

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education





NAME							
CENTRE NUMBER				CANDIDAT NUMBER	E		

MATHEMATICS 0580/04

Paper 4 (Extended) October/November 2009

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments

Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

For Examiner's Use

This document consists of 21 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



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1	Chris goos	to a chan	to buy meat,	wagatablag	and fruit
1		to a shop	to buy meat.	vegetables	anu mun

(a) (i) The costs of the meat, vegetables and fruit are in the	(a)	(1) The costs of the	meat, veget	abies and	fruit are	ın tne	ratio
--	-----	----------------------	-------------	-----------	-----------	--------	-------

meat : vegetables : fruit = 2 : 2 : 3.

The cost of the meat is \$2.40.

Calculate the total cost of the meat, vegetables and fruit.

Answer(a)(i) [2]

(ii) Chris pays with a \$20 note.

What percentage of the \$20 has he spent?

Answer(a)(ii) % [2]

(b) The masses of the meat, vegetables and fruit are in the ratio

meat : vegetables : fruit = 1 : 8 : 3.

The total mass is 9 kg.

Calculate the mass of the vegetables.

Answer(b) kg [2]

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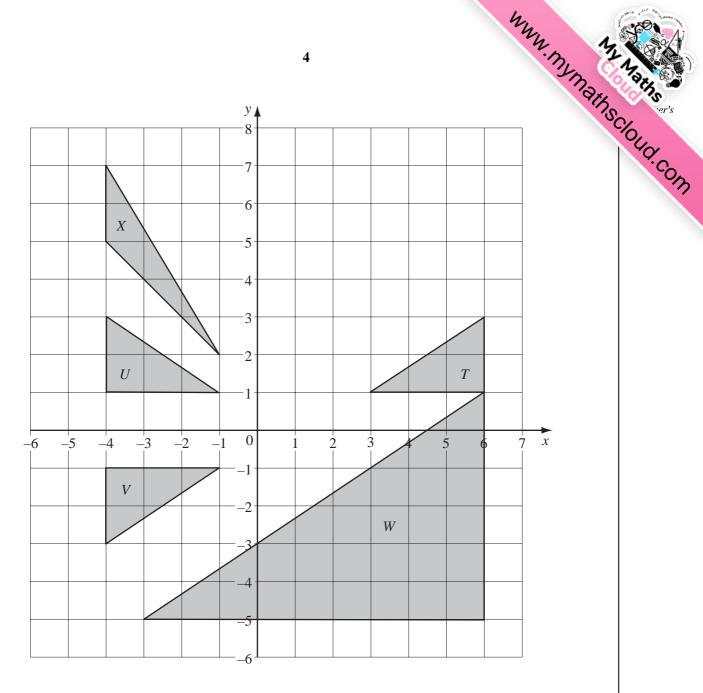
(c) Calculate the cost per kilogram of the fruit.

Answer(c) \$	[3]
$Answer(c) \phi$	 LJ.

(d) The cost of the meat, \$2.40, is an increase of 25% on the cost the previous week.

Calculate the cost of the meat the previous week.

Answer(d) \$ _____ [2]



- (a) Describe fully the single transformation which maps
 - (i) triangle T onto triangle U,

Answer(a)(i) [2]

(ii) triangle T onto triangle V,

Answer(a)(ii) [3]

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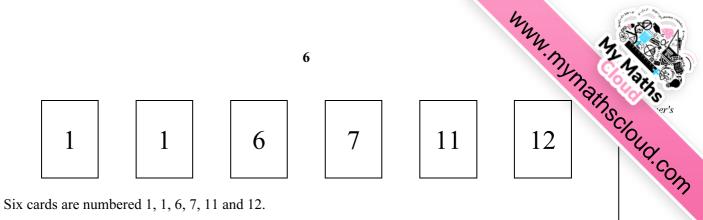
(iii) triangle T onto triangle W,

Ansv	ver(a)(iii)	[3]
	(iv) triangle U onto triangle X .	
Ansı	ver(a)(iv)	[3]
	Find the matrix representing the transformation which maps	
	(i) triangle U onto triangle V ,	

 $\left(\begin{array}{c}
\\
Answer(b)(i)
\end{array}\right) \qquad [2]$

(ii) triangle U onto triangle X.

Answer(b)(ii) (2]



(a) One of the six cards is chosen at random.

In this question, give all probabilities as fractions.

(i)	Which number has a probability of being chosen of $\frac{1}{3}$?	
	Answer(a)(i)	[1]
(ii)	What is the probability of choosing a card with a number which is	

smaller than at least three of the other numbers?

(b) Two of the six cards are chosen at random, without replacement.

Find the probability that

(i) they are both numbered 1,

(ii) the total of the two numbers is 18,

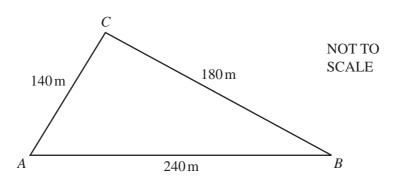
Answer(b)(ii) [3]

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(iii) the first number is not a 1 and the second number is a 1.

(c)	Answer(b)(iii)Cards are chosen, without replacement, until a card numbered 1 is chosen.	[2]
	Find the probability that this happens before the third card is chosen.	
(d)	Answer(c) A seventh card is added to the six cards shown in the diagram.	[2]
(u)	The mean value of the seven numbers on the cards is 6. Find the number on the seventh card.	
	Answer(d)	[2]



The boundary of a park is in the shape of a triangle ABC. $AB = 240 \,\text{m}$, $BC = 180 \,\text{m}$ and $CA = 140 \,\text{m}$.

In part (a), show clearly all your construction arcs.

(a) (i) Using a scale of 1 centimetre to represent 20 metres, **construct** an **accurate** scale drawing of triangle *ABC*. The line *AB* has already been drawn for you.

A B

[2]

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- (ii) Using a straight edge and compasses only, **construct** the bisector of angle ACB.
 - Label the point D, where this bisector meets AB. [2]
- (iii) Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct the locus of points, inside the triangle, which are equidistant from A and from D.
- (iv) Flowers are planted in the park so that they are nearer to AC than to BC and nearer to D than to A.
 - Shade the region inside your triangle which shows where the flowers are planted. [1]

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[3]

In part (b), use trigonometry.

Answer(b)(i)

You must show your working and must NOT use any measurements from your construction part (a).

(b) (i) Show clearly that angle ACB is 96.4° .

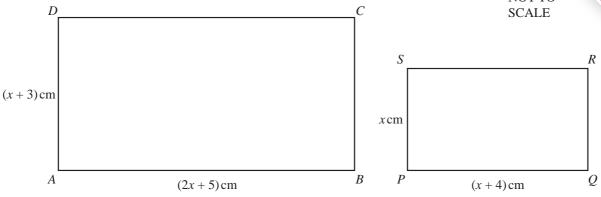
(ii) Calculate the area of the park.

Answer(b)(ii) _____ m² [2]

(iii) Use the sine rule to calculate angle ABC.

Answer(b)(iii) Angle ABC = [3]

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The diagram shows two rectangles ABCD and PQRS.

$$AB = (2x + 5) \text{ cm}, AD = (x + 3) \text{ cm}, PQ = (x + 4) \text{ cm} \text{ and } PS = x \text{ cm}.$$

- (a) For one value of x, the area of rectangle ABCD is $59 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$ more than the area of rectangle PQRS.
 - (i) Show that $x^2 + 7x 44 = 0$. Answer(a)(i)

[3] (ii) Factorise $x^2 + 7x - 44$.

> Answer(a)(ii) [2]

(iii) Solve the equation $x^2 + 7x - 44 = 0$.

[1]

(iv) Calculate the size of angle *DBA*.

Answer(a)(iv) Angle DBA =[2]

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(b) For a **different** value of x, the rectangles ABCD and PQRS are similar.

Answer(b)(i)

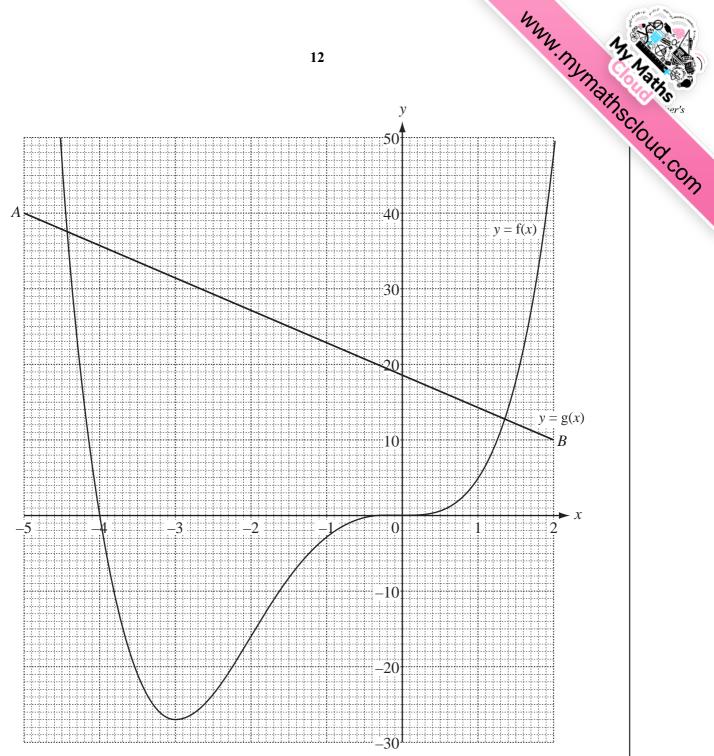
(i) Show that this value of x satisfies the equation $x^2 - 2x - 12 = 0$.

[3]

(ii) Solve the equation $x^2 - 2x - 12 = 0$, giving your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

(iii) Calculate the perimeter of the rectangle *PQRS*.

Answer(b)(iii) cm [1]



The graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) are shown above.

1	(a)	Find	the	val	lue	αf
Ŋ,	а	, i iiiu	uic	v a	luc	$\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{I}}$

(i) f(-2),

[1] Answer(a)(i)

(ii) g(0).

[1] Answer(a)(ii)

[2]

- **(b)** Use the graphs to solve
 - (i) the equation f(x) = 20,

(ii) the equation f(x) = g(x),

$$Answer(b)(ii) x = or x = [2]$$

(iii) the inequality f(x) < g(x).

(c) Use the points A and B to find the gradient of y = g(x) as an exact fraction.

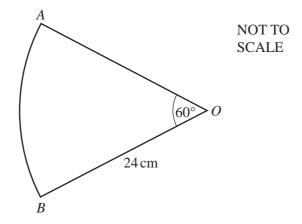
- (d) On the grid, draw the graph of y = g(x) 10.
- (e) (i) Draw the tangent to the graph of y = f(x) at (-3, -27). [1]
 - (ii) Write down the equation of this tangent.

(f) A region, R, contains points whose co-ordinates satisfy the inequalities

$$-3 \le x \le -2$$
, $y \le 40$ and $y \ge g(x)$.

On the grid, draw suitable lines and label this region R. [2]

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(a) The sector of a circle, centre O, radius 24 cm, has angle $AOB = 60^{\circ}$.

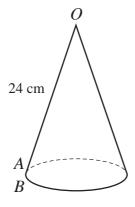
Calculate

(i) the length of the arc AB,

Answer(a)(i)		cm	[2]	l
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(ii) the area of the sector *OAB*.

(b) The points A and B of the sector are joined together to make a hollow cone as shown in the diagram. The arc AB of the sector becomes the circumference of the base of the cone.



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Calculate

((i)	the 1	radius	of	the	base	of	the	cone
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Answer(b)(i)	cm	Г 2 1
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(ii) the height of the cone,

(iii) the volume of the cone. [The volume, V, of a cone of radius r and height h is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.]

(c) A different cone, with radius x and height y, has a volume W.

Find, in terms of W, the volume of

(i) a similar cone, with both radius and height 3 times larger,

$$Answer(c)(i)$$
 [1]

(ii) a cone of radius 2x and height y.

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8 Fifty students are timed when running one kilometre.

The results are shown in the table.

Time (t minutes)	$4.0 < t \le 4.5$	$4.5 < t \le 5.0$	$5.0 < t \le 5.5$	$5.5 < t \le 6.0$	$6.0 < t \le 6.5$	$6.5 < t \le 7.0$
Frequency	2	7	8	18	10	5

1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	****	Г17
Answer(a)	111111	111
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(b) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

Answer(b) min [4]

(c) A new frequency table is made from the results shown in the table above.

Time (t minutes)	$4.0 < t \le 5.5$	$5.5 < t \le 6.0$	$6.0 < t \le 7.0$
Frequency		18	

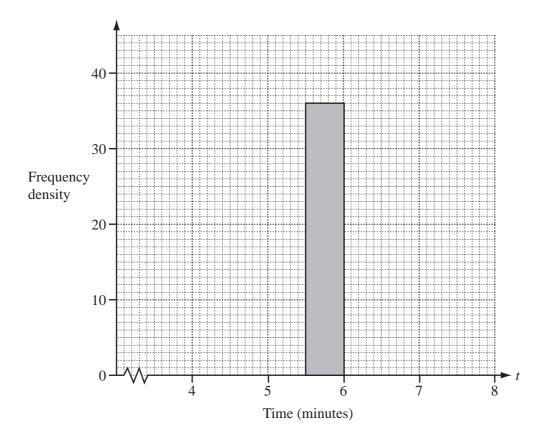
(i) Complete the table by filling in the two empty boxes.

[1]

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(ii) On the grid below, complete an accurate histogram to show the information in this table.



[3]

(iii) Find the number of students represented by 1 cm² on the histogram.

Answer(c)(iii) [1]

9 (a) Solve the equation
$$\frac{m-3}{4} + \frac{m+4}{3} = -7.$$

$$Answer(a) m =$$
 [4]

(b) (i)
$$y = \frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3}$$

Find the value of y when x = 5.

(ii) Write
$$\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3}$$
 as a single fraction.



(iii) Solve the equation
$$\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3} = \frac{1}{x}$$
.

$$Answer(b)(iii) x =$$
 [3]

$$p = \frac{t}{q-1}$$

Find q in terms of p and t.

$$Answer(c) q = [3]$$

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Row 1 1 Row 2 8 Row 3 27 Row 4 13 + 15 + 17 +64 19 Row 5 Row 6 The rows above show sets of consecutive odd numbers and their totals. (a) Complete Row 5 and Row 6. [2] **(b)** What is the special name given to the numbers 1, 8, 27, 64...? Answer(b) [1] (c) Write down in terms of n, (i) how many consecutive odd numbers there are in Row n, Answer(c)(i) [1] (ii) the total of these numbers. Answer(c)(ii) [1] (d) The first number in Row *n* is given by $n^2 - n + 1$. Show that this formula is true for Row 4. Answer(d)

[1]

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(e) The total of Row 3 is 27. This can be calculated by $(3 \times 7) + 2 + 4$.

The total of Row 4 is 64. This can be calculated by $(4 \times 13) + 2 + 4 + 6$.

The total of Row 7 is 343. Show how this can be calculated in the same way.

Answer(e)

[1]

(f) The total of the first n even numbers is n(n + 1).

Write down a formula for the total of the first (n-1) even numbers.

Answer(f) [1]

(g) Use the results of **parts** (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row n gives your answer to **part** (c)(ii).

Answer(g)

[2]

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