



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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	CANDIDATE NAME							
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER					
*53394107	MATHEMATICS			0580/41				
ω	Paper 4 (Extended)		Octo	October/November 2015				
4				2 hours 30 minutes				
0	Candidates answer on t	he Question Paper.						
7 4 7 *	Additional Materials:	Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional)	Geometrical instrumen	ts				

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.



			Pith
1	(a)	Luc is painting the doors in his house. He uses $\frac{3}{4}$ of a tin of paint for each door.	3
		Work out the least number of tins of paint Luc needs to paint 7 doors.	
		Answer(a)	[3]
	(b)	D) Jan buys tins of paint for \$17.16 each. He sells the paint at a profit of 25%.	
		For how much does Jan sell each tin of paint?	
		Answer(b) \$	[2]
	(c)	The cost of \$17.16 for each tin of paint is 4% more than the cost in the previous year.	
		Work out the cost of each tin of paint in the previous year.	
		Answer(c) \$	[3]
	(d)	In America a tin of paint costs \$17.16. In Italy the same tin of paint costs $\in 13.32$. The exchange rate is $\$1 = \notin 0.72$.	
		Calculate, in dollars, the difference in the cost of the tin of paint.	

Answer(d) \$ [2]

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(e)		nt is sold in cylindrical tins of height 11 cm. ch tin holds 750 ml of paint.	To the state of th
	(i)	Write 750 ml in cm ³ .	
			Answer(e)(i) cm ³ [1]
	(ii)	Calculate the radius of the tin. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.	
			Answer(e)(ii) cm [3]
	(iii)	A mathematically similar tin has a height of 22 c	em.
		How many litres of paint does this tin hold?	
			Answer(e)(iii) litres [2]
(f)	The	e mass of a tin of paint is 890 grams, correct to the	e nearest 10 grams.
	Wo	rk out the upper bound of the total mass of 10 tins	s of paint.
			Answer(f) g [1]
(g)		e probability that a tin of paint is dented is 0.07.	
	Out	t of 3000 tins of paint, how many would you expe	ect to be dented?
			Answer(g) [2]
(h)	Tin	s of paint are filled at the rate of 2 m ³ per minute.	
	Ноч	w many 750 ml tins of paint can be filled in 1 hour	r?

Answer(h)[3]

2 (a) Calculate $2^{0.7}$.

4	F 4 7	
Answer(a)	 1	

- **(b)** Find the value of x in each of the following.
 - (i) $2^x = 128$

Answer(b)(i)
$$x =$$
 [1]

(ii)
$$2^x \times 2^9 = 2^{13}$$

$$Answer(b)(ii) x =$$
 [1]

(iii)
$$2^9 \div 2^x = 4$$

$$Answer(b)(iii) x = \dots [1]$$

(iv)
$$2^x = \sqrt[3]{2}$$

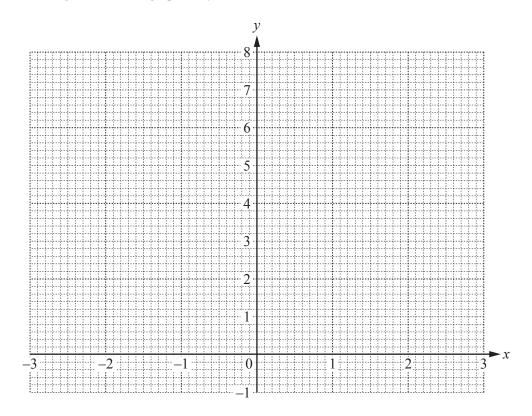
(c) (i) Complete this table of values for $y = 2^x$.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
у	0.125		0.5		2	4	8

[2]

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(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 2^x$ for $-3 \le x \le 3$.



[4]

(iii) Use your graph to solve $2^x = 5$.

$$Answer(c)(iii) x = [1]$$

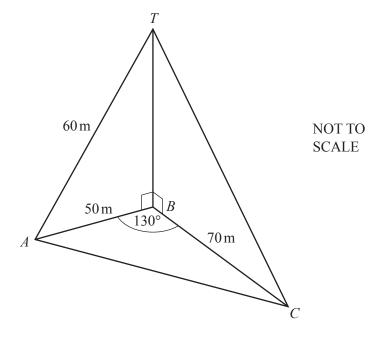
(iv) Find the equation of the line joining the points (1, 2) and (3, 8).

(v) By drawing a suitable line on your graph, solve $2^x - 2 - x = 0$.

Answer(c)(v)
$$x = ...$$
 or $x = ...$ [2]

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3 (a)



A, B and C are points on horizontal ground. BT is a vertical pole. AT = 60 m, AB = 50 m, BC = 70 m and angle $ABC = 130^{\circ}$.

(i) Calculate the angle of elevation of T from C.

Answer(a)(i) [5]

(ii) Calculate the length AC.

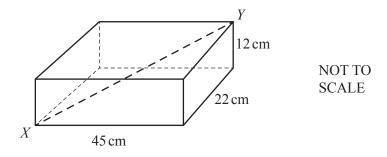
Answer(a)(ii) $AC = \dots m$ [4]

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(iii) Calculate the area of triangle ABC.

Answer(a)(iii) m² [2]

(b)



A cuboid has length 45 cm, width 22 cm and height 12 cm.

Calculate the length of the straight line XY.

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4 Ali buys *x* rose bushes and *y* lavender bushes.

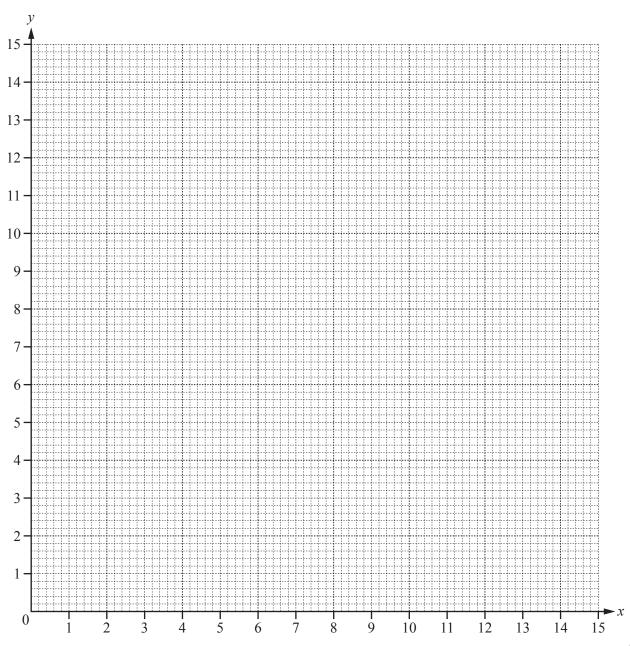
He buys:

- at least 5 rose bushes
- at most 8 lavender bushes
- at most 15 bushes in total
- more lavender bushes than rose bushes.

(a)	(i)	Write down	four inea	malitiec	in terms	of x and/or y ,	to show	thic i	information
(a)	(1)	WITTE GOWII	Tour med	juannes,	III terriis	or x and/or y,	to snow	uns	iiiioiiiiatioii.

Answer(a)(i)	
	Γ Δ Γ

(ii) On the grid, show the information in **part** (a)(i) by drawing four straight lines. Label the region R where all four inequalities are true.

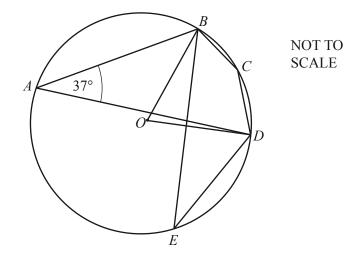


(b) Rose bushes cost \$6 each and lavender bushes cost \$4.50 each.

What is the greatest amount of money Ali could spend?

Answer(b) \$ [2]

5



A, B, C, D and E are points on the circle, centre O. Angle $BAD = 37^{\circ}$.

Complete the following statements.

(a)	Angle <i>BED</i> =	because	
			[2
		because	
(c)	Angle <i>BCD</i> =	because	

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6 120 students take a mathematics examination.

(a) The time taken, m minutes, for each student to answer question 1 is shown in this table.

Time (<i>m</i> minutes)	$0 < m \le 1$	1 < <i>m</i> ≤ 2	2 < m ≤ 3	3 < m ≤ 4	4 < <i>m</i> ≤ 5	5 < <i>m</i> ≤ 6
Frequency	72	21	9	11	5	2

Calculate an estimate of the mean time taken.

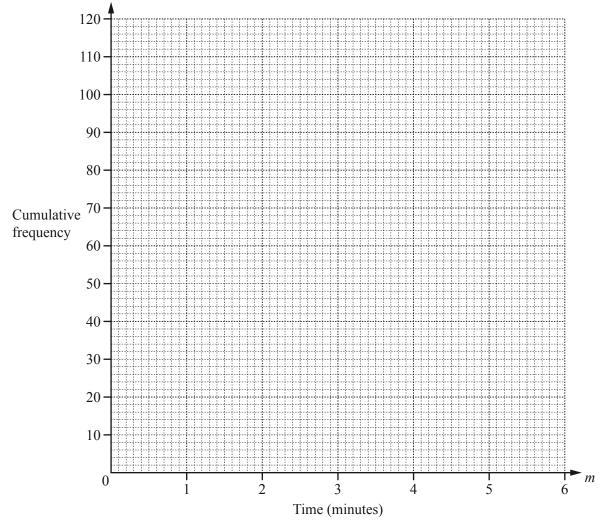
Answer(a) min [4]

(b) (i) Using the table in part (a), complete this cumulative frequency table.

Time (<i>m</i> minutes)	<i>m</i> ≤ 1	<i>m</i> ≤ 2	<i>m</i> ≤ 3	<i>m</i> ≤ 4	<i>m</i> ≤ 5	<i>m</i> ≤ 6
Cumulative frequency	72					120

[2]

(ii) Draw a cumulative frequency diagram to show the time taken.



[3]

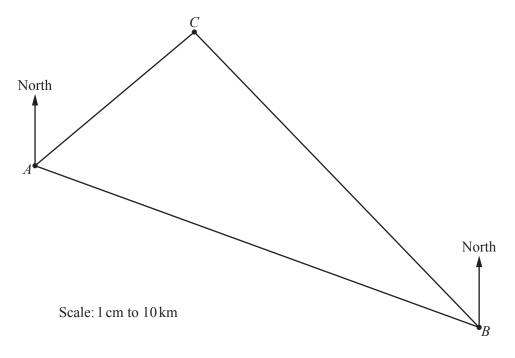
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(iii)	Use	your	cumulative frequency di	agram to find				The
	(a)	the 1	median,	A	nswer(b)(iii)(a)	min	[1]
	(b)	the i	nter-quartile range,		,,,,,	,		
	(-)	41 1	254	Ai	nswer(b)(iii)(l	b)	min	[2]
	(c)	tne .	35th percentile.	Δ	nswer(h)(iii)(c)	min	[2]
(c) An	ew fr	eaue	ncy table is made from th			c)		<u>.</u> 4]
(-)			,		F ().			
			Time (<i>m</i> minutes)	$0 < m \le 1$	$1 < m \le 3$	$3 < m \le 6$		
			Frequency	72				
(i)	Cor	nplet	e the table above.				1	[2]
(ii)	A h	istogr	am was drawn and the he	ight of the firs	t block repres	enting the tin	ne $0 < m \le 1$ was 3.6 c	m.
	Cal	culate	e the heights of the other t	two blocks.				
			Ç					

Answer(c)(ii) cm and cm [3]

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7 The scale drawing shows the positions of three towns *A*, *B* and *C* on a map. The scale of the map is 1 centimetre represents 10 kilometres.



(a)	Find	the	actual	distance	AB.
-----	------	-----	--------	----------	-----

Answer(a) km [1]

(b) Measure the bearing of A from B.

(c) Write the scale 1 cm to 10 km in the form 1 : n.

- (d) A national park lies **inside** the triangle *ABC*. The four boundaries of the national park are
 - equidistant from C and B
 - equidistant from AC and CB
 - 15 km from *CB*
 - along AB.

On the scale drawing, shade the region which represents the national park.

Leave in your construction arcs.

[7]

(e) On the scale drawing, a lake inside the national park has area 0.4 cm².

Calculate the actual area of the lake.

Answer(e) km² [2]

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8 (a) Factorise $x^2 - 3x - 10$.

Answer(a)		[2]
mswer (u)	•••••	[-]

(b) (i) Show that $\frac{x+2}{x+1} + \frac{3}{x} = 3$ simplifies to $2x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$.

Answer(b)(i)

[3]

(ii) Solve $2x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$. Give your answers correct to 3 decimal places. Show all your working.

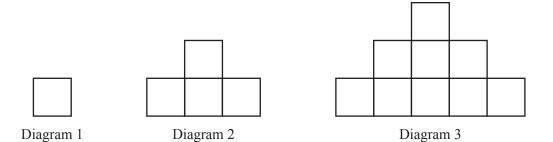
Answer(b)(ii)
$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [4]

(c) Simplify $\frac{2x+3}{x+2} - \frac{x}{x+1}$.

Answer(c) [4]

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9 The first three diagrams in a sequence are shown below. The diagrams are made by drawing lines of length 1 cm.



(a) The areas of each of the first three diagrams are shown in this table.

Diagram	1	2	3
Area (cm ²)	1	4	9

(i) Find the area of Diagram 4.

Answer(a)(i)	cm^2	[1]

(ii) Find, in terms of n, the area of Diagram n.

(b) The numbers of 1 cm lines needed to draw each of the first three diagrams are shown in this table.

Diagram	1	2	3
Number of 1 cm lines	4	13	26

(i) Find the number of 1 cm lines needed to draw Diagram 4.

(ii) In which diagram are 118 lines of length 1 cm needed?

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(c) The **total** number of 1 cm lines needed to draw both Diagram 1 and Diagram 2 is 17. The **total** number of 1 cm lines needed to draw all of the first *n* diagrams is

$$\frac{2}{3}n^3 + an^2 + bn.$$

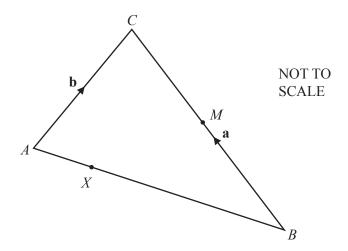
Find the value of *a* and the value of *b*. Show all your working.

 $Answer(c) a = \dots$

 $b = \dots$ [6]

Question 10 is printed on the next page.





$$\overrightarrow{BC} = \mathbf{a}$$
 and $\overrightarrow{AC} = \mathbf{b}$.

(a) Find \overrightarrow{AB} in terms of a and b.

$$Answer(a) \overrightarrow{AB} = \dots [1]$$

(b) *M* is the midpoint of *BC*. *X* divides *AB* in the ratio 1 : 4.

Find \overrightarrow{XM} in terms of **a** and **b**.

Show all your working and write your answer in its simplest form.

Answer(b)
$$\overrightarrow{XM} =$$
 [4]

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