# <br> <br> \section*{Pearson <br> <br> \section*{Pearson Edexcel} 

 Edexcel}}

Mark Scheme (Final)

## January 2020

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Mechanics M2 (WME02/01)

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- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.


## PEARSON EDEXCEL IAL MATHEMATICS

## General Instructions for Marking

1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75 .
2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
'M' marks
These are marks given for a correct method or an attempt at a correct method. In Mechanics they are usually awarded for the application of some mechanical principle to produce an equation.
e.g. resolving in a particular direction, taking moments about a point, applying a suvat equation, applying the conservation of momentum principle etc.
The following criteria are usually applied to the equation.
To earn the M mark, the equation
(i) should have the correct number of terms
(ii) be dimensionally correct i.e. all the terms need to be dimensionally correct
e.g. in a moments equation, every term must be a 'force x distance' term or 'mass x distance', if we allow them to cancel ' $g$ ' $s$.
For a resolution, all terms that need to be resolved (multiplied by sin or cos) must be resolved to earn the M mark.

M marks are sometimes dependent (DM) on previous M marks having been earned. e.g. when two simultaneous equations have been set up by, for example, resolving in two directions and there is then an M mark for solving the equations to find a particular quantity - this M mark is often dependent on the two previous M marks having been earned.

## 'A' marks

These are dependent accuracy (or sometimes answer) marks and can only be awarded if the previous M mark has been earned. E.g. M0 A1 is impossible.
'B' marks
These are independent accuracy marks where there is no method (e.g. often given for a comment or for a graph)

A few of the $A$ and $B$ marks may be f.t. - follow through - marks.

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod - benefit of doubt
- ft - follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{ }$ will be used for correct ft
- cao - correct answer only
- cso - correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- awrt - answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- $\quad$ * The answer is printed on the paper
- $\quad$ The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark

4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:

- If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.
- If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.

7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.
(But note that specific mark schemes may sometimes override these general principı

- Rules for M marks: correct no. of terms; dimensionally correct; all terms that need resolving (i.e. multiplied by cos or sin) are resolved.
- Omission or extra g in a resolution is an accuracy error not method error.
- Omission of mass from a resolution is a method error.
- Omission of a length from a moments equation is a method error.
- Omission of units or incorrect units is not (usually) counted as an accuracy error.
- DM indicates a dependent method mark i.e. one that can only be awarded if a previous specified method mark has been awarded.
- Any numerical answer which comes from use of $g=9.8$ should be given to 2 or 3 SF .
- Use of $\mathrm{g}=9.81$ should be penalised once per (complete) question.
N.B. Over-accuracy or under-accuracy of correct answers should only be penalised once per complete question. However, premature approximation should be penalised every time it occurs.

Marks must be entered in the same order as they appear on the mark scheme.

- In all cases, if the candidate clearly labels their working under a particular part of a question i.e. (a) or (b) or (c),......then that working can only score marks for that part of the question.
- Accept column vectors in all cases.
- Misreads - if a misread does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, bearing in mind that after a misread, the subsequent $A$ marks affected are treated as $A$ ft
- Mechanics Abbreviations

M(A) Taking moments about A.
N2L Newton's Second Law (Equation of Motion)
NEL Newton's Experimental Law (Newton's Law of Impact)
HL Hooke's Law
SHM Simple harmonic motion
PCLM Principle of conservation of linear momentum
RHS, LHS Right hand side, left hand side.

| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Use of $56=F V$ <br> Equation of motion $\begin{aligned} & F+75 g \sin \alpha-40=75 \times \frac{1}{3} \\ & \left(\frac{56}{V}=65-49=16\right) \end{aligned}$ $V=\frac{56}{16}=3.5$ <br> Notes | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> [5] |
| B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> A1 | Require all terms. Dimensionally correct.(Omission of $g$ is Condone sine / cosine confusion and sign errors <br> Unsimplified equation with at most one error. In $F$ or in $V$. Two signs inconsistent is 2 errors. <br> Correct unsimplified equation. In $F$ or in $V$. <br> Max 3 s.f.. Not $\frac{7}{2} \operatorname{Not} 3 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |


| Question <br> Number | Work energy equation <br> KE lost $=\mathrm{WD}+\mathrm{PE}$ gain <br> $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 16=\mathrm{WD}+2 g \times 2.5 \sin \theta$ <br> $(\mathrm{WD}=9)$ <br> Use of $F=\mu \times 2 g \cos \theta$ <br> Use of Work done $=2.5 F$ <br> $9=2.5 \times \mu \times 2 g \cos \theta \Rightarrow \mu=0.19$ | A |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |




| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 4(b) } \\ \text { alt } \end{gathered}$ | Distance of original c of m from vertical through $A$ $\left(\frac{9+2 \pi}{6} a-2 a\right) \times \sin \phi\left(=\frac{\sqrt{13}(2 \pi-3) a}{26}\right)$ <br> Distance of additional particle from vertical through $A$ $6 a \times \cos \phi\left(=\frac{12 a}{\sqrt{13}}\right)$ $\begin{aligned} & m g \times \frac{\sqrt{13}(2 \pi-3) a}{26}=k m g \times \frac{12 a}{\sqrt{13}} \\ & k=0.137 \quad(0.14) \end{aligned}$ <br> Notes | M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> DM1 <br> A1 (6) |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ \text { DM1 } \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ | Or equivalent <br> Distance of additional particle from vertical through $A$ <br> Or equivalent <br> Moments about $A$ <br> Dependent on the 2 previous M marks <br> (0.14 or better) |  |



| Question Number | Scheme ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Marks |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6 a | Resolve vertically $\mathfrak{\imath} R+N \cos \alpha=W$ <br> Take moments about $A$ $7 a N=4 a \cos \alpha \times W$ <br> Obtain equation in $R, W$ and $\alpha$ $\begin{aligned} N & =W \times \frac{4}{7} \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \\ R & =W-\frac{4}{7} W \cos ^{2} \alpha \\ & =W\left(1-\frac{4}{7} \cos ^{2} \alpha\right) \end{aligned}$ <br> Alternative equations $R \sin \alpha+F \cos \alpha=W \sin \alpha$ <br> $N+R \cos \alpha=W \cos \alpha+F \sin \alpha$ <br> $W .3 a \cos \alpha+F .7 a \sin \alpha=R .7 a \cos \alpha$ <br> First 4 marks for alternative methods |
| 6a M1 ${ }^{\text {M }}$ |  |
| A1 | Correct unsimplified equation |
| M1 |  |
| A1 | Correct unsimplified equation |
| DM1 | Solve for $R$ in terms of $W$. Dependent on the 2 preceding M marks |
| A1* | Obtain given answer from correct working |
| Alt: | Parallel to the rod <br> Perpendicular to the rod <br> Moments about $C$ |
| M1 | Equation in R. All terms needed. Condone sin/cos confusion and sign errors |
| A1 | Correct unsimplified equation |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Sufficient additional equations to solve for $R$ in terms of $W$. Dimensionally correct. All terms needed. Condone $\sin /$ cos confusion and sign errors Correct unsimplified equation |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6b | $R=W\left(1-\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{9}{10}\right)=\frac{17 W}{35}$ <br> Resolve horizontally $\begin{gathered} F=N \sin \alpha=\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} W \\ \left(=\frac{6}{35} W\right) \end{gathered}$ <br> Use of $F \leq \mu R$ $\Rightarrow \mu \geq \frac{6}{17}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 (5) |
|  | Notes | [11] |
| 6b B1 <br> M1 | Seen or implied Obtain equation in |  |
| A1 | Correct unsimplified equation in $F$ and $W$ (trig. substituted) (0.171W) |  |
| M1 | Correct method to find the critical value. Condone with any symbol. |  |
| A1 | 0.35 or better (0.3529.....) from correct working Final answer. Do not ISW |  |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 a | NB: sine/cosine confusion is not condoned in projectile questions Use of conservation of energy $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} m \times 25^{2}=\frac{1}{2} m \times 15^{2}+m g h \\ & \Rightarrow h=20 \text { or } 20.4(\mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|ll\|} \hline \text { M1 } & \\ \text { A1 } & \\ \text { A1 } & \text { (3) } \end{array}$ |
| 7b | Vertical distance $\begin{aligned} & 20.4=25 \sin \alpha \times 3-4.5 \times 9.8 \\ & \alpha=59^{\circ} \text { or } 59.3^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> Alft <br> A1 <br> (3) |
| 7c | Horizontal component of speed is constant $\begin{aligned} & \Rightarrow 25 \cos \alpha=15 \cos \beta \\ & \beta=32^{\circ} \text { or } 31.8^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1ft <br> A1 <br> (3) |
| 7c alt | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vertical distance } \\ & 20.4=-15 \sin \beta \times 3+4.5 \times 9.8 \\ & \beta=32^{\circ} \text { or } 31.8^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1ft <br> A1 <br> (3) |
| Notes |  |  |
| 7a M1 | Need energy equation with all 3 terms. Must be dimensionally correct. Condone sign errors. Correct unsimplified equation |  |
| A1 | $\text { Max } 3 \text { sf Not } \frac{1000}{49} \text { nor } \frac{200}{g}$ |  |
| 7b M1 | Use of suvat to find $\alpha$ |  |
| A1ft | Correct unsimplified equation in their $h$ |  |
| A1 | 0.554 rads. Max 3 sf From CWO |  |
| 7c M1 | Or horizontal distance travelled |  |
| A1ft | Correct unsimplified in $\alpha$ or their $\alpha$ |  |
| A1 | 0.554 rads. Max 3 sf From CWO |  |
| 7c alt M1 | Use of suvat to find $\beta$ |  |
| A1ft | e.g. using $s=v t-\frac{1}{2} g t^{2}$. Correct unsimplified equation in their $h$ |  |
| A1 | 0.554 rads. Max 3 sf From CWO |  |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7d $7 \mathrm{e}$ | $\begin{aligned} \text { Min speed }=\text { horizontal component } & =25 \cos \alpha(=15 \cos \beta) \\ & =13 \text { or } 12.8\left(\mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right) \end{aligned}$ <br> By considering vertical component of speed at $B$ : $\begin{aligned} & 15 \sin 31.8^{\circ}-g T=-15 \sin 31.8^{\circ} \\ & T=1.6 \text { or } 1.61(\mathrm{~s}) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Notes | [14] |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 7d M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ \text { 7e M1 } \\ \text { A1ft } \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ | Follow their angle. Must show working if using incorrect angle. <br> Max 3 sf From CWO <br> Complete method using suvat to find $T$ <br> Correct unsimplified equation in $T$ - follow their angles. <br> Max 3 sf From CWO |  |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Change in KE $\begin{aligned} & \frac{4 m}{2}\left(4 u^{2}-v^{2}\right)+\frac{3 m}{2}\left(9 u^{2}-w^{2}\right)=\frac{473}{24} m u^{2} \\ & \left(48 v^{2}+36 w^{2}=43 u^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ <br> Equation for CLM <br> Need all terms. Dimensionally correct. Condone sign errors. <br> $8 m u-9 m u=-4 m v+3 m w$ $(u=4 v-3 w)$ <br> Impact law $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} w+v=5 e u \\ 48 v^{2}+36\left(\frac{4 v-u}{3}\right)^{2}=43 u^{2} \text { Or } 48\left(\frac{u+3 w}{4}\right)^{2}+36 w^{2}=43 u^{2} \\ \text { Or } \frac{48}{49}(1+15 e)^{2}+\frac{36}{49}(20 e-1)^{2}=43 \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{r} 112 v^{2}-32 u v-39 u^{2}=0 \quad \text { Or } \begin{array}{r} 63 w^{2}+18 u w-40 u^{2}=0 \\ =(4 v-3 u)(28 v+13 u) \end{array} \quad(21 w+20 u)(3 w-2 u) \end{array} \end{aligned}$ <br> Or $25200 e^{2}=2023$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> DM1 <br> DM1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ \text { DM1 } \\ \text { DM1 } \end{gathered}$ | The first 8 marks are available if they have ignored the information Work with their directions. Ignore the diagram if that is to the cand <br> Need all terms. Dimensionally correct. Accept $\pm$ Correct unsimplified equation in $v, w$ or their $v, w$ Need all terms. Dimensionally correct. Condone sign errors. Correct unsimplified equation with their correct signs Must be used the right way round Or equivalent in their $w, v$. Signs for $v, w$ consistent with CLM eqn <br> Form equation for $v$ or $w$ or $e$ <br> Dependent on M marks scored for the equations used. <br> Solve for $v$ or $w$ or $e$. Dependent on the preceding M | final directions antage. |



