



Cambridge Assessment International Education
Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME

CENTRE NUMBER

CANDIDATE NUMBER

* 8 8 0 9 6 1 8 5 8 4 *

MATHEMATICS

9709/12

Paper 1 Pure Mathematics 1 (P1)

February/March 2019

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.
You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.
The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
The total number of marks for this paper is 75.

This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.

8 (i) Express $x^2 - 4x + 7$ in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$.

[2]

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The function f is defined by $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 7$ for $x < k$, where k is a constant.

(ii) State the largest value of k for which f is a decreasing function.

[1]

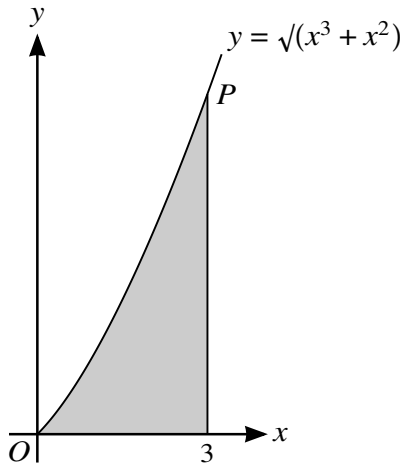
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The value of k is now given to be 1.

(iii) Find an expression for $f^{-1}(x)$ and state the domain of f^{-1} .

[3]

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The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = \sqrt{x^3 + x^2}$. The shaded region is bounded by the curve, the x -axis and the line $x = 3$.

- (i) Find, showing all necessary working, the volume obtained when the shaded region is rotated through 360° about the x -axis. [4]

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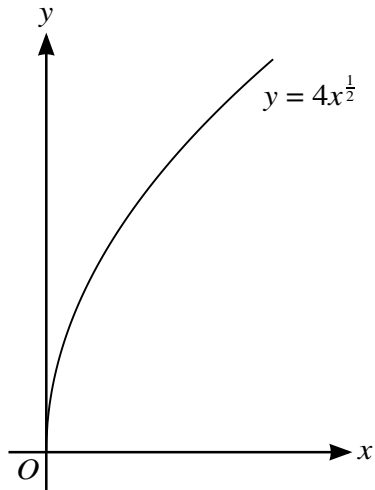
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The diagram shows the curve with equation $y = 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

- (i) The straight line with equation $y = x + 3$ intersects the curve at points A and B . Find the length of AB . [6]

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(ii) The tangent to the curve at a point T is parallel to AB . Find the coordinates of T . [3]

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(iii) Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of the normal to the curve at T with the line AB . [3]

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