

**Cambridge Assessment International Education** Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
ADDITIONAL N	IATHEMATICS	0606/22
Paper 2		October/November 2019
		2 hours
Candidates ans	wer on the Question Paper.	
Additional Mate	rials: Electronic calculator	
	NAME CENTRE NUMBER ADDITIONAL M Paper 2 Candidates ans	NAME   CENTRE   NUMBER     ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS   Paper 2   Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question. The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate. You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.

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#### Mathematical Formulae

## 1. ALGEBRA

### Quadratic Equation

For the equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ,

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Binomial Theorem

$$(a+b)^n = a^n + \binom{n}{1}a^{n-1}b + \binom{n}{2}a^{n-2}b^2 + \dots + \binom{n}{r}a^{n-r}b^r + \dots + b^n,$$
  
where *n* is a positive integer and  $\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$ 

### 2. TRIGONOMETRY

Identities

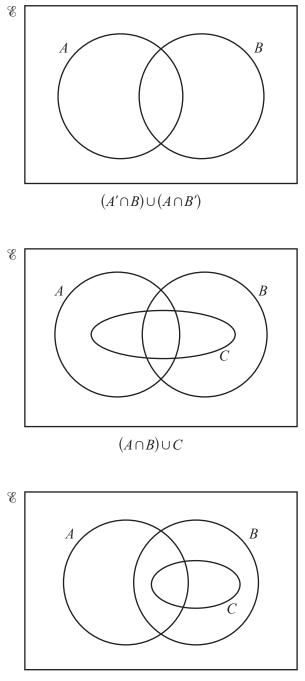
$$\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1$$
$$\sec^2 A = 1 + \tan^2 A$$
$$\csc^2 A = 1 + \cot^2 A$$

Formulae for  $\triangle ABC$ 

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$
$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A$$

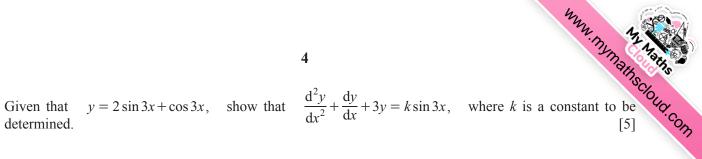


1 On each of the Venn diagrams below, shade the region indicated.



 $A\cap B\cap C'$ 

[3]





[2]

**3** A 5-digit code is formed using the following characters.

Letters	а	e	i	0	u	
Numbers	1	2	3	4	5	6
Symbols	(a)	*	#			

No character can be repeated in a code. Find the number of possible codes if

(i) there are no restrictions,

(ii) the code starts with a symbol followed by two letters and then two numbers, [2]

(iii) the first two characters are numbers, and no other numbers appear in the code. [2]

WWW. MYMainscioud.com Find the values of k for which the line y = kx + 3 does not meet the curve  $y = x^2 + 5x + 12$ . 4



5 At the point where x = 1 on the curve  $y = \frac{k}{(x+1)^2}$ , the normal has a gradient of  $\frac{1}{3}$ . (i) Find the value of the constant k.

(ii) Using your value of k, find the equation of the tangent to the curve at x = 2. [3]



6 (i) Show that 
$$\frac{\tan x}{1 + \sec x} + \frac{1 + \sec x}{\tan x} = \frac{2}{\sin x}$$
.



(ii) Hence solve the equation  $\frac{\tan x}{1 + \sec x} + \frac{1 + \sec x}{\tan x} = 1 + 3\sin x$  for  $0^\circ \le x \le 180^\circ$ .

www.mymathscloud.com (a) The cubic equation  $x^3 + ax^2 + bx - 40 = 0$  has three positive integer roots. Two of the roots are and 4. Find the other root and the value of each of the integers *a* and *b*. [4] 7

#### (b) Do not use a calculator in this question.

Solve the equation  $x^3 - 5x^2 - 46x - 40 = 0$  given that it has three integer roots, only one of which is positive. [4]

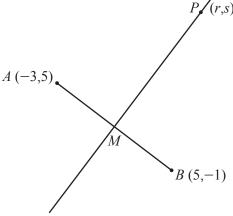
- www.mymathscloud.com (i) A particle A travels with a speed of  $6.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  in the direction -5i - 12j. Find the velocity,  $v_A$ , of A. 8
  - (ii) A particle *B* travels with velocity  $v_B = 12i 9j$ . Find the speed, in ms<sup>-1</sup>, of *B*. [2]

Particle A starts moving from the point with position vector 20i - 7j. At the same time particle B starts moving from the point with position vector -67i + 11j.

Find  $r_A$ , the position vector of A after t seconds, and  $r_B$ , the position vector of B after t seconds. [2] (iii)

(iv) Find the time when the particles collide and the position vector of the point of collision. [3]





The diagram shows the points A (-3, 5) and B (5, -1). The mid-point of AB is M and the line PM is perpendicular to AB. The point P has coordinates (r, s).

(i) Find the equation of the line *PM* in the form y = mx + c, where *m* and *c* are exact constants. [5]

(ii) Hence find an expression for *s* in terms of *r*.

[1]





10 (i) Given that 
$$y = \frac{\ln x}{x^2}$$
, find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

(ii) Find the coordinates of the stationary point on the curve  $y = \frac{\ln x}{x^2}$ . [3]



(iii) Using your answer to part (i), find  $\int \frac{\ln x}{x^3} dx$ .

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(iv) Hence evaluate 
$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{\ln x}{x^{3}} dx$$
.

[2]

# Question 11 is printed on the next page.

#### Do not use a calculator in this question. 11

www.mymathscloud.com Solve the quadratic equation  $(\sqrt{5}-3)x^2+3x+(\sqrt{5}+3)=0$ , giving your answers in the form  $a+b\sqrt{5}$ , where *a* and *b* are constants. [6]

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