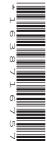


Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME					
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MATHEMATICS 0580/42

Paper 4 (Extended) May/June 2023

2 hours 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

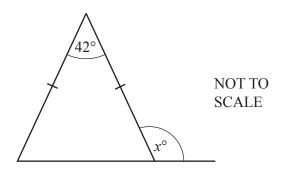
- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 130.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

1 (a)



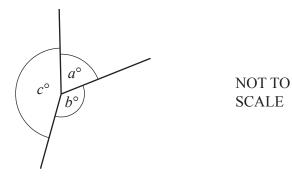
The diagram shows an isosceles triangle with the base extended.

Find the value of *x*.

x =)		

(b) The diagram shows three lines meeting at a point. The ratio a:b:c=3:4:5.

Find the value of c.



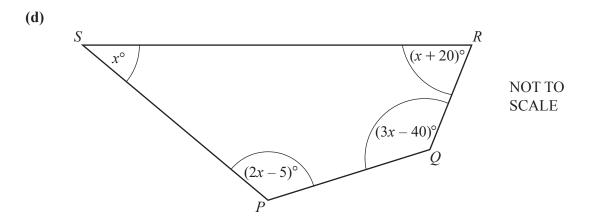
c =		[3]
-----	--	-----

(c) A regular pentagon has an exterior angle, d. A regular hexagon has an interior angle, h.

Find the fraction $\frac{d}{h}$.

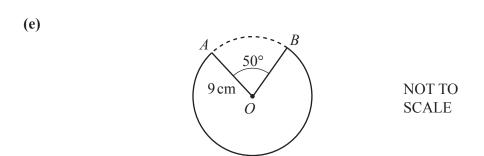
Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....[4]



Show that *PQRS* is a cyclic quadrilateral.

[5]



The diagram shows a circle of radius 9 cm, centre O. The minor sector AOB, with sector angle 50°, is removed from the circle.

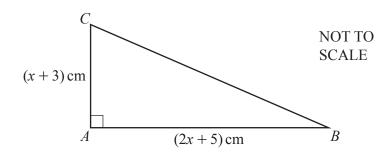
Calculate the length of the major arc AB.

..... cm [3]

(a)	He	il changes \$830 into euros when the exchange rate is 1 euspends 500 euros. then changes the remaining money back into dollars at the		
	Wo	ork out how much, in dollars, Anil receives.		
			\$	[3]
(b)	In 2	2021, Anil earns \$37 000.		
	(i)	He spends \$12400 on bills in 2021.		
		Calculate the percentage of his earnings he spends on b	ills.	
			%	[2]
	(ii)	His earnings of \$37000 increase by 3.2% in 2022.		[~]
		Calculate his earnings in 2022.		
			\$	[2]
				-

(c)	Ani	Anil invests \$3500 in an account that pays a rate of 2.4% per year compound interest.						
	(i)	Calculate the total interest earned at the end of 5 years.						
		\$[3]						
	(ii)	Find the number of complete years before Anil has at least \$5000 in this account.						
		years [3]						

3



The diagram shows a right-angled triangle ABC.

(a) (i) The area of the triangle is $60 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$.

Show that $2x^2 + 11x - 105 = 0$.

[3]

(ii) Solve by factorisation.

$$2x^2 + 11x - 105 = 0$$

 $x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$ [3]

(iii) Calculate angle *ACB*.

.....[3]

Triangle ABC is similar to triangle DEF . Triangle DEF has an area of 93.75 cm ² .								
(i)	Find the size of the smallest angle of triangle <i>DEF</i> .							
(ii)	Find the length of the shortest side of triangle DEF .	[[1]					
		ст Г	31					
	Tria (i)	Triangle <i>DEF</i> has an area of 93.75 cm ² . (i) Find the size of the smallest angle of triangle <i>DEF</i> .	Triangle <i>DEF</i> has an area of 93.75 cm ² . (i) Find the size of the smallest angle of triangle <i>DEF</i> .					

4 The table shows information about the heights of 80 children.

Height (h metres)	$1.2 < h \leqslant 1.4$	$1.4 < h \leqslant 1.5$	$1.5 < h \le 1.65$	$1.65 < h \le 1.8$	$1.8 < h \le 1.9$
Frequency	2	13	24	32	9

Frequency		ncy	2	13	24	32	9	
(a)	(i)	Write d	own the interva	l containing the	e median.		,	,
						<	<i>h</i> ≤	[1
	(ii)	Calcula	te an estimate o	of the mean heigh	ght.			
							n	n [4
(b)	(i)		these children is			or loss		
		Calcula	ne me probabili	ty that they hav	e a height of 1.41	m or less.		
		_						. [1
	(ii)					an 1.5 m but only	one of them is	talle

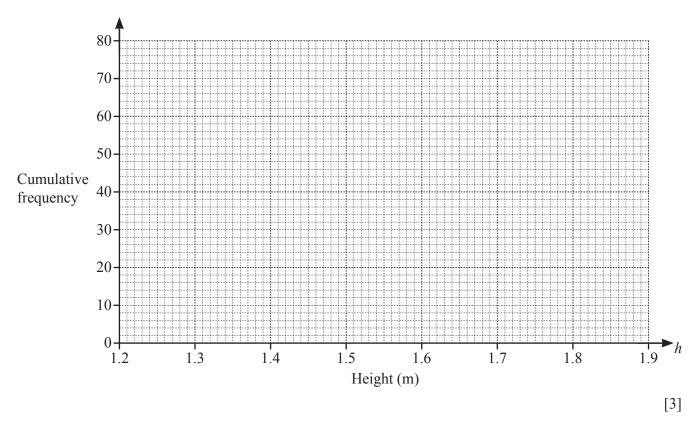
.....[3]

(c) (i) Complete the cumulative frequency table for the heights.

Height (h metres)	<i>h</i> ≤ 1.4	<i>h</i> ≤ 1.5	<i>h</i> ≤ 1.65	<i>h</i> ≤ 1.8	<i>h</i> ≤ 1.9	
Cumulative frequency	2					

[2]

(ii) On the grid, draw the cumulative frequency diagram.



(d) Use your diagram to find an estimate of

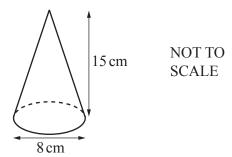
(i) the interquartile range

..... m [2]

(ii) the 60th percentile.

..... m [2]

5 (a)



A cone has base diameter 8 cm and perpendicular height 15 cm.

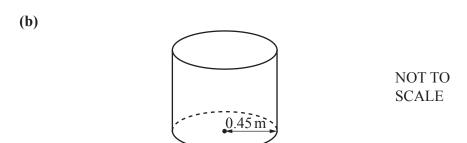
(i) Calculate the volume of the cone. [The volume, V, of a cone with radius r and height h is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.]

	cm^3	[2]
--	--------	-----

(ii) A label completely covers the curved surface area of the cone.

Calculate the area of the label as a percentage of the **total** surface area of the cone. [The curved surface area, A, of a cone with radius r and slant height l is $A = \pi r l$.]

..... % [5]



An empty cylindrical container has radius 0.45 m. 300 litres of water is poured into the container at a rate of 375 ml per second.

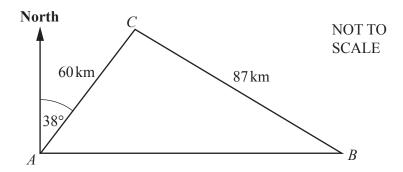
(i)	Find the time taken, in minutes and seconds, for all the water to be poured into the container.
. ,	
	s [3]

(ii) Calculate the height of the water in the container.

..... m [3]

6	(a)	A s	sequence has <i>n</i> th term $\frac{n}{2n+3}$.
		(i)	Find the first three terms of this sequence.
			Give your answers as fractions.
		(ii)	The <i>k</i> th term of this sequence is $\frac{12}{25}$.
			Find the value of k .
			$k = \dots $ [2
	(b)	Fin	nd the <i>n</i> th term of each sequence.
		(i)	6, 13, 32, 69, 130,
			[2
		(ii)	
		()	

7



The diagram shows the straight roads between town A, town B and town C. $AC = 60 \,\mathrm{km}$, $CB = 87 \,\mathrm{km}$ and B is due east of A. The bearing of C from A is 038° .

(a) Show that angle $ACB = 95.1^{\circ}$, correct to 1 decimal place.

[5]

(b) Without stopping, a car travels from town A to town C then to town B, before returning directly to town A.

The total time taken for the journey is 3 hours 20 minutes.

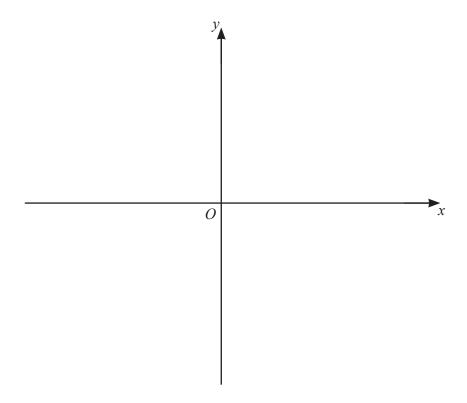
Calculate the average speed of the car for this journey. Give your answer in kilometres per hour.

..... km/h [6]

8 (a) (i) Show that the equation y = (x-4)(x+1)(x-2) can be written as $y = x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 8$.

[2]

(ii) On the diagram, sketch the graph of $y = x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 8$, indicating the values where the graph crosses the axes.



[4]

	15				
(b)	The graph of $y = x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 8$ has two tangents with a gradient of 10. Find the equations of these two tangents. You must show all your working and give your answers in the form $y = mx + c$.				
	y =	[7]			

9	(a)	Simplify.	
		(i)	$(3x^2y^4)^3$

	2	 [2
(ii)	$\left(\frac{16}{x^{16}v^8}\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}}$	

(b) (i) Factorise.
$$x^2-9$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 9}{2xy - 6y + 5x - 15}$$

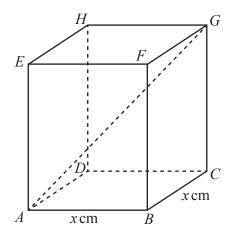
(c) Solve the simultaneous equations.

You must show all your working and give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

$$2x + y = 7$$
$$y = 5x^2 + 2x - 13$$

$$x = \dots, y = \dots$$
 $x = \dots, y = \dots$
[6]

10 (a)



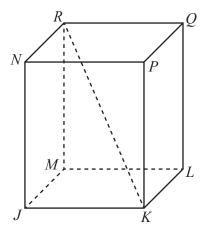
NOT TO SCALE

ABCDEFGH is a cuboid with a square base of side x cm. CG = 20 cm and AG = 28 cm.

Calculate the value of x.

$$x = \dots$$
 [4]

(b)



NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows a different cuboid JKLMNPQR.

 $MR = 30 \,\mathrm{cm}$ correct to the nearest centimetre.

KR = 37 cm correct to the nearest centimetre.

Calculate the lower bound of the angle between KR and the base JKLM of the cuboid.

.....[4]

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