



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS
Paper 1 (Core)
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 56

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

 ${\rm \rlap{R}}$ IGCSE is a registered trademark.



Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

May, Mynarhscloud.com

Abbreviations

cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Part marks
1	374	1	
2(a)	radius	1	
2(b)	chord	1	
3(a)	[0].16	1	
3(b)	$\frac{16}{100}$ oe	1	
4(a)	Time correctly drawn on clock face	1	
4(b)	1545	1	
5(a)	5400 cao	1	
5(b)	42.348 cao	1	
6	5, 3, 6, 4, 7	2	B1 for 3 correct If zero scored, SC1 for correct tally, or frequencies if frequency column incorrect
7(a)	-6	1	
7(b)	8, 11, 14	1	
8(a)	4913	1	
8(b)	9	1	
9	4x(x-2y) final answer	2	M1 for $4(x^2 - 2xy)$ or $x(4x - 8y)$
			or $2(2x^2 - 4xy)$ or $2x(2x - 4y)$
10(a)	(0, -6)	1	
10(b)	4	1	
11(a)	8	1	
11(b)	-9	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Part marks
11(c)	$\frac{3}{5}$ or equivalent fraction	1	
12(a)	10	2	M1 for $5x + 6x + 7x = 180$ oe or $\frac{180}{5+6+7}$ or B1 for angles 50, 60 and 70
12(b)	70	1FT	FT 7 × their (a) provided 0 < their answer < 180
13(a)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 30 \\ -20 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
13(a)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
13(b)	-4	1	
14(a)	1.4	1	
14(b)	3.42	2	M1 for (sum of the 10 numbers) ÷ 10
15(a)	83 or 89	1	
15(b)	210	2	M1 for $210 \times k$ or for 3,7 and 2,3,5 seen or for a list of at least 4 correct multiples of both 21 and 30 or $2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$ as answer
16(a)	8	1	
16(b)	[x =] 0.5	1	
	[y =] 5	1	If zero scored, SC1 for correct substitution and evaluation to find the other variable
17	646 or 646.1[3]	3	M2 for 600×1.025^3 oe or M1 for 600×1.025^2 oe If zero scored, SC2 for 46.1 or 46.1[3]
18	common denominator 12	B1	accept $k \times 12$ throughout
	one correct from $\frac{9}{12}$ or $\frac{8}{12}$ oe	M1	accept $\frac{9k}{12k}$ or $\frac{8k}{12k}$
	$\frac{5}{6}$ cao	A2	A1 for $\frac{10}{12}$ or $\frac{10k}{12k}$
19(a)	2 points correctly plotted	1	
19(b)	positive	1	

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**



Question	Answer	Marks	Part marks
19(c)	ruled line of best fit	1	
19(d)	80 to 92	1	
20(a)	8.91	2	M1 for $[BC^2 =] 6.3^2 + 6.3^2$ or $6.3 \div \sin 45$ or $6.3 \div \cos 45$
20(b)	13.5 or 13.48	2	M1 for sin [=] $\frac{52}{223}$
21(a)	6	1	
21(b)	$2x^3$ final answer	1	
21(c)	$15y^4$ final answer	2	B1 for $15y^k$ or ky^4 as final answer $(k \neq 0)$