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# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## **4037 ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS**

4037/21

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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### **Mark Scheme Notes**

Marks are of the following three types:

- M Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
- B Accuracy mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- When a part of a question has two or more "method" steps, the M marks are generally independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly when there are several B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB (or dep\*) is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier M or B (asterisked) mark in the scheme. When two or more steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
- The symbol √ implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only. A and B marks are not given for fortuitously "correct" answers or results obtained from incorrect working.
- Note: B2 or A2 means that the candidate can earn 2 or 0.
  B2, 1, 0 means that the candidate can earn anything from 0 to 2.

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The follo	wing abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme or use	d on the scripts:	1scloud.co
AG	Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking	g is needed to er	nsure that

AG	Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid)
BOD	Benefit of Doubt (allowed when the validity of a solution may not be absolutely clear)
CAO	Correct Answer Only (emphasising that no "follow through" from a previous error is allowed)
ISW	Ignore Subsequent Working
MR	Misread
PA	Premature Approximation (resulting in basically correct work that is insufficiently accurate)
sos	See Other Solution (the candidate makes a better attempt at the same question)

### **Penalties**

- MR -1 A penalty of MR –1 is deducted from A or B marks when the data of a question or part question are genuinely misread and the object and difficulty of the question remain unaltered. In this case all A and B marks then become "follow through  $\sqrt{\ }$ " marks. MR is not applied when the candidate misreads his own figures - this is regarded as an error in accuracy.
- OW –1,2 This is deducted from A or B marks when essential working is omitted.
- PA -1 This is deducted from A or B marks in the case of premature approximation.
- S –1 Occasionally used for persistent slackness – usually discussed at a meeting.
- EX -1 Applied to A or B marks when extra solutions are offered to a particular equation. Again, this is usually discussed at the meeting.

1	$-1.5$ Solve $2x + 10 = -7$ or $(2x + 10)^2 = 49$ $-8.5$	B1 M1 A1 [3]
2	Find f(2) or f(-3) or long division to remainder $8 + 4a - 30 + b = 0$ or $4a + b = 22$ $-27 + 9a + 45 + b = 75$ or $9a + b = 57$	M1 A1 A1
	Solve simultaneous equations $a = 7, b = -6$	M1 A1 [5]
3	(i) Solve $0.5 = e^{-34k}$ using ln or log correctly $k = 0.0204$ or $\frac{1}{34} \ln 2$	M1 A1
	(ii) $e^{kt} = 5$ or $e^{-kt} = 0.2$ with $k$ numerical $t = \frac{1}{k} \ln 5$ with $k$ numerical 79	B1 M1 A1 [5]
4	$ (5  1  -2) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 & 5 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0.2 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } (0.2  0.3  0.5) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 3 & 1 \\ 5 & 5 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} $	B1
	Matrix multiplication using $3 \times 3$ matrix	M1
	(32 31 30) or $\begin{pmatrix} 5.7 \\ 3.6 \\ 0.7 \end{pmatrix}$ (or transposed)	A1
	Matrix multiplication of $1 \times 3$ with $3 \times 1$ 30.7	DM1 A1 [5]
5	Eliminate $y$ $x^2 + (8 - m)x + 9 = 0$	M1 A1
	Use $b^2 * 4ac$ Reach $(8 - m) * \pm 6$ or solves $m^2 - 16m + 28 * 0$ (* is either > or =)	DM1 DDM1
	m = 2 and 14 $m < 2$ , $m > 14$	A1 A1 [6]

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6	(i)	$7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4$ 840	B1 B1
	(ii)	$2 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \text{ or } \frac{2}{7} \times (840)$ 240	M1 A1
	(iii)	$2 \times 5 \times 4 \times 2$ or $\frac{2}{6} \times (240)$ or clear indication of method 80	M1 A1 [6]
7	(i)	V = (45 - 2x)(60 - x)x	M1
		Correctly reach $V = 2700x - 165x^2 + 2x^3$	A1 ag
	(ii)	$\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}V}{\mathrm{d}x}\right) = 2700 - 330x + 6x^2$	B2,1,0
		Solve 3 term quadratic expression for $\frac{dV}{dx} = 0$ .	M1
		10 only	A1 [6]
8	(i)	$2 \lg 3 = \lg 9$ or $2 \lg 3 = \lg 3^2$ $1 = \lg 10$ Use $\lg$ rules correctly to eliminate $\log s$ (e.g. $9(5x + 10) = 10(4x + 12)$ ) x = 6	B1 B1 M1 A1
	(ii)	Express in powers of 3 $\left(\frac{3^{4y}}{3^{7-y}} = \frac{3^{4y+3}}{3^{3(y-2)}}\right)$ Correctly use rules of indices $y = 4$	M1 M1 A1 [7]

l			100%
9		OR	
		$\frac{\sin \alpha}{80} = \frac{\sin 60}{250}$ $\alpha = 16.1$ $\beta = 104$	M1 A1 A1√
		$v^{2} = 80^{2} + 250^{2} - 2 \times 80 \times 250 \times \cos \beta \text{ or } \frac{v}{\sin \beta} = \frac{250}{\sin 60} \left( = \frac{80}{\sin \alpha} \right)$ $v = 280(.2)$ $t = \frac{500}{v}$	DM1 A1 DM1
		1 hour 47 minutes or 107 mins	A1 [7]
10	(i)	$m_{AB} = \frac{1}{5}$ Use $m_1 m_2 = -1$ in equation for $BC [y - 5 = -5(x - 6) \text{ or } 5x + y = 35]$ C (7,0) Use $m_{CD} = m_{AB}$ and point $C$ in equation of line $CD: y(-0) = \frac{1}{5}(x - 7) \text{ or } x - 5y = 7$	B1 M1 A1 M1
	(ii)	At $Dx = 1$ At $Dy = -1.2$ Method for area not involving measuring 28.6	M1 A1 M1 A1
11	(i)	$\tan x = 0.6$ 31(.0) or 30.96() 211 (= 31 + 180)	B1 B1 B1√
	(ii)	Use $\cos^2 y = 1 - \sin^2 y$ $2\sin^2 y + \sin y - 1 = 0$ Solve 3 term quadratic for $\sin y$ 30 and 150	M1 A1 M1 A1 B1
	(iii)	$\cos z = 0.3$ 1.27 5.02 or 5.01 (= $2\pi - 1.27$ )	B1 B1 B1√

[11]

12E			
	(i)	$fg(9) = f(4)$ evaluated or $fg(x) = \left(\frac{3x+5}{x-1} + 1\right)^2 - 4$	M1
		21	A1
	(ii)	Method for $f^{-1}(x)$	M1
		$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x+4} - 1$	A1
		Put $y = \frac{3x+5}{x-1}$ and rearrange	M1
		$g^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+5}{x-3}$	A1
	(iii)	Rearrange two of $\frac{3x+5}{x-1} = \frac{x+5}{x-3} = x$ to quadratic equation	M1
		$2(x^2 - 4x - 5) = 0$	A1
		Solve 3 term quadratic	M1
		5 only	A1 [10]
120	)		
	(i)	4	B1
	(ii)	Differentiate $v$ to find an expression for $a$	M1
		$6 - 8 \sin 2t$	A1
		Substitute $t = 5$ 10.3 to 10.4	DM1 A1
		10.3 to 10.4	AI
	(iii)	14	B1
	(iv)	Integrate v to find an expression for s	M1
		$s = 3t^2 + 2\sin 2t$	A1
		Use limits 4 and 5 23.9	DM1 A1
		25.7	[10]