

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

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for the guidance of teachers

9709 MATHEMATICS

9709/73

Paper 7, maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

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Mark Scheme No	otes		73 thscloud.com
Marks are of	the following three types:		Th.

Mark Scheme Notes

- Μ Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
- А Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
- В Mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- When a part of a question has two or more "method" steps, the M marks are generally • independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly when there are several B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB (or dep*) is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier M or B (asterisked) mark in the scheme. When two or more steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
- The symbol $\sqrt{}$ implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following • on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only. A and B marks are not given for fortuitously "correct" answers or results obtained from incorrect working.
- Note: B2 or A2 means that the candidate can earn 2 or 0. B2/1/0 means that the candidate can earn anything from 0 to 2.

The marks indicated in the scheme may not be subdivided. If there is genuine doubt whether a candidate has earned a mark, allow the candidate the benefit of the doubt. Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored.

- Wrong or missing units in an answer should not lead to the loss of a mark unless the scheme specifically indicates otherwise.
- For a numerical answer, allow the A or B mark if a value is obtained which is correct to 3 s.f., or which would be correct to 3 s.f. if rounded (1 d.p. in the case of an angle). As stated above, an A or B mark is not given if a correct numerical answer arises fortuitously from incorrect working. For Mechanics questions, allow A or B marks for correct answers which arise from taking g equal to 9.8 or 9.81 instead of 10.

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The followi	ng abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme or use	ed on the scripts	13 nscloud.com
AEF A	Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable)		

- AEF Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable)
- AG Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid)
- Benefit of Doubt (allowed when the validity of a solution may not be absolutely BOD clear)
- CAO Correct Answer Only (emphasising that no "follow through" from a previous error is allowed)
- CWO Correct Working Only – often written by a 'fortuitous' answer
- ISW Ignore Subsequent Working
- MR Misread
- PA Premature Approximation (resulting in basically correct work that is insufficiently accurate)
- SOS See Other Solution (the candidate makes a better attempt at the same question)
- SR Special Ruling (detailing the mark to be given for a specific wrong solution, or a case where some standard marking practice is to be varied in the light of a particular circumstance)

Penalties

- MR –1 A penalty of MR –1 is deducted from A or B marks when the data of a question or part question are genuinely misread and the object and difficulty of the question remain unaltered. In this case all A and B marks then become "follow through $\sqrt{}$ " marks. MR is not applied when the candidate misreads his own figures - this is regarded as an error in accuracy. An MR-2 penalty may be applied in particular cases if agreed at the coordination meeting.
- PA –1 This is deducted from A or B marks in the case of premature approximation. The PA –1 penalty is usually discussed at the meeting.

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			venibei	2010	0	5705	10
1	Normal 31 for mea $\sqrt{31}$ or 5.57		B1 B1 B1	[3]	For n Must	nean t be sd	WWW. MYMAN Papanan 73
2	or less	the more committed s busy etc readers of that particular issue	B1 B1	[2]	-	sensible category not respond impli	
	given	randomly generated 4-digit numbers 3952 (0)386	B1 B1dep	[2]	Acce and 4 SC al produ gener B1 fc	ing with 4975 ept 4975 0239 52 4975 5203 6088 Iternative consiste ucing a set of 3 ra rated 4 digit numb or the first numbe Il three numbers,	ent methods ndomly pers can score r and B1dep
3	29.6 ± (29.6	$= z \times \frac{1.0}{\sqrt{65}}$ = 2.576 × 1.0/ $\sqrt{65}$ = 0.3195) 29.9) (3 sfs)	M1 B1 A1	[3]	For 2	w any value of z 2.576 seen w any brackets or	none, but cwo.
	Claim	es not include 30 not supported or not justified or bly not true	B1ft B1ft	[2]	30 se	een or implied	
	(iii) CI is a	a variable oe	B1	[1]		w "Sample mean lation mean).	diff" (not
4	Var(V) = 1 = 1290	$+53 + 2 \times 25 = 149$ $9^2 + 23^2 + 4 \times 10^2$	B1 M1 A1			$19^2 + 23^2 + 4 \times 10^{10}$ 290 or 35.9	0 ²)
	$\frac{93-149}{\sqrt{1290'}}$		M1		With	their mean and th	neir variance.
	=-1.559		A1ft		3 ran	eir mean and variandom variables us	ed, allow +/
	$1 - \Phi(`-1.5] = 0.9405$	$(559') = \Phi((1.559'))$	M1 A1	[7]		consistent with the consistent or 0.940 or 0.941	

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	Page	5		cheme: Teachers				Syllabus	Papyna	Math S
			GCE A LEV	EL – October/No	vember	2010	0	9709	73	SCI IS
										-IOUD
5	(i)	$\int_{2}^{4} \frac{x^2}{6} dx$	$dx \qquad \left(=\left[\frac{x^3}{18}\right]_2^4\right)$)	M1		Atter	npt integ $xf(x)$, ig	nore limits	·com
		$=\frac{4^3}{18}$	$-\frac{2^{3}}{18}$		M1		Subst	t correct limits in	$\frac{x^3}{n}$	
		$=\frac{28}{9}$			A1	[3]	oe			
	(ii)	$\int_{2}^{m} \frac{x}{6} dx$	$\frac{1}{2} \left(= \left[\frac{x^2}{12} \right]_2^m \right)$ $\frac{2^2}{12} = 0.5$	or $\int_{m}^{4} \frac{x}{6} dx$	M1		Atten limits	npt integ $f(x)$ and s).	= 0.5 (ignore	
		$\frac{m^2}{12}$ –	$\frac{2^2}{12} = 0.5$	$\frac{4^2}{12} - \frac{m^2}{12} = 0.5$	M1			npt integ f(<i>x</i>), lim own or unknown		
		$m = \sqrt{2}$	10 oe	$m = \sqrt{10}$ oe	A1	[3]	√10 c	or 3.16 (3 sfs)		
	(iii)	$\int_{3}^{4} \frac{x}{6} dx$	$(=\left[\frac{x^2}{12}\right]_3^4$	= 7/12)	M1*		Atten	npt integ $f(x)$, one	limit must be 3.	
		(" ⁷ / ₁₂ ")	$)^2$		M1*dej	0	Squa	re their " $^{7}/_{12}$ "		
		$= \frac{49}{144}$	4 or 0.340 (3 sfs)		A1	[3]				

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Page 6		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version			_	Syllabus	Papyn
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(i)	$\overline{x} = 43$	3.5/100 = 0.435	B1				Pap T3
	•	$\frac{\overline{00}}{99} \times \sqrt{\frac{31.56}{100} - 0.435^2} (=0.3573)$ (= 0.128) or 1/99(31.56-(43.5)^2/100)	M1		•	$\frac{31.56}{100} - 0.435^2$ 3555), or Var (= 0	M0
	H ₀ : Po	p mean (for B) = 0.336 p mean (for B) $\neq 0.336$	B1		Ì	fined mean: B0, b	,
	<u>"0.</u>	-0.336 <u>3573"</u> 100	M1			$\frac{5-0.336}{0.3555''}$ M1	
					Or x _{cr} 0.336	it= +/-"2.576"√(0.12	765/100)
	= 2.77	(3 sfs)	A1			$_{rit} = (0.244) \text{ or } 0.785 (3 \text{ sfs}) \text{ A0}$.428 A1
	$Z_{\rm crit} = 2$ (or 2.3)	2.576 26 consistent with 1-tail test)	B1			e of area – correc 01 (1-tail)	t 0.005 (2-tail)
	Valid	comparison with z-value	M1		Valid 0.01	comp $P(z > 2.77)$) with 0.005 or
	Evider	nce that B amounts diff from A	A1ft	[8]	No er consi	omp 0.435 with "Orrors seen. Conclustent with their Hadictions.	ision
	Must s marks	tate or imply "No" to score these					
	$\frac{n}{\overline{X}}$ appr	ox normally distr or CLT applies	B1 B1	[2]	reaso	or "No" with inval n oth reasons correc	

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(i)		ean no. sales = 2.4 ean no. sales > 2.4	B1			= 0.8 per week" pt λ , not μ .	Muninyman Pap 73				
	$P(X \ge z) = 1 - e^{-1}$	5) $e^{2.4}(1+2.4+\frac{2.4^2}{2!}+\frac{2.4^3}{3!}+\frac{2.4^4}{4!}$	M1*			npted with or with w one end error.	10ut "1–".				
		0.9041)	Al			w incorrect λ in ot	herwise				
	= 0.09	59	A1		Indep M. (Allow recovery of above 3 marks at this point if comparison			correct expression		correct expression.	
	Comp	with 0.05	M1*								
	No evi	dence to believe mean sales incr	A1ft dep [[6]	Conc SC:	0.95 done.) Elusion, no contract $e^{-2.4} \times \frac{2.4^5}{5!} = 0.0$ B1M0A0A0M1A	0602 > 0.05:				
(ii)	Need 1	st x such that $P(X \ge x) < 0.05$	M1*		Poiss 0.05 Can b	npt sum of at least son terms, with con- (can be implied). be implied, by $P(X \le 5) = 0.96$	mparison with				
	$P(X \ge 0)$	$6) = 1 - e^{-2.4} (1 + 2.4 + \ldots + \frac{2.4^5}{5!})$	M1*dep		l						
	(= 1 - = 0.03)	0.9643) 57	A1 [3]	l						
(iii)		sales still 0.8 per week, but ≥ 6 sales eeks, so reject 0.8.	B1 [1]		clude mean sales h n not true	ave increased				
(iv)	Value	of true (new, changed) mean oe	B1 [1]							