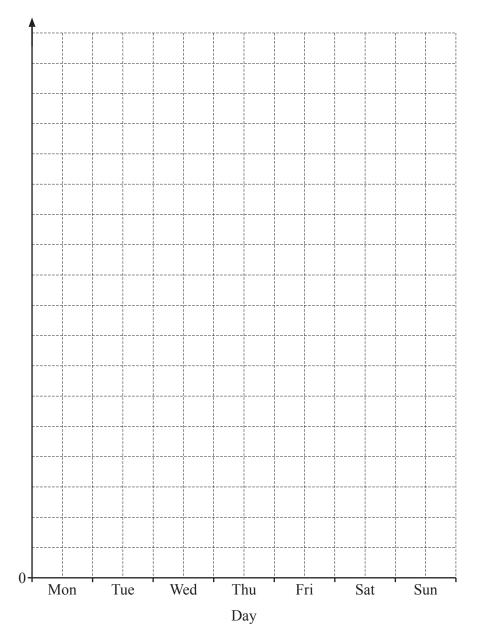
The table shows the number of times his taxi is hired during one week.

Day	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Number of times hired	8	9	6	4	15	17	11

(a) (i) Calculate the mean number of times Ibrahim's taxi is hired.

 [2]

Draw a bar chart to show the information in the table. Complete the scale on the vertical axis.



**(b)** Ibrahim records the amount of money he collects in one week. The table shows some of this information.

Days	Mon and Tue	Wed and Thu	Fri, Sat and Sun
Amount collected (\$)	320	190	
Pie chart sector angle	128°		

(i) The total amount he collects for this week is \$900.

Show that the amount he collects on Friday, Saturday and Sunday is \$390.

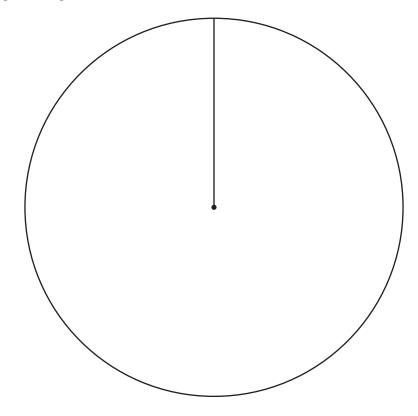
[1]

(ii) Ibrahim wants to show these results on a pie chart.

Complete the table.

[2]

(iii) Complete the pie chart.



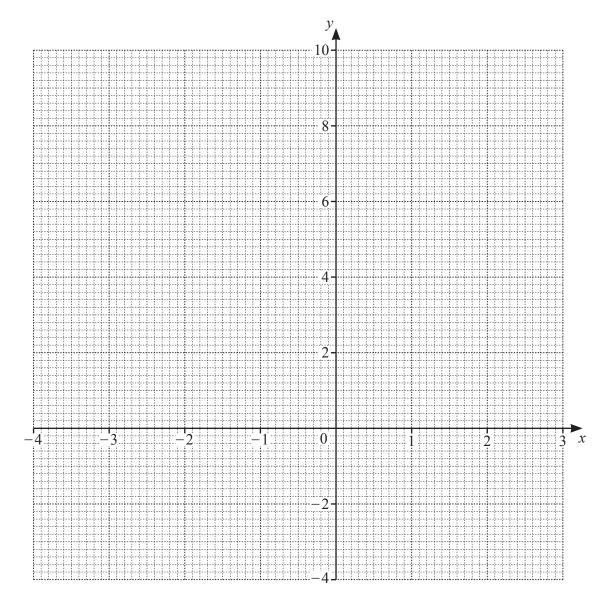
[2]

5 (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^2 + x - 3$ .

х	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
у	9			-3	-3		3	

[3]

**(b)** On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 + x - 3$  for  $-4 \le x \le 3$ .



[4]

				WWW. WALLS AS IN STREET
		9		athschold com
(c)	Wri	te down the coordinates of the lowest point of your graph	1.	
			()	[1]
(d)	(i)	On the grid, draw the line of symmetry of your graph.		[1]
	(ii)	Write down the equation of the line of symmetry.		
				[1]

6

WWW. Thynairs Cold Con

(a)	Work out the value of $25^2 \div \sqrt{625}$ .	
(b)	Find the value of $\sqrt[3]{29791}$ .	 [2]
(c)	Write down an irrational number.	[1]
(d)	Write 315 as the product of its prime factors.	 [1]
(e)	(i) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 28 and 70.	 [2]
	(ii) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 28 and 70.	 [2]
(6)	$\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{r}}$ $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{r}}$	 [2]
<b>(f)</b>	Write 4 <sup>-3</sup> as  (i) a fraction,	
	(ii) a decimal, correct to 2 significant figures.	 [1]
		 [2]

7 (a) Make b the subject of the formula 5b-c=a.

$$b = \dots$$
 [2]

**(b)** Expand and simplify.

$$4(x+3) - 3(2x+1)$$

**(c)** Factorise completely.

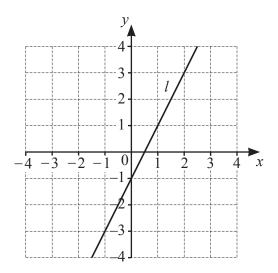
$$10x^2 - 15xy$$

(d) Solve the equation.

$$5x - 8 = 3x + 4$$

$$x = \dots$$
 [2]

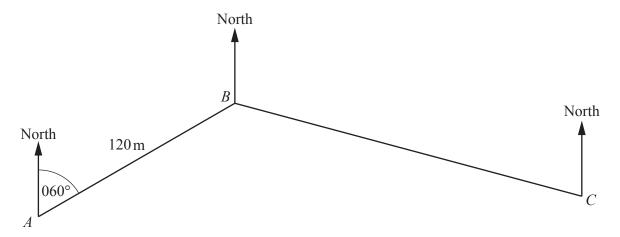
**(e)** 



Find the gradient of the line *l*.



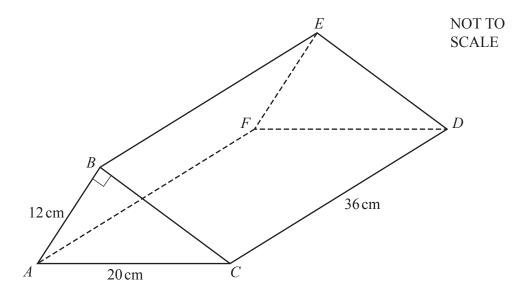
An area of land is in the shape of a quadrilateral *ABCD*. The scale drawing shows the positions of *A*, *B* and *C*. *B* is 120 metres from *A* on a bearing of 060°. The scale is 1 centimetre represents 20 metres.



Scale: 1 cm to 20 m

(a)	(i)	Find the actual distance BC.	
	(ii)	$BC = \dots m$ Measure the bearing of $C$ from $B$ .	[2]
			[1]
(b)	D is	s the point such that	
		• angle $BCD = 60^{\circ}$	
		and	
		• $CD = 210$ metres.	
	Cor	mplete the quadrilateral ABCD.	[3]
(c)	E is	a point on CD, 4.5 cm from C.	
	(i)	Draw an arc of a circle, centre C, radius CE, from the line CD to the line CB.	[2]
	(ii)	Calculate the length of this arc with sector angle 60°.	
		cm	[2]

9



The diagram shows a triangular prism.  $AB = 12 \text{ cm}, AC = 20 \text{ cm}, CD = 36 \text{ cm} \text{ and angle } ABC = 90^{\circ}.$ 

		··\	0.1		1 .	DO
(a	) (	(1)	Cal	lcu.	late	BC

$$BC = .... cm [3]$$

(ii) Use trigonometry to calculate angle *CAB*.

Angle 
$$CAB = \dots$$
 [2]

**(b) (i)** Calculate the volume of the prism.

..... cm<sup>3</sup> [3]

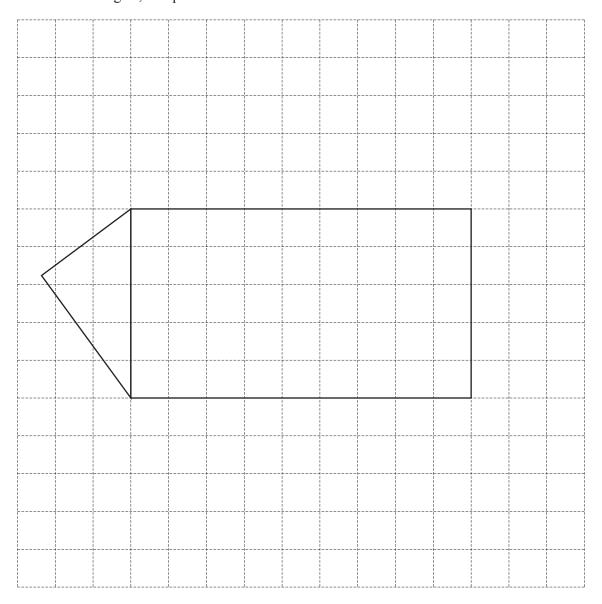
(ii) Calculate the total surface area of the prism. Give the units of your answer.

(iii) Work out the value of k where

the area of rectangle  $ACDF = k \times$  the area of triangle ABC.

k =		[2]

(c) A model of the prism is made using the scale 1 centimetre represents 4 centimetres. On the 1 cm<sup>2</sup> grid, complete the net of this model.



[3]

## **BLANK PAGE**

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.

