UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	MATHEMATICS									
	Paper 3 (Core)	0580/03 0581/03								
		on the Question Paper. Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)								
Candidate Name										
Centre Number		Candidate Number								

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN THE BARCODE.

DO NOT WRITE IN THE GREY AREAS BETWEEN THE PAGES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is

not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in

degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

This document consists of **13** printed pages and **3** blank page.

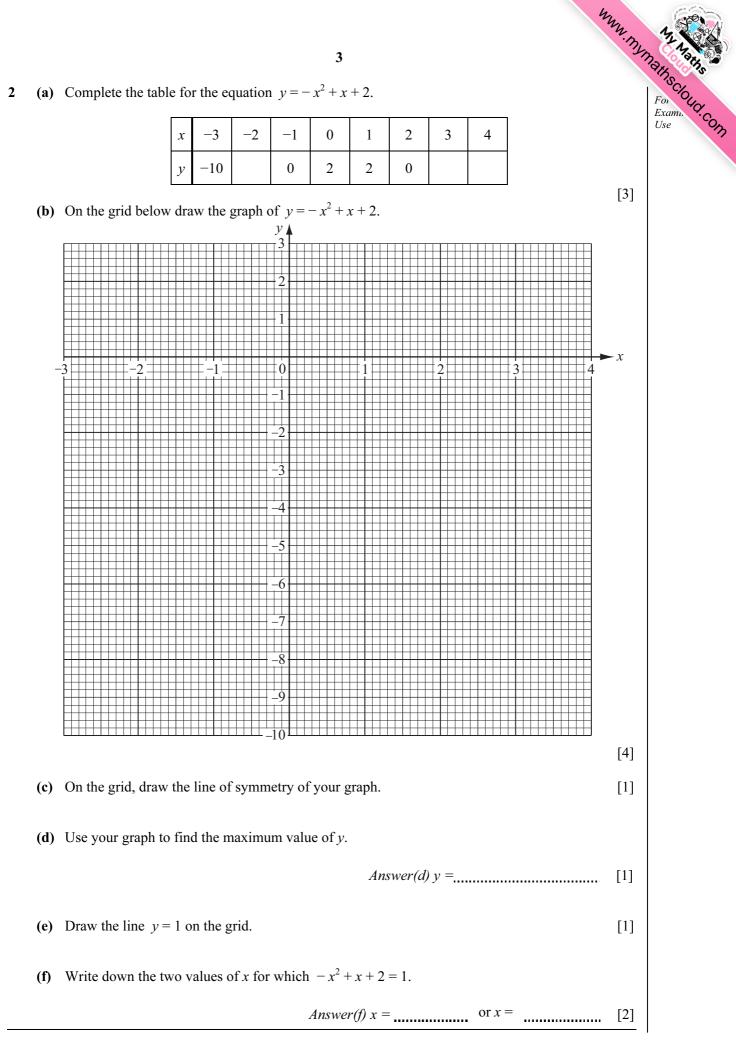


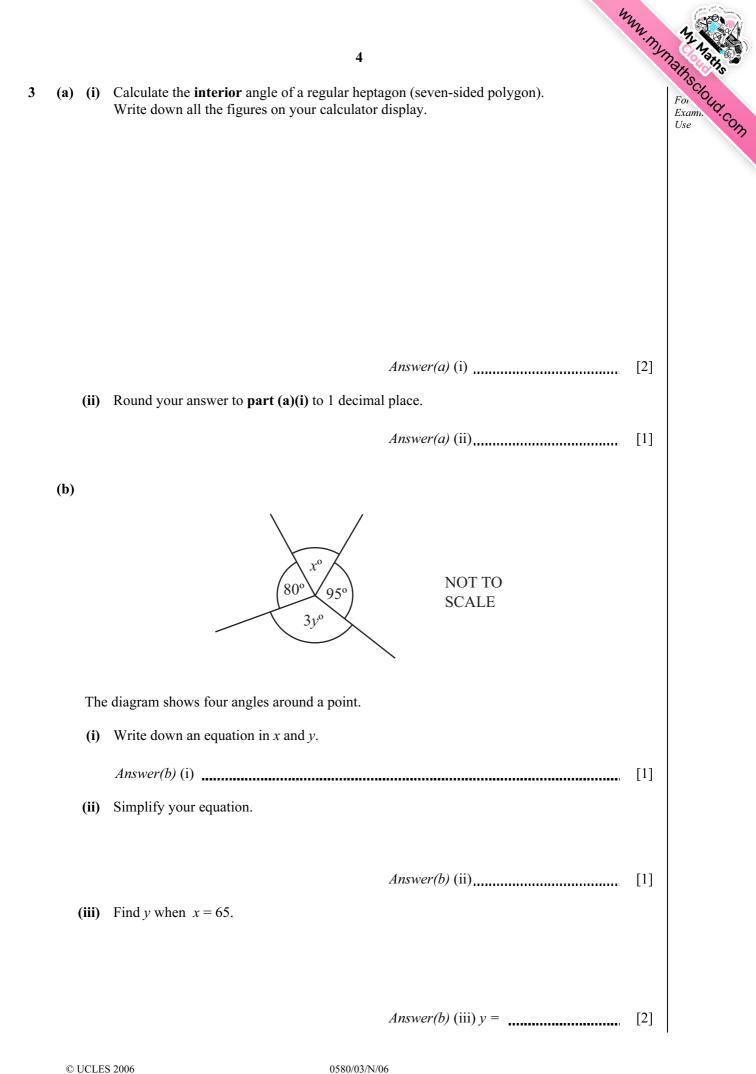


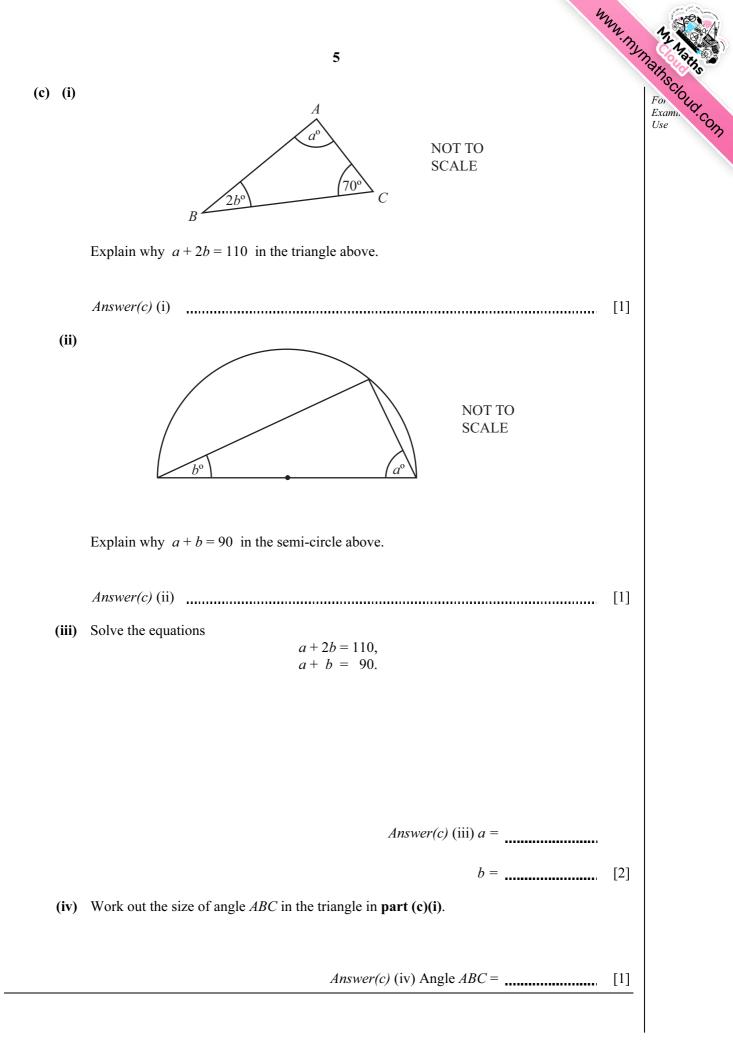


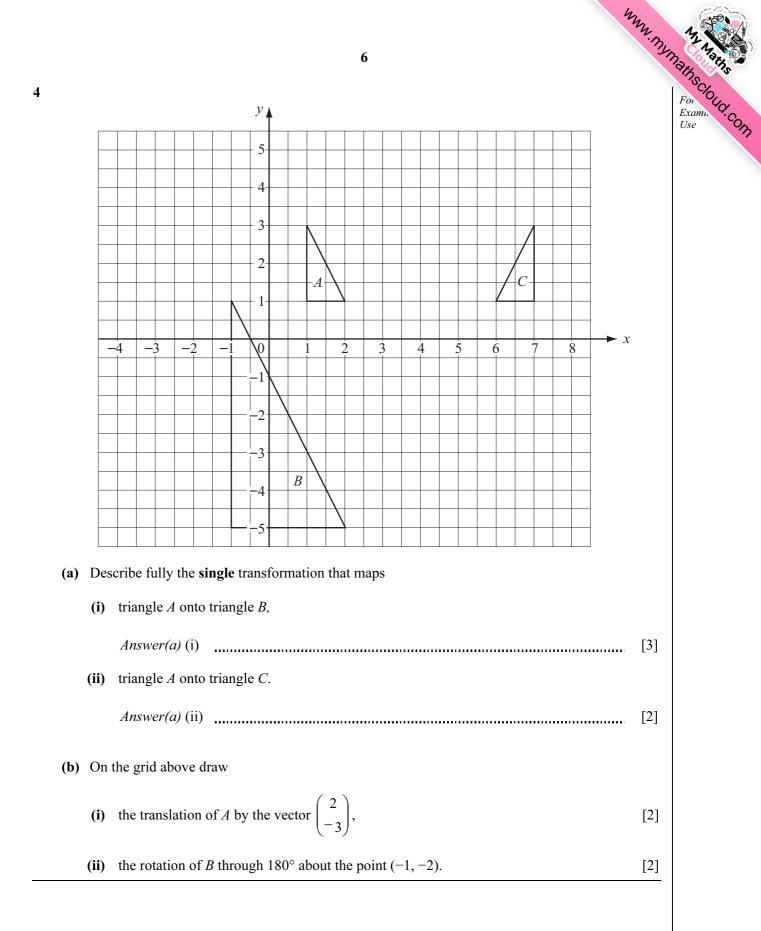
www.mymathscioud.com 2 **(a)** $\frac{2}{3}$ 2 3 3.14 √35 10 24 37 45 88 From the list of numbers above choose one that is (i) an irrational number, Answer(a) (i) [1] (ii) the cube root of 27, Answer(a) (ii) [1] a multiple of 9, (iii) Answer(a) (iii) [1] a prime number, (iv) Answer(a) (iv) [1] a factor of 44, **(v)** Answer(a) (v) [1] (vi) the product of 6 and 4. Answer(a) (vi) [1] (b) The diagram below shows a sequence of patterns made with small triangular tiles. Pattern 2 3 4 number (i) Draw the next pattern in the sequence. [1] (ii) Complete the table below. Pattern number 4 1 2 3 5 6 Number of tiles 1 4 9 [2] (iii) How many tiles will be in the 100th pattern? Answer(b) (iii) [1] (iv) How many tiles will be in the *n*th pattern? Answer(b) (iv) [1] (v) What is the special name given to the numbers in the second row of the table? Answer(b) (v) [1]

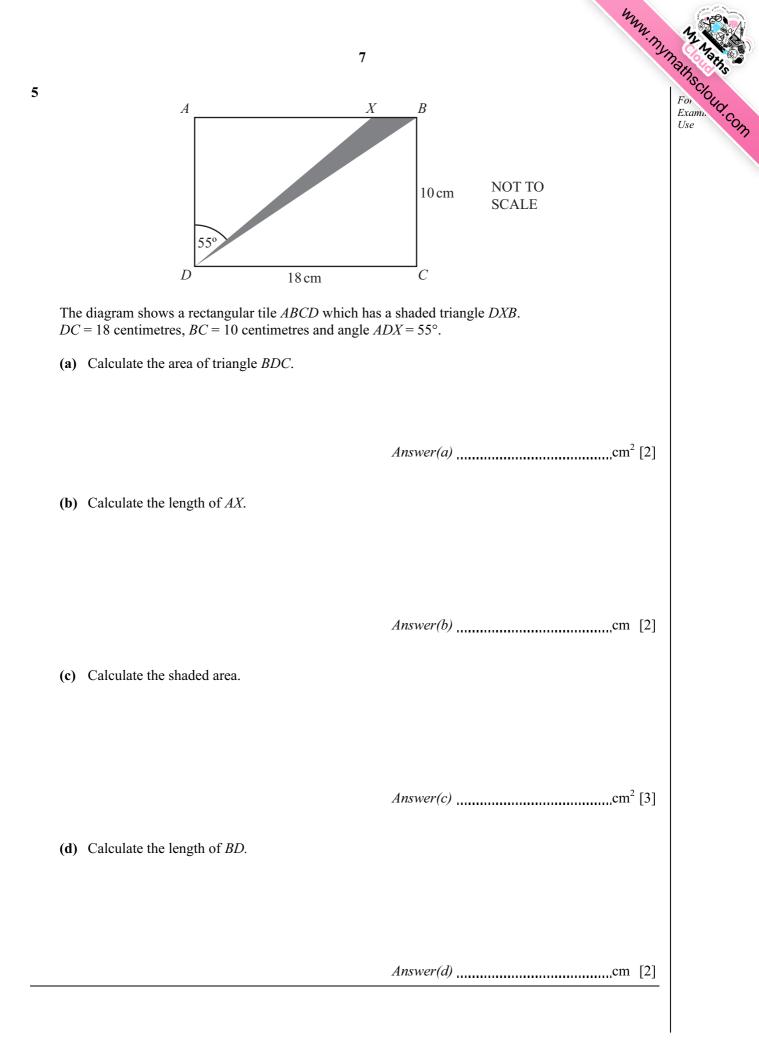
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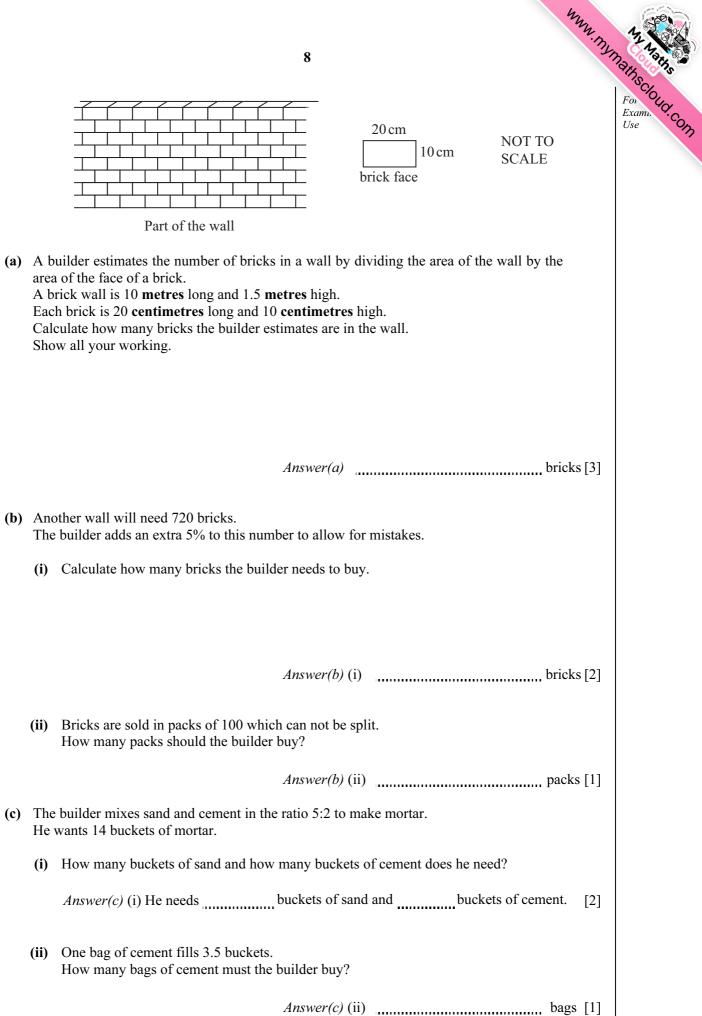


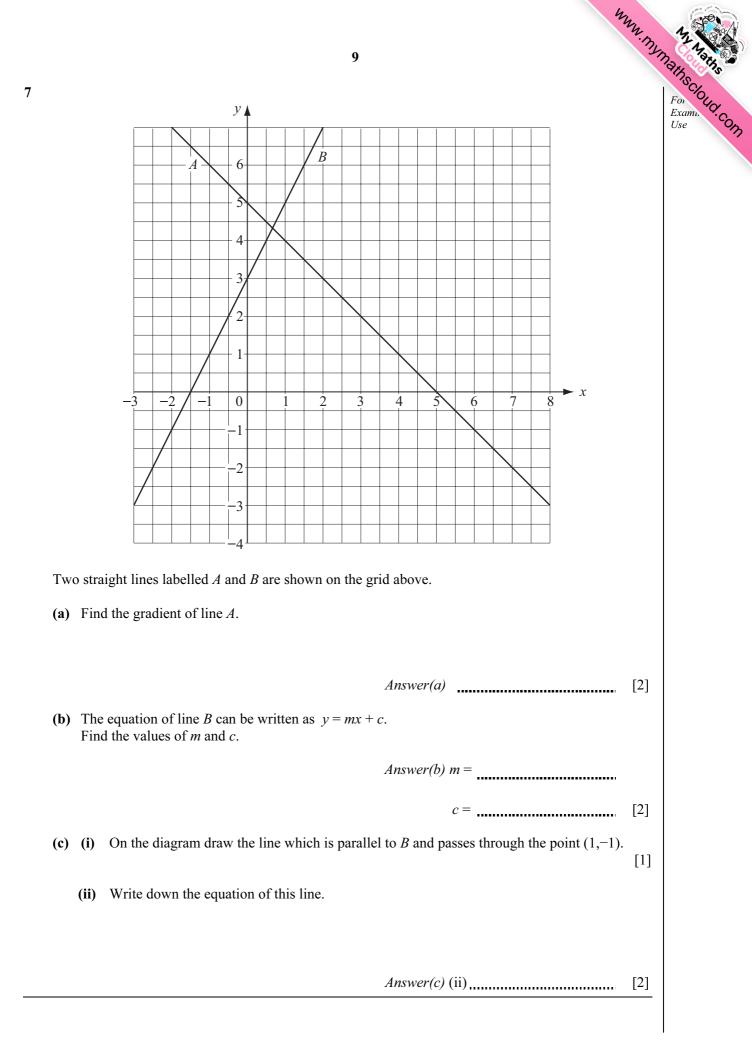




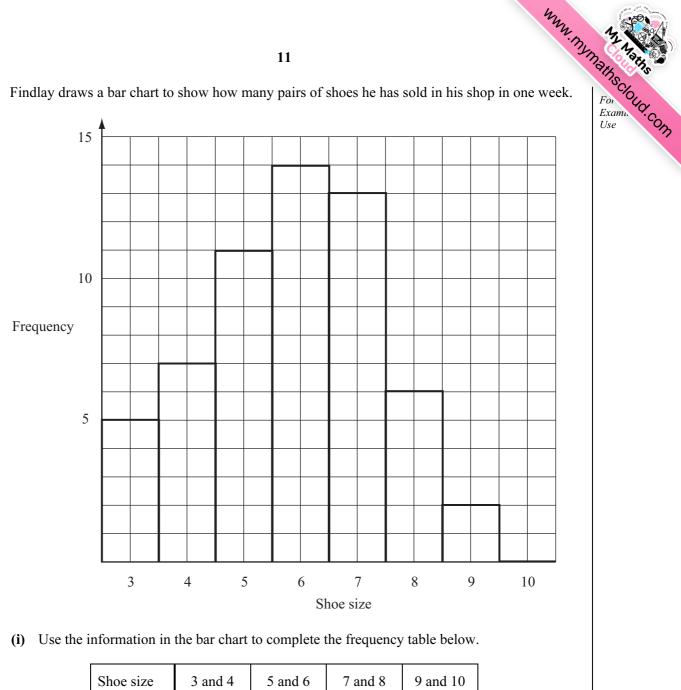
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								10								WWW. MYMBinst For Exan Use
a) Naoi	mi records	s the	sizes	of th	ie 34	4 pairs	of sh	oes t	that h	er sho	p sell	s in	one d	ay.		For
		4	10	5	6	4	8	6	4	7	3	9	7	4		Use
		7	3	5	4	6	5	10	7	5	5	6	4	7		
		7	6	6	5	5	3	5	6							
(i)	Using the	e list	above	e con	nple	te the	freque	ency	table	.						
	S	hoes	size	3		4	5		6	7	8		9	10]	
	Fr	reque	ency													
				0.1												[3]
(ii)	Calculate	the t	mean	of th	iese	shoe s	sizes.									
																[2]
/··· >	F. 14		6.4							Answ	ver(a)	(11)				[3]
(111)	Find the r	range		iese s	sizes	5.							、 、			F13
(***)	Find the s		f 41		.:	_				Answ	ver(a)) (111)			[1]
(IV)	Find the r	mode		lese s	sizes	5.							`			[1]
()	Work and	41		1 .	~ ~ ~	:				Answ	ver(a)) (1V)			[1]
(v)	Work out	i ine :	meala	an sn	ue s	ize.										
										Answ	ver(a)) (v)				[2]
(vi)	Calculate	the j	perce	ntage	e of	all the	pairs	of s	hoes	that ar	e size	e 7.				
										1		(`			0/ [2]
(vii)	Naomi or	·dora	306 -	naira	ofa	hoort	0.6011	in h	or ohe		ver(a)	(V1)			70.[2]
	Estimate										ze 7.					
										1	1014	(;)			[2]
										Answ	ver(a)	(V1	1)			[2]



(b) Findlay draws a bar chart to show how many pairs of shoes he has sold in his shop in one week.

[2]

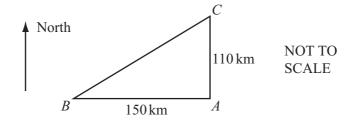
(ii) Which is the modal class in the frequency table?

Frequency

Answer(b) (ii) [1]



9 The sketch shows the positions of three islands A, B and C. B is 150 kilometres due West of A. C is 110 kilometres due North of A.



(a) Using a scale of 1 centimetre to represent 20 kilometres draw accurately the triangle *ABC*. *A* is marked for you.

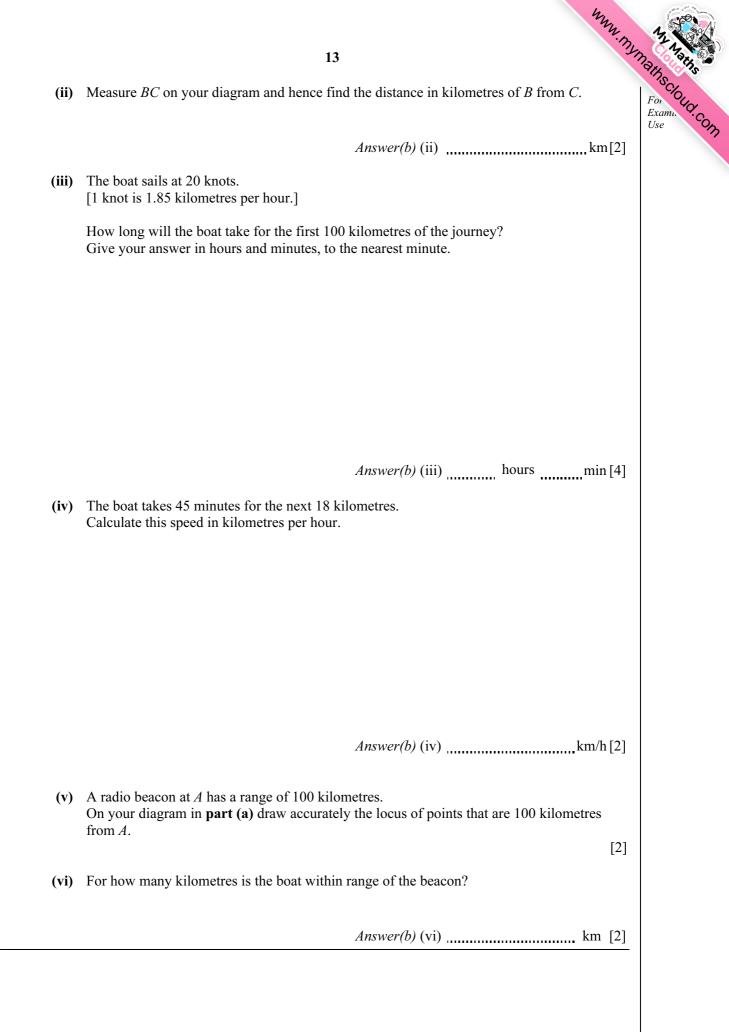
 $\times A$

[3]

(b) A boat sets out from *B* to sail directly to *C*.

(i) Use your protractor to find the three-figure bearing of *B* from *C*.

Answer(b) (i) [2]





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