# Cambridge Assessment



### Cambridge IGCSE™

#### MATHEMATICS

Paper 1 (Core) MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 56 0580/13 October/November 2020

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

#### Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

#### **Generic Marking Principles**

October/Nove. W. Mymathscioud.com These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:** 

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question •
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts. •

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:** 

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:** 

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for • valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do •
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions •
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features • are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:** 

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:** 

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6**<sup>•</sup>

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

0580	//13 Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED October/Nove. MMM. M.	ANSINS C			
Ma	ths-Specific Marking Principles	Cloud			
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.	Ľ.			
2	Inless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore uperfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.				
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.				
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).				
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.				
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.				

#### Abbreviations

cao - correct answer only dep – dependent FT – follow through after error isw - ignore subsequent working oe – or equivalent SC – Special Case nfww – not from wrong working soi - seen or implied

#### Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

580/13	Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme October/Nove.				
Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks		
1(a)	Feb	1			
1(b)	September and October have most rainfall, June has most rain days oe	1			
2	2.8[0] 1.8 1.89	3	<b>B1</b> for 2.8[0] <b>B1FT</b> for 1.89 <b>B1FT</b> for 1.8		
3(a)	97.424	1			
3(b)	$\frac{1}{2}$ or 0.5	1			
4	4 2	2	B1 for each		
5	17	2	<b>M1</b> for 7 × 16		
6	Accurate triangle with correct construction arcs	2	<b>B1</b> for accurate triangle with no/incorrect arcs or <b>SC1</b> for accurate triangle with arcs with sides interchanged		
7(a)	Toronto 10	2	B1 for each		
7(b)	-6	1			
8	80	1			
9	396	1			
10	6899.2[0] final answer	3	<b>M2</b> for $\frac{6400 \times 2.6 \times 3}{100} + 6400$		
			or <b>M1</b> for $\frac{6400 \times 2.6 \times 3}{100}$		
11(a)	5	1			
11(b)	$(-\frac{12}{5} \text{ oe}, 0)$	2	<b>M1</b> for $5x + 12 = 0$		
12(a)	Complete correct ruled net	3	<b>B2</b> for 3 or 4 correct rectangles in correct places or <b>B1</b> for 1 or 2 correct rectangles in correct places		
12(b)	60	2	<b>M1</b> for $5 \times 4 \times 3$		
13	8	3	<b>M2</b> for $\frac{1}{2} \times (7 + 11) \times x = 12 \times 6$ or better		
			or <b>M1</b> for $12 \times 6$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times (7 + 11) \times x$		

## Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

580/13	Mark Scheme October/Nove. Why. Dynam   DUBLISHED   Answer Marks Partial Marks   18.25, 18.35 2 B1 for each or SC1 for both values correct but reversed				
Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks		
14	18.25, 18.35	2	B1 for each or SC1 for both values correct but reversed		
15	$\frac{40 \times 10}{30 + 20}$	M1	Allow <b>M1</b> for 3 out of 4 values correctly rounded or for all correct but with any trailing zeros		
	8	A1	Dep on $\frac{40 \times 10}{30 + 20}$		
16	50	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{5}{7+5+2}$ [× 140] or $\frac{140}{7+5+2}$ [×5]		
17	3m + 22 final answer	2	<b>B1</b> for $8m + 12$ or $-5m + 10$ or $jm + 22$ or $3m + k$ as final answer		
18	4.47 or 4.472 to 4.473	3	<b>M2</b> for $\frac{2460}{1000} \div \frac{33}{60}$ oe		
			or <b>B2</b> for figs 4472[7] or 4473		
			or <b>M1</b> for figs $246 \div their$ time		
			or <b>B1</b> for 2.46 or 0.55 seen		
19	18	1			
20	$\frac{8}{7}$ and $\frac{21}{10}$ oe improper fractions	M1			
	$\frac{168}{70}$ oe improper fractions	A1			
	$2\frac{2}{5}$ cao final answer	A1	Dep on first A1 If M0 scored, SC1 for $\frac{8}{7}$ or $\frac{21}{10}$ oe improper fractions		
21(a)	8, 11	2	<b>B1</b> for one correct or for <i>their</i> two values adding to 19		
21(b)	11	1	<b>FT</b> <i>their</i> 11		
22	8.97 or 8.967	3	<b>M2</b> for $11.5^2 - 7.2^2$ or better		
			or <b>M1</b> for $PQ^2 + 7.2^2 = 11.5^2$ or better		
23	Correctly eliminates one variable	M1			
	[x =] 6 [y =] -0.5 oe	A2	A1 for either correct If M0 scored, SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations		