

Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

* 8 5 4 2 3 7 6 0 3

MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

4024/22

Paper 2 May/June 2020

2 hours 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 20 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

1	(a)	Stefan had an annual income of \$21 500 in 2018. His annual income increased to \$22 790 in 2019.		1
		Calculate the percentage increase.		
			% [2	2]
	(b)	Stefan invests \$1260 in a bank. The bank pays simple interest at a rate of 2.5% per year.		
		Calculate the amount Stefan has in the bank at the end of 3	years.	
			\$[2	2]
	(c)	Stefan changes 4300 Indian Rupees (INR) into dollars ($\$$). The exchange rate is $\$1 = 67.8$ INR.		
		Work out how much he receives. Give your answer correct to the nearest dollar.		
			\$[2	2]

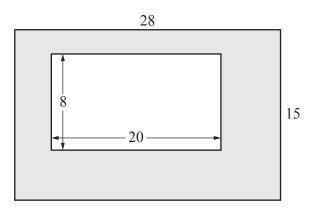
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2 (a) The length of a rectangle is 6 cm more than its width, w cm. The perimeter of the rectangle is 37 cm.

Form an equation in w and solve it to find the width of the rectangle.

w =	 cm	[3]

(b)



NOT TO SCALE

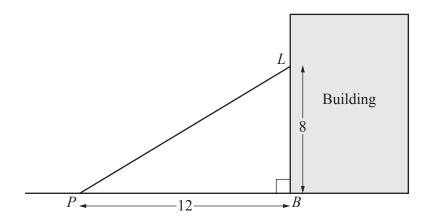
A rectangle 20 cm by 8 cm is cut from a rectangle 28 cm by 15 cm. Each measurement is given correct to the nearest centimetre.

Calculate the upper bound for the area of the shaded region.

	cm ²	[3]
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3 A light, *L*, is fixed on a building 8 m above the base, *B*, of the building.

(a)

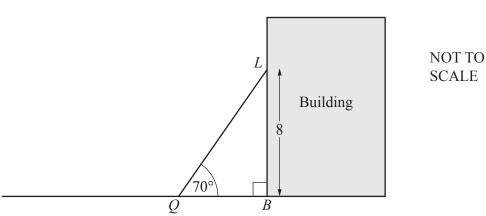


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A point, P, is on the horizontal ground 12 m from B.

Calculate the angle of elevation of L from P.

.....[2] **(b)**



SCALE

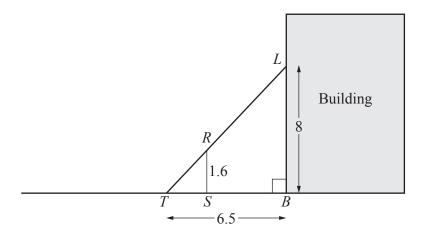
A ladder is placed on the ground at Q to reach the light, L. The ladder makes an angle of 70° with the ground.

Calculate *QL*.

 $QL = \dots m [2]$

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(c)



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A vertical pole, RS, of length 1.6 m is placed touching the horizontal ground. The light produces a shadow, TS, of the pole on the horizontal ground. *LRT* is a straight line and TB = 6.5 m.

Calculate TS.

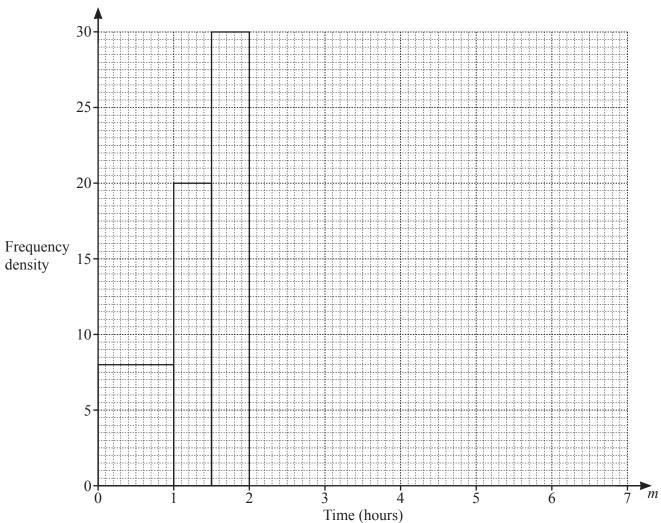
$$TS = \dots m [2]$$

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4 (a) The table summarises the time, *m* hours, that each student in a year group spent listening to must in one day.

Some of the results are shown on the histogram.

Time (<i>m</i> hours)	Frequency
$0 < m \leqslant 1$	8
$1 < m \leqslant 1\frac{1}{2}$	10
$1\frac{1}{2} < m \le 2$	p
$2 < m \leqslant 2\frac{1}{2}$	14
$2\frac{1}{2} < m \leqslant 3\frac{1}{2}$	23
$3\frac{1}{2} < m \leqslant 5$	18
5 < m ≤ 7	12



(i) Use the histogram to find the value of p.

$$p = \dots$$
 [1]

(ii) Complete the histogram. [3]

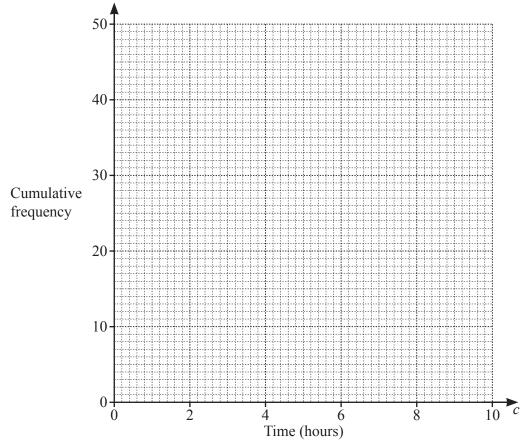
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(b) This table summarises the time, c hours, that each student in a group of 50 students spent cooking in one week.

Time (c hours)	Frequency
$0 < c \leqslant 2$	8
2 < c ≤ 4	16
$4 < c \le 6$	15
6 < c ≤ 8	7
8 < <i>c</i> ≤ 10	4

(i) Calculate an estimate of the mean time spent cooking.

(ii) Draw the cumulative frequency diagram.



(iii) Use the cumulative frequency diagram to find an estimate for the median.

..... hours [1] [**Turn over**

[3]

5 (a) Solve these simultaneous equations. Show your working.

$$2x - 4y = 11$$
$$3x + 3y = -6$$

$$x = \dots \qquad y = \dots \qquad [4]$$

(b) Solve the equation $2x^2 = 3(8-x)$. Show all your working and give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [4]

(c) h is inversely proportional to the cube of g. h = 4.5 when g = 2.

	· • •	. r· 1	41	C 1	C	1		4	C	
() Fina	the	formula	i for	n	1n	terms	OI,	g.

$$h = \dots$$
 [2]

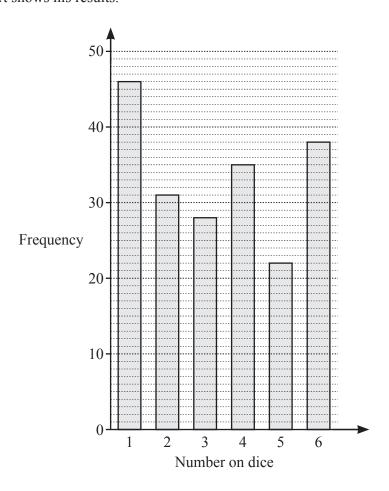
(ii) Find the value of g when $h = \frac{32}{3}$.

$$g = \dots$$
 [2]

6

(a)	5	2	4	6	3	
	ey are placed	ds are chosen at ra next to each other obability that the to	to give a two-digi			
(ii)	List all the j	possible two-digit	numbers that are p			[1]
(iii)	Find the pro	bability that the tw	wo-digit number is			[2]

(b) Rowan throws a dice 200 times. The bar chart shows his results.



(i) Use the bar chart to complete the table of results.

Number on dice	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	46	31	28			

) Using Rowan's results, find the relative frequency that he threw a number less than 3.

.....[2]

[1]

(iii) Rowan says that the dice he has thrown is not a fair dice.

Make two comments to explain why the dice may not be fair.

[2]

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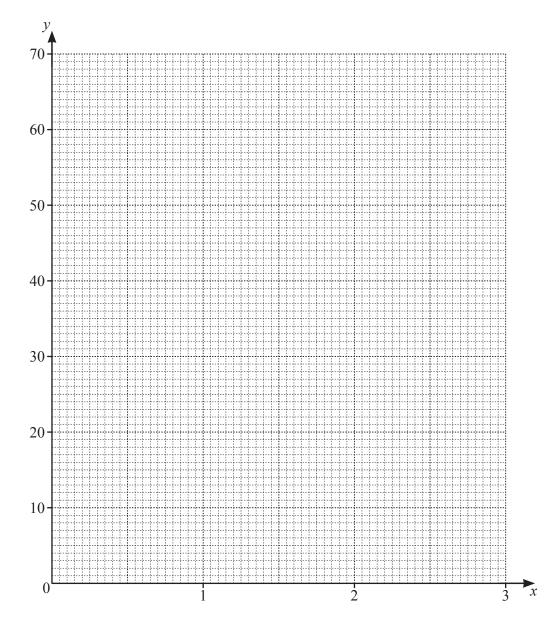
7 (a) The table shows some values for $y = 4^x$.

x	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3
у			4	8	16	32	64

(i) Complete the table.

[1]

(ii) Draw the graph of $y = 4^x$ for $0 \le x \le 3$.



[3]

(iii) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve when x = 2.

.....[2]

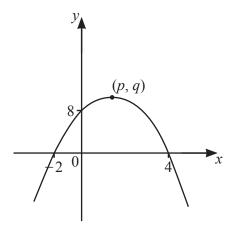
- (iv) The solutions of the equation $3(4^x) + ax + b = 0$ can be found from the points of intersection of $y = 4^x$ and y = 20x 12.
 - (a) Find the value of a and the value of b.

$$a = \dots b = \dots [2]$$

(b) By drawing the line y = 20x - 12 on the grid opposite, find all the solutions of $3(4^x) + ax + b = 0$.

.....[3]

(b) Here is a sketch of the graph of a quadratic function.



NOT TO SCALE

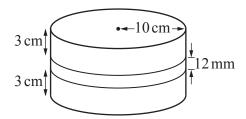
The curve has a maximum point (p, q).

Find the value of p and the value of q.

$$p = \dots q = \dots q = \dots [3]$$

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8 A birthday cake is in the shape of a cylinder.
There are two layers of cake and one layer of icing.



Each layer of cake has radius 10 cm and height 3 cm. The icing, between the two layers of cake, has radius 10 cm and height 12 mm.

(a) Calculate the volume of **icing** in the birthday cake. Give your answer in cm³.

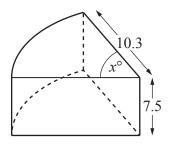
(b) The top and curved surface of the birthday cake are now covered with chocolate.

Calculate the area of the birthday cake that is covered with chocolate.

cm^2 [3

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(c) Anil has a slice of this chocolate-covered birthday cake.



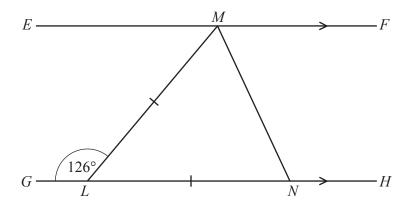
His slice is a prism of height 7.5 cm. The top of the cake is a sector, radius $10.3 \,\mathrm{cm}$ and angle x° . The volume of his slice is $200 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$.

Calculate the value of *x*.

[3]	
	[[3]

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9 (a)



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EMF and *GLNH* are parallel lines. LM = LN and $G\hat{L}M = 126^{\circ}$.

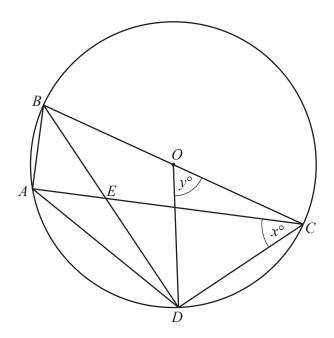
Find FMN.

Give a reason for each step of your working.

$$F\hat{M}N = \dots [4]$$

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(b)



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A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O. BD and AC intersect at E and BC is a diameter of the circle. $A\hat{C}D = x^{\circ}$ and $D\hat{O}C = y^{\circ}$.

Find an expression, in terms of x and/or y, for

(i) $D\hat{B}C$,

$$D\hat{B}C = \dots [1]$$

(ii) $A\hat{B}D$,

$$A\hat{B}D = \dots [1]$$

(iii) $A\hat{E}D$,

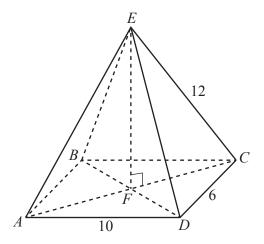
$$A\hat{E}D = \dots [2]$$

(iv) $B\hat{D}A$.

$$B\hat{D}A = \dots [1]$$

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10 [Volume of pyramid = $\frac{1}{3}$ × base area × height]



ABCDE is a rectangular-based pyramid.

AC and BD intersect at F.

EF is perpendicular to FC.

$$AD = 10 \text{ cm}$$
, $DC = 6 \text{ cm}$ and $EC = 12 \text{ cm}$.

(a) Show that EF = 10.5 cm, correct to 1 decimal place.

[4]

(b) Find the volume of the pyramid.

.... cm³ [2]

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	0 1 1	D ÂC
(c)	Calculate	1)H('

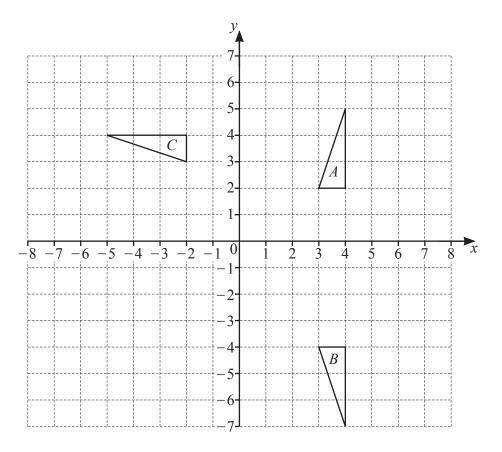
$$D\hat{E}C = \dots [3]$$

(d) Calculate the area of triangle *DEC*.

.....cm² [2]

Question 11 is printed on the next page.

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(a) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

.....[2]

(b) Triangle A is mapped onto triangle C by the **single** transformation H.

Find the matrix representing H.

(c) Transformation M is a reflection in the line x = 2. Transformation R is a rotation 180° about (0, 0).

Triangle A is mapped onto triangle D such that RM(A) = D.

Draw and label triangle D.

[3]

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