## Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

## MATHEMATICS

0580/41
Paper 4 (Extended)
May/June 2023
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 130

## Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.
Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2023 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

## Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.


## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.


## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:
Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

## Maths-Specific Marking Principles

1 Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.

2 Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.

3 Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.

4 Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).

5 Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.

6 Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

## Abbreviations

| cao | correct answer only |
| :--- | :--- |
| dep | dependent |
| FT | follow through after error |
| isw | ignore subsequent working |
| oe | or equivalent |
| SC | Special Case |
| nfww | not from wrong working |
| soi | seen or implied |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a)(i) | 600 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1250}{12+9+4} \times k$ where $k=1,4,9,12$ oe |
| 1(a)(ii) | 80 | 2 | M1 for $1250 \times 64[\div 1000]$ |
| 1(a)(iii) | 60 | 2 | M1 for $x \times\left(1-\frac{10}{100}\right)=54$ oe |
| 1(a)(iv) | 1000 | 2 | M1 for $1250-(1250 \div 5)$ oe or B1 for 250 |
| 1(b)(i) | 3.52 | 2 | M1 for [10-] $12 \times 0.54$ or B1 for 6.48 |
| 1(b)(ii) | 0.08 | 3 | B2 for 0.077[4...] <br> or M1 for $0.51 \div 0.826$ <br> If 0 or 1 scored award instead $\mathbf{S C} 2$ for 0.93 final answer <br> OR <br> If 0 scored SC1 for 0.06 as answer |
| 2(a) | $[\sin =] \frac{145}{\frac{1}{2} \times 6.4 \times 5.7 \times 15}$ | M2 | M1 for $145=\frac{1}{2} \times 6.4 \times 5.7 \times \sin x \times 15$ oe or for $\frac{1}{2} \times 6.4 \times h \times 15=145$ and $\sin x=\frac{h}{5.7}$ |
|  | 32.0[0] | A1 | If M0, SC1 for $145=$ <br> $0.5 \times 6.4 \times 5.7 \times \sin 32 \times 15$ oe |
| 2(b) | $3.4[0]$ or 3.402 to 3.403 nfww | 3 | M2 for $\sqrt{6.4^{2}+5.7^{2}-2 \times 6.4 \times 5.7 \times \cos (32)}$ OR <br> M1 for $6.4^{2}+5.7^{2}-2 \times 6.4 \times 5.7 \times \cos (32)$ <br> A1 for 11.6 or 11.57 to 11.58 |
| 2(c) | 3.02 or 3.020 to 3.021 | 3 | M2 for $\sin (32)=\frac{x}{5.7}$ $\sqrt{80^{2}+50^{2}-2 \times 80 \times 50 \times \cos 75}$ <br> or $\mathbf{M 1}$ for recognition that the line from $E$ is perpendicular to $A B$ e.g. right angle seen or $\frac{1}{2} \times 6.4 \times h$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(d) | 10.8 or 10.9 or 10.84 to 10.85 ... | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M3 for }[\sin =] \frac{\text { their }(\mathbf{c})}{\sqrt{15^{2}+5.7^{2}}} \\ & \text { or }[\tan =] \frac{\text { their }(\mathbf{c})}{\sqrt{\left.(5.7 \times \cos 32)^{2}+15^{2}\right)}} \end{aligned}$ <br> or M2 for $15^{2}+5.7^{2}$ or $(5.7 \times \cos 32)^{2}+15^{2}$ oe or M1 for recognition of correct angle |
| 2(e) | 136 or 136.0... | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M2 for } 938 \times 145 \times \frac{1000}{1000000} \text { oe } \\ & \text { or M1 for figs } 136 \text { or } 13601 \end{aligned}$ |
| 3(a)(i) | 55.87 | 4 | M1 for midpoints soi <br> M1 for use of $\sum f m$ where $m$ is in the correct interval including boundaries <br> M1 (dep on 2nd M1) for $\sum f m \div 1000$ |
| 3(a)(ii) | $\frac{177}{500} \text { cao }$ | 2 | M1 for $\frac{154+200}{1000}$ oe |
| 3(b)(i) | 25000 | 1 |  |
| 3(b)(ii) | $2.473 \times 10^{4}$ | 1 |  |
| 3(c)(i) | 166650 or 165816 nfww | 3 | ```M2 for \((500+5) \times\) ' 320 to 340 ' or ' 500 to 510 ' \(\times(320+10)\) or M1 for \(500-5\) or \(500+5\) or \(320-10\) or \(320+10\) Alternative method M2 for \(504 \times\) ' 320 to 340 ' or ' 500 to 510 ' \(\times 329\) or M1 for 504 or 329``` |
| 3(c)(ii) | 285 or 286 nfww | 2 | M1 for $800-10$ |
| 4(a)(i) | 96 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 8$ |
| 4(a)(ii) | 18.4 or 18.43... | 2 | M1 for $\tan [x]=\frac{8}{24}$ oe |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(b) | 622 or 622.0 to 622.1 .... | 2 | M1 for $\left[\frac{1}{2} \times\right] \pi \times 6^{2} \times 11$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 6^{2}[\times 11]$ |
| 4(c)(i) | 246 or 246.2 to 246.3... | 5 | M4 for $15 \times 20-4 \times 4-\frac{270}{360} \times \pi \times 4^{2}$ oe OR <br> M2 for $\frac{270}{360} \times \pi \times 4^{2}$ oe or M1 for $k \times \pi \times 4^{2}$, where $k \leq 1$ M1 for $15 \times 20$ or $4 \times 4$ oe |
| 4(c)(ii) | 80.8 or 80.9 or 80.84 to $80.85 \ldots$ | 3 | M1 for $15+20+11+16$ oe M1 for $\frac{3}{4} \times 2 \times \pi \times 4$ oe |
| 5(a)(i)(a) | 25 | 1 |  |
| 5(a)(i)(b) | 17 to 18 | 1 |  |
| 5(a)(i)(c) | 12 | 2 | B1 for 148 seen |
| 5(a)(i)(d) | 30 | 2 | B1 for 104 seen |
| 5(a)(ii)(a) | correct diagram or correct for their median and LQ | 3 | B1 for whiskers at 1 and at 70 <br> B1 for with median and LQ at their (a)(i)(a) and (a)(i)(b) <br> B1 for UQ at 34 <br> Maximum 2 marks if diagram incorrect If 0 scored SC1 for their 5 correct ages plotted |
| 5(a)(ii)(b) | 50 | 1 |  |
| 5(b) | correct histogram | 3 | B1 for each correct block width 10 height 3.7 width 20 height 1.2 width 30 height 2 <br> If 0 scored SC1 for correct frequency densities 3.7, 1.2, 2 oe |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a) | $\begin{aligned} & (5,2) \\ & (2,-2) \end{aligned}$ | 4 | B3 for 3 correct values or answers for $C$ and $D$ reversed or correct coordinates given on diagram wrongly labelled <br> or $\mathbf{B} \mathbf{2}$ for one correct coordinate pair correctly labelled <br> or M2 for $A, B, C$ and $D$ correctly plotted or M1 for $A$ and $B$ correctly plotted <br> If 0 or 1 scored instead award SC2 <br> for answers $(-3,8)$ and $(-6,4)$ <br> or answers $(1.5,1.5)$ and $(-2.5,4.5)$ |
| 6(b)(i) | $(2.5,3.5)$ oe | 2 | B1 for each |
| 6(b)(ii) | 7.07 or 7.071... | 3 | M2 for $(6--1)^{2}+(4-3)^{2}$ oe or M1 for $(6--1)$ or $(4-3)$ oe |
| 6(b)(iii) | $\frac{1}{7}$ | 2 | M1 for $\frac{4-3}{6--1}$ oe |
| 6(b)(iv) | $y=\frac{1}{7} x-\frac{2}{7}$ or $7 y=x-2$ oe final answer | 3 | $\mathbf{M 1}$ for gradient $=$ their (iii) <br> M1dep for substituting $(2,0)$ in a linear equation with their $m$ allow if $(2,0)$ satisfies $y=($ their $(\mathbf{b})(i i i)$ gradient) $x+c$ |
| 7(a)(i) | $3(3 y-1)(3 y+1)$ final answer | 3 | B2 for $(9 y-3)(3 y+1)$ or $(3 y-1)(9 y+3)$ or or M1 for $3\left(9 y^{2}-1\right)$ or $[\ldots](3 y-1)(3 y+1)$ if 0 scored $\mathbf{S C 1}$ for an otherwise correctly completely factorised expression but with fractions within the brackets |
| 7(a)(ii) | $(2-p)(m+k)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $2(m+k)-p(m+k)$ or $m(2-p)+k(2-p)$ |
| 7(b) | $-\frac{1}{2} \text { oe nfww }$ | 5 | B4 $-8 x=+4$ oe nfww or $\mathbf{B 3}$ for $\frac{x^{2}-8 x-5}{(x-1)(x+1)}=1$ or better <br> OR <br> B2 $x^{2}-8 x-5$ <br> or M1 for $(x-1)(x-1)-6(x+1)$ or better B1 $(x-1)(x+1)$ as full denominator or on the right hand side |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(c) | $\frac{-(-3) \pm \sqrt{(-3)^{2}-4(4)(-2)}}{2 \times 4} \mathrm{oe}$ <br> or $\frac{3}{8} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^{2}+\frac{2}{4}}$ oe | M2 | M1 for $\sqrt{(-3)^{2}-4(4)(-2)}$ or for $\frac{-(-3)+\sqrt{q}}{2(4)}$ or $\frac{-(-3)-\sqrt{q}}{2(4)}$ or for $[4]\left(x-\frac{3}{8}\right)^{2}$ |
|  | -0.43 and 1.18 final ans cao | A2 | B1 for each <br> SC1 for $-0.4,-0.42$ or $-0.425 \ldots$. <br> and 1.2 or 1.17 or $1.175 \ldots$. <br> or answers 0.43 and -1.18 <br> or -0.43 and 1.18 seen in working |
| 7(d) | $k=\frac{4 m}{1-p m} \text { or } k=\frac{-4 m}{p m-1}$ <br> final answer | 4 | M1 for clearing fractions <br> M1 for collecting terms in $k$ <br> M1 for factorising <br> M1 for dividing by bracket <br> Maximum 3 marks if answer incorrect |
| 8(a) | $\begin{aligned} & y \leqslant 7 \mathrm{oe} \\ & x+y<14 \mathrm{oe} \\ & y>\frac{2}{3} x \mathrm{oe} \end{aligned}$ | 3 | B1 for each |
| 8(b) | $\begin{aligned} & x=4 \text { solid } \\ & y=7 \text { solid } \\ & x+y=14 \text { dashed } \\ & y=\frac{2}{3} x \text { dashed } \end{aligned}$ | M4 | B1 for each |
|  | correct shading everywhere but region R | A2 | M1dep (dependent on M4 or B1B1B1B0 where the only error is wrong use of solid/dashed lines) for shading the correct side of 3 of the 4 lines. |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(c) | 4 dresses and 3 shirts | 1 |  |
| 8(d) | 106 | 2 | M1 for $10 x+6 y$ evaluated for $(x, y)$ in their region R <br> or $\mathbf{B 1}$ for $(7,6)$ <br> After 0 scored, SC1 for answer 112 or 116 |
| 9(a)(i) | $r, l, t, e, a$ | 1 |  |
| 9(a)(ii) | 2 | 1 |  |
| 9(b) |  | 1 |  |
|  |  | 1 |  |
| 9(c)(i) | Fully correct | 3 | B2 for 7, 6, or 5 sections correct or B1 for 4, 3 or 2 sections correct |
| 9(c)(ii) | 5 | 1FT | strict FT from their diagram |
| 10(a)(i) | -7 | 1 |  |
| 10(a)(ii) | $\frac{x-5}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for correct first step e.g. $x=2 y+5$ or $\begin{aligned} & 2 x=y-5 \\ & \text { or } \frac{y}{2}=x+\frac{5}{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| 10(a)(iii) | $2 x^{3}-11 x^{2}-8 x+80$ final answer | 4 | M1 for $(x-4)(2 x+5)(x-4)$ oe <br> B2 for $2 x^{3}-8 x^{2}-8 x^{2}+5 x^{2}-20 x-20 x+32 x+80$ <br> or for simplified 4 term expression of the correct form with 3 terms correct in final answer or B1 for 3 terms correct out of 4 from $x^{2}-4 x-4 x+16$ or $2 x^{2}-8 x+5 x-20$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $10(\mathrm{~b})$ | 0 | 2 | M1 for g(-2) <br> or $2(x-4)+5$ oe <br> or $3^{x}=1$ <br> or g $(\mathrm{f}(2))=1$ |
|  |  |  |  |

