

## **Cambridge IGCSE**<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

MATHEMATICS 0580/23

Paper 2 (Extended)

October/November 2020

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 12 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

.....[1]

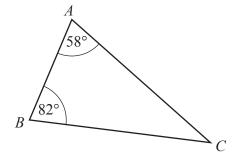
1	Write down the cube number that is greater than 50 but less than 3	100.	WWW. TOWN ATTIS CLOUD, COM
2	Calculate. $\frac{4}{\sqrt{0.0025}}$		[1]
			[1]
3	In triangle $ABC$ , $BC = 7.6 \mathrm{cm}$ and $AC = 6.2 \mathrm{cm}$ . <b>Using a ruler and compasses only</b> , construct triangle $ABC$ .  Leave in your construction arcs.  The side $AB$ has been drawn for you.		
4	$\overline{A}$ Simplify. $a^2 \div a^6$	В	[2]

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5 Thor changes  $40\,000$  Icelandic Krona into dollars when the exchange rate is 1 krona = \$0.0099. Work out how many dollars he receives.

6



NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows triangle ABC.

The triangle is reflected in the line BC to give a quadrilateral ABDC.

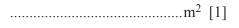
(a) Write down the mathematical name of the quadrilateral ABDC.

.....[1]

**(b)** Find angle *ACD*.

$$Angle ACD = \dots [2]$$

7 Change 457 000 cm<sup>2</sup> into m<sup>2</sup>.



8 The length, *l* cm, of a line is 18.3 cm, correct to the nearest millimetre.

Complete this statement about the value of *l*.

.....  $\leq l <$  ...... [2]

Without using a calculator, work out  $1\frac{1}{7} \times 2\frac{1}{10}$ . You must show all your working and give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form. 9

......[3]

10 Solve the simultaneous equations. You must show all your working.

$$3x - 8y = 22$$
$$x + 4y = 4$$

 $x = \dots$ 

- 11 A bag contains 7 red discs, 5 green discs and 2 pink discs.
  - (a) Helen takes one disc at random, records the colour and replaces it in the bag. She does this 140 times.

Find how many times she expects to take a green disc.

[2

(b) Helen adds 9 green discs and some pink discs to the discs already in the bag. The probability of taking a green disc is now  $\frac{2}{7}$ .

Find the number of pink discs that Helen added to the bag.

12 A straight line, *l*, has equation y = 5x + 12.

(a) Write down the gradient of line *l*.

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	1	ı

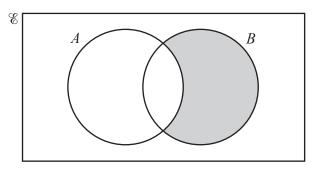
**(b)** Find the coordinates of the point where line l crosses the x-axis.

(c) A line perpendicular to line l has gradient k.

Find the value of *k*.

$$k = \dots$$
 [1]





Use set notation to describe the shaded region.

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14 
$$N = 2^4 \times 3 \times 7^5$$

PN = K, where P is an integer and K is a square number.

Find the smallest value of P.

$$P = \dots [2]$$

$$15 m = 2p + \sqrt{\frac{x}{y}}$$

Make *x* the subject of this formula.

$$x =$$
 [3]

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16 A paperweight has height 4 cm and volume 38.4 cm<sup>3</sup>. A mathematically similar paperweight has height 7 cm.

Calculate the volume of this paperweight.

		$cm^3$	[3]
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Adil and Brian are paid the same wage.

Adil is given a 7% pay decrease and his new wage is \$427.80.

Brian is given a 7% pay increase.

Work out Brian's new wage.

**18 (a)** Simplify.  $(4xy^2)^3$ 

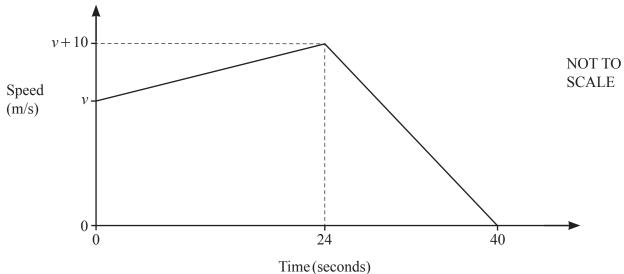
**(b)**  $25 = 125^k$ 

Find the value of k.

$$k = \dots$$
 [1]

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19



The diagram shows the speed–time graph for the final 40 seconds of a car journey. At the start of the 40 seconds the speed is  $v\,\text{m/s}$ .

(a) Find the acceleration of the car during the first 24 seconds.

	$m/s^2$	[1]
--	---------	-----

**(b)** The total distance travelled during the 40 seconds is 1.24 **kilometres**.

Find the value of *v*.

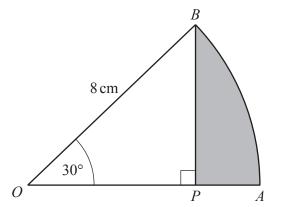
$$v =$$
 [4]

20 Factorise.

$$3x + 8y - 6ax - 16ay$$

.....[2]

21



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OAB is the sector of a circle, centre O. OB = 8 cm and angle  $AOB = 30^{\circ}$ . BP is perpendicular to OA.

(	(a)	Cal	[cul	late	AP	
٨	a		l Cu	laic	$\Delta II$	

AP =		cm	[3]
111	•••••	CIII	[-1]

**(b)** Work out the area of the shaded region *APB*.

	$\mathrm{cm}^2$	[3]
--	-----------------	-----

www.mymathscloud.com 22 The table shows information about the times, t seconds, taken by each of 100 students to solve a puzzlo

Time (t seconds)	$0 < t \le 10$	$10 < t \le 15$	$15 < t \le 20$	$20 < t \leqslant 40$	40 < <i>t</i> ≤ 75
Frequency	9	18	22	30	21

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

.....s [4]

**(b)** Emmanuel draws a histogram to show this information. The table shows the heights, in cm, of some of the bars for this histogram.

Complete the table.

Time (t seconds)	$0 < t \le 10$	$10 < t \le 15$	$15 < t \le 20$	20 < <i>t</i> ≤ 40	40 < <i>t</i> ≤ 75
Height of bar (cm)	3.6	14.4	17.6		

[3]

© UCLES 2020 0580/23/O/N/20 23 y is inversely proportional to the square root of x. When y = 7, x = 2.25.

Write y in terms of x.

$$y = \dots$$
 [2]

24 Simplify.

$$\frac{x^2 - 25}{x^2 - 17x + 60}$$

.....[4]

Question 25 is printed on the next page.

**25** Solve  $3 \tan x = -4$  for  $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$ .



$$x = \dots$$
 or  $x = \dots$  [3]

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